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GE Fanuc Automation

Computer Numerical Control Products

Series 0i-Model C Series 0i Mate-Model C

Parameter Manual

GFZ-64120EN/01

June 2004

Warnings, Cautions, and Notes as Used in this Publication

Warning

Warning notices are used in this publication to emphasize that hazardous voltages, currents, temperatures, or other conditions that could cause personal injury exist in this equipment or may be associated with its use.

In situations where inattention could cause either personal injury or damage to equipment, a Warning notice is used.

Caution

Caution notices are used where equipment might be damaged if care is not taken.

Note

Notes merely call attention to information that is especially significant to understanding and operating the equipment.

This document is based on information available at the time of its publication. While efforts have been made to be accurate, the information contained herein does not purport to cover all details or variations in hardware or software, nor to provide for every possible contingency in connection with installation, operation, or maintenance. Features may be described herein which are not present in all hardware and software systems. GE Fanuc Automation assumes no obligation of notice to holders of this document with respect to changes subsequently made.

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DEFINITION OF WARNING, CAUTION, AND NOTE

This manual includes safety precautions for protecting the user and preventing damage to the machine. Precautions are classified into Warning and Caution according to their bearing on safety. Also, supplementary information is described as a Note. Read the Warning, Caution, and Note thoroughly before attempting to use the machine.

Applied when there is a danger of the user being injured or when there is a damage of both the user being injured and the equipment being damaged if the approved procedure is not observed.

Applied when there is a danger of the equipment being damaged, if the approved procedure is not observed.

NOTE

The Note is used to indicate supplementary information other than Warning and Caution.

- Read this manual carefully, and store it in a safe place.

PREFACE

The models covered by this manual, and their abbreviations are :

Model name	Abbreviation				
FANUC Series 0 <i>i</i> -TC	0 <i>i</i> -TC Series 0 <i>i</i> -C		0 <i>i</i>		
FANUC Series 0 <i>i</i> -MC	0 <i>i</i> -MC		01		
FANUC Series 0 <i>i</i> Mate -TC	0i Mate -TC	Sorios Of Mata	0 <i>i</i> Mate		
FANUC Series 0 <i>i</i> Mate -MC	0i Mate -MC	Series 0 <i>i</i> Mate -C 0 <i>i</i> Ma			

NOTE

1	For ease of explanation, the models may be						
	classified as follows:						
	T series: 0 <i>i</i> -TC/0 <i>i</i> Mate -TC						
	M series: 0 <i>i</i> -MC/0 <i>i</i> Mate -MC						
2	Some functions described in this manual may not						
	be applied to some products.						
	For details, refer to the DESCRIPTIONS						
	(B-64112EN).						
3	The 0 <i>i</i> /0 <i>i</i> Mate requires setting of parameters to						
	enable part of basic functions. For the parameters						
	to be set, see Section 4.46, "PARAMETERS OF						
	FS0i BASIC FUNCTIONS".						

Related manuals of Series 0*i*/0*i*Mate-MODEL C

The following table lists the manuals related to Series 0i/0iMate-MODEL C. This manual is indicated by an asterisk(*).

Related manuals of Series 0 <i>i</i> /0 <i>i</i> Mate-MODEL C					
Manual name	Specification number				
DESCRIPTIONS	B-64112EN				
CONNECTION MANUAL (HARDWARE)	B-64113EN				
CONNECTION MANUAL (FUNCTION)	B-64113EN-1				
Series 0 <i>i</i> -TC OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-64114EN				
Series 0 <i>i</i> -MC OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-64124EN				
Series 0 <i>i</i> Mate-TC OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-64134EN				
Series 0iMate-MC OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-64144EN				
MAINTENANCE MANUAL	B-64115EN				
PARAMETER MANUAL	B-64120EN	*			
PMC					
PMC Ladder Language PROGRAMMING MANUAL	B-61863E				
PMC C Language PROGRAMMING MANUAL	B-61863E-1				
Network		-			
Profibus-DP Board OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-62924EN				
FAST Ethernet Board/FAST DATA SERVER OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-63644EN				
Ethernet Board/DATA SERVER Board OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-63354EN				
DeviceNet Board OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-63404EN				
PC function					
Screen Display Function OPERATOR'S MANUAL	B-63164EN				
Open CNC					
FANUC Open CNC OPERATOR'S MANUAL (Basic Operation Package 1(For Windows 95/NT))	B-62994EN				
FANUC Open CNC OPERATOR'S MANUAL (DNC Operation Management Package)	B-63214EN				

Related manuals of Series 0*i*/0*i*Mate-MODEL C

Related manuals of SERVO MOTOR $\alpha i s / \alpha i / \beta i s / \beta i$ series

The following table lists the manuals related to SERVO MOTOR $\alpha is/\alpha i/\beta is/\beta i$ series

Manual name	Specification number		
FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR α <i>i</i> s series			
FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR αi series	B-65262EN		
DESCRIPTIONS			
FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR αi series			
DESCRIPTIONS	B-65272EN		
FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR βis series			
DESCRIPTIONS	B-65302EN		
FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR βi series	B-65312EN		
DESCRIPTIONS	B-05512EN		
FANUC SERVO AMPLIFIER αi series	B-65282EN		
DESCRIPTIONS	D-03202EIN		
FANUC SERVO AMPLIFIER β <i>i</i> series	B-65322EN		
DESCRIPTIONS	B-05522EN		
FANUC SERVO MOTOR αi s series			
FANUC SERVO MOTOR αi series			
FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR αi series	B-65285EN		
FANUC SERVO AMPLIFIER αi series			
MAINTENANCE MANUAL			
FANUC SERVO MOTOR βis series			
FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR βi series	B-65325EN		
FANUC SERVO AMPLIFIER βi series	B 00020211		
MAINTENANCE MANUAL			
FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR α <i>is</i> series			
FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR α <i>i</i> series	B-65270EN		
FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR β <i>i</i> s series			
PARAMETER MANUAL			
FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR αi series			
FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR βi series	B-65280EN		
PARAMETER MANUAL			

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DISPLAYING PARAMETERS

Follow the procedure below to display parameters.

Press the SYSTEM function key on the MDI as many times as required, or alternatively, press the SYSTEM function key once, then the PARAM section display soft key. The parameter screen is then selected.



- (2) The parameter screen consists of multiple pages. Use step (a) or(b) to display the page that contains the parameter you want to display.
 - (a) Use the page select key or the cursor move keys to display the desired page.
 - (b) Enter the data number of the parameter you want to display from the keyboard, then press the [NO.SRH] soft key. The parameter page containing the specified data number appears with the cursor positioned at the data number. (The data is displayed in reverse video.)

NOTE

If key entry is started with the section select soft keys displayed, they are replaced automatically by operation select soft keys including [NO.SRH]. Pressing the [(OPRT)] soft key can also cause the operation select keys to be displayed.

$\langle \rangle$) +	Data entered from
MEM STRT MTN FIN *** 10:02:34 [NO.SRH] [ON:1] [OFF:0] [+INPUT]	[INPUT]	the keyboard Soft key display
		(section select)

2

SETTING PARAMETERS FROM MDI

Follow the procedure below to set parameters.

- (1) Place the NC in the MDI mode or the emergency stop state.
- (2) Follow the substeps below to enable writing of parameters.
 - 1. To display the setting screen, press the $\left| \bigcup_{\sigma \in \mathcal{F}} \right|$ function key

as many times as required, or alternatively press the function key once, then the [SETTING] section select soft key. The first page of the setting screen appears.

2. Position the cursor on "PARAMETER WRITE" using the cursor move keys.

$\left(\right)$	SETTING (HANDY)		000	01 N00010	
	PARAMETER WRITE TV CHECK PUNCH CODE INPUT UNIT I/O CHANNEL	= 0 = 0 = 0 = 0	(0:DISABLE (0:OFF (0:EIA (0:MM (0-3:CHANNI	1:ON) 1:ISO) 1:INCH)	
•	3. Press the keys.	: [(OP]	RT)] soft ke	ey to display	operation select soft
	> MDI STOP *** *** [NO.SRH] [ON:1	-	.0:03:02 F:0] [+INPT	JT] [INPUT]	← Soft key display (section select)

- 4. To set "PARAMETER WRITE=" to 1, press the ON:1 soft key, or alternatively enter 1 and press the INPUT soft key. From now on, the parameters can be set. At the same time an alarm condition (P/S100 PARAMETER WRITE ENABLE) occurs in the CNC.
- (3) To display the parameter screen, press the SYSTEM function key as many times as required, or alternatively press the SYSTEM function key once, then the PARAM section select soft key. (See "1. Displaying Parameters.")
- (4) Display the page containing the parameter you want to set, and position the cursor on the parameter. (See "1. Displaying Parameters.")
- (5) Enter data, then press the [INPUT] soft key. The parameter indicated by the cursor is set to the entered data.



Data can be entered continuously for parameters, starting at the selected parameter, by separating each data item with a semicolon (;).

[Example]

Entering 10;20;30;40 and pressing the INPUT key assigns values 10, 20, 30, and 40 to parameters in order starting at the parameter indicated by the cursor.

- (6) Repeat steps (4) and (5) as required.
- (7) If parameter setting is complete, set "PARAMETER WRITE=" to 0 on the setting screen to disable further parameter setting.
- (8) Reset the NC to release the alarm condition (P/S100). If an alarm condition (P/S000 PLEASE TURN OFF POWER) occurs in the NC, turn it off before continuing operation.

3

INPUTTING AND OUTPUTTING PARAMETERS THROUGH THE READER/PUNCHER INTERFACE

This section explains the parameter input/output procedures for input/output devices connected to the reader/puncher interface. The following description assumes the input/output devices are ready for input/output. It also assumes parameters peculiar to the input/output devices, such as the baud rate and the number of stop bits, have been set in advance. (See 4.2.)

3.1 OUTPUTTING PARAMETERS THROUGH THE READER/PUNCHER INTERFACE

- (1) Select the EDIT mode or set to Emergency stop.
- (2) To select the parameter screen, press the SYSTEM function key as many times as required, or alternatively press the SYSTEM function key once, then the PARAM section select soft key.
- (3) Press the [(OPRT)] soft key to display operation select soft keys, then press the forward menu key located at the right-hand side of the soft keys to display another set of operation select keys including [PUNCH].



(4) Pressing the [PUNCH] soft key changes the soft key display as shown below:



(5) Press the [EXEC] soft key to start parameter output. When parameters are being output, "OUTPUT" blinks in the state display field on the lower part of the screen.



← OUTPUT blinking

(6) When parameter output terminates, "OUTPUT" stops blinking. Press the Reserved key to interrupt parameter output.

3.2 INPUTTING PARAMETERS THROUGH THE READER/PUNCHER INTERFACE

- (1) Place the NC in the emergency stop state.
- (2) Enable parameter writing.
 - To display the setting screen, press the string function key as many times as required, or alternatively press the string function key once, then the [SETTING] section select soft key. The first page of the setting screen appears.
 - 2. Position the cursor on "PARAMETER WRITE" using the cursor move keys.
 - 3. Press the [(OPRT)] soft key to display operation select soft keys.
 - 4. To set "PARAMETER WRITE=" to 1, press the ON:1 soft key, or alternatively enter 1, then press the [INPUT] soft key. From now on, parameters can be set. At the same time an alarm condition (P/S100 PARAMETER WRITE ENABLE) occurs in the NC.
- (3) To select the parameter screen, press the SYSTEM function key as many times as required, or alternatively press the SYSTEM key once, then [PARAM] soft key.
- (4) Press the [(OPRT)] soft key to display operation select keys, then press the forward menu key located at the right-hand side of the soft keys to display another set of operation select soft keys including [READ].

(5) Pressing the [READ] soft key changes the soft key display as shown below:



(6) Press the [EXEC] soft key to start inputting parameters from the input/output device. When parameters are being input, "INPUT" blinks in the state display field on the lower part of the screen.

- (7) When parameter input terminates, "INPUT" stops blinking. Press the Reserved key to interrupt parameter input.
- (8) When parameter read terminates, "INPUT" stops blinking, and an alarm condition (P/S000) occurs in the NC. Turn it off before continuing operation.

- -

4

DESCRIPTION OF PARAMETERS

Data type	Valid data range	Remarks
Bit	0 or 1	
Bit axis		
Byte	-128 to 127 0 to 255	In some parameters, signs are ignored.
Byte axis	0 10 255	
Word	-32768 to 32767	In some parameters, signs are ignored.
Word axis	0 to 65535	
2-word	-999999999 to 99999999	
2-word axis	-99999999 10 99999999	

Parameters are classified by data type as follows:

NOTE

- 1 For the bit type and bit axis type parameters, a single data number is assigned to 8 bits. Each bit has a different meaning.
- 2 The axis type allows data to be set separately for each control axis.
- 3 The valid data range for each data type indicates a general range. The range varies according to the parameters. For the valid data range of a specific parameter, see the explanation of the parameter.
- (1) Notation of bit type and bit axis type parameters [Example]

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0021	ſ	ABC	DEFGH	IJKL	TGFHJK	FGTH		FGTY	HGU

Data No.

Data #0 to #7 are bit positions.



0021 Data No.

Data.

NC	DTE												
1	The bi	ts left blan	k in 4. DE	SCRIPTION C	OF PARAM	IETERS							
			ameter numbers that appear on the display but are										
	not found in the parameter list are reserved for future												
	•	pansion. They must always be 0.											
2		Parameters having different meanings between the T											
			•	rameters that		•							
				ated in two lev		wn							
			ters left di	ank are unava	liable.								
	Examp		has differe	ent meanings t	for the T e	orios							
		series.		ent meanings		CHES							
			dius compensa	tion		T series							
	5010	Tool compen	•			M series							
	Examp					IN Selles							
			er commo	n to the M and	d T series.	but							
				ters valid only									
		#7	#6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	#0	-							
	3401	GSC	GSB		DPI	T series							
					DPI	M series							
	Examp												
	I he to	llowing par	rameter is	provided only	for the M	series.							
	1450					T series							
		F1 digit feed				M series							

4.1 PARAMETERS OF SETTING

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0					
0000			SEQ			INI	ISO	TVC					
[Data type] TVC	Setting entry is acceptable. Bit TV check 0: Not performed 1: Performed												
ISO	Code 0: E	Code used for data output											
INI	Unit c 0 : I	Unit of input 0 : In mm											
SEQ	1 : In inches												
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0					
[Data type] FCV													
	 NOTE Programs created in the Series 10 / 11 tape format can be used for operation on the following functions: 1 Subprogram call M98 2 Thread cutting with equal leads G32 (T series) 3 Canned cycle G90, G92, G94 (T series) 4 Multiple repetitive canned cycle G71 to G76 (T series) 5 Drilling canned cycle G73, G74, G76, G80 to G89 (M series) 6 Cutter compensation C (M series) 												

When the tape format used in the Series 10/11 is used for this CNC, some limits may add. Refer to the Series 0*i*/0*i* Mate-MODEL C OPERATOR'S MANUAL.



Setting entry is acceptable.

[Data type]

RDG

Remote diagnosis is

0: Not performed.

1: Performed.

Bit

To use an RS-232-C serial port for performing remote diagnosis, connect and setup the modem, cable, and the like, then set 1 in this parameter. When using a modem card, the setting is not necessary.

- SJZ Manual reference position is performed as follows:
 - 0: When no reference position has been set, reference position return is performed using deceleration dogs. When a reference position is already set, reference position return is performed using rapid traverse and deceleration dogs are ignored.
 - 1 : Reference position return is performed using deceleration dogs at all times.

NOTE

SJZ is enabled when bit 3 (HJZ) of parameter No.1005 is set to 1. When a reference position is set without a dog, (i.e. when bit 1 (DLZ) of parameter No.1002 is set to 1 or bit 1 (DLZx) of parameter No.1005 is set to 1) reference position return after reference position setting is performed using rapid traverse at all times, regardless of the setting of SJZ.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	RMVx			AICx				MIRx
0012	RMVx							MIRx

Setting entry is acceptable.

[Data type]

MIRx Mirror image for each axis

Bit axis

- 0: Mirror image is off.
- 1: Mirror image is on.
- AICx The travel distance of an axis command is:
 - 0: Determined by the value specified with the address.
 - 1: Always handled as an incremental value.

0020

I/O CHANNEL: Selection of an input/output device or selection of input device in the foreground

Setting entry is acceptable.

Bvte

[Data type] [Valid data range]

0 to 35 I/O CHANNEL: Selection of the input/output device to be used

The CNC provides the following interfaces for data transfer to and from the host computer and external input/output devices:

- Input/output device interface (RS-232-C serial port 1, 2)
- DNC2 interface

Data input/output can be performed with a personal computer connected via FOCAS1/Ethernet or FOCAS1/HSSB. Data input/output can be performed with the Power Mate CNC via the FANUC I/O Link.

This parameter selects the interface used to transfer data to and from an input/output device.

Setting	Description						
0, 1	RS-232-C serial port 1						
2	RS-232-C serial port 2						
4	Memory card interface						
5	Data server interface						
6	The DNC operation is performed or M198 is specified by						
	FOCAS1/ Ethernet.						
10	DNC2 interface, OSI-Ethernet						
15	M198 is specified by FOCAS1/HSSB. (Bit 1 (NWD) of						
	parameter No. 8706) must also be specified.)						
20	Group 0						
21	Group 1 Data is transferred between the CNC and a						
22	Group 2						
to	to FANUC I/O Link.						
34	Group 14						
35	Group 15 J						

Supplemental remark 1

If the DNC operation is performed with FOCAS1/HSSB, the setting of parameter No. 20 does not matter. The DMMC signal <G042.7> is used.

Supplemental remark 2

If bit 0 (IO4) of parameter No. 110 is set to control the I/O channels separately, the I/O channels can be divided into four types: input and output in the foreground and input and output in the background. If so, parameter No. 20 becomes a parameter for selecting the input device in the foreground.

NOTE

- 1 An input/output device can also be selected using the setting screen. Usually, the setting screen is used.
- 2 The specifications (such as the baud rate and the number of stop bits) of the input/output devices to be connected must be set in the corresponding parameters for each interface beforehand. (See Section 4.2.) I/O CHANNEL = 0 and I/O CHANNEL = 1 represent input/output devices connected to RS-232-C serial port 1. Separate parameters for the baud rate, stop bits, and other specifications are provided for each channel.



3 The input/output unit interface may be referred to as the reader/punch interface. RS-232-C serial port 1 and RS-232-C serial port 2 are also referred to as channel 1 and channel 2, respectively.

0021	Setting of the output device in the foreground
0022	Setting of the input device in the background
0023	Setting of the output device in the background

Setting entry is acceptable.

[Data type] [Valid data range]

0 to 2, 5, 10

Byte

These parameters are valid only when bit 0 (IO4) of parameter No. 110 is set to control the I/O channels separately.

The parameters set individual input/output devices if the I/O

channels are divided into these four types: input and output in the foreground and input and output in the background. The input device in the foreground is set in parameter No. 20. For the details of the settings, see the table provided with the description of parameter No. 20.

NOTE

If different input/output devices are simultaneously used in the foreground and background, just a value from 0 to 2 can be specified for the background device. If an attempt is made to use a busy input/output

device, an alarm (P/S233 or BP/S233) will be raised. Note that the settings 0 and 1 indicate the same input/output device.

B-64120EN/01

4.2 PARAMETERS OF READER/PUNCHER INTERFACE, REMOTE BUFFER, DNC1, DNC2, AND M-NET INTERFACE

Before data (programs, parameters, and so on) can be input from and output to an external input/output device via the input/output device interface (RS-232-C serial port), the parameters explained below must be set.

In the I/O CHANNEL setting parameter, the input/output device to be used is selected by specifying one of the two channels (RS-232-C serial port 1 and RS-232-C serial port 2) that is connected to the input/output device.

In addition, the specifications of an input/output device connected to each channel (such as the specification number, baud rate, and number of stop bits of the input/output device) must be set in parameters corresponding to each channel in advance.

For channel 1, two combinations of parameters to specify the input/output device data are provided.

The following shows the interrelation between the input/output device interface parameters for the channels.



Fig.4.2 I/O Device Interface Settings

4.2.1 **Parameters Common to all Channels**

0024	Port for communication with the PMC ladder development tool (FANUC LADDER-III)											
[Data type]	 The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". Byte This parameter sets the port to be used for communication with PMC ladder development tool (FANUC LADDER-III). 0: According to the setting on the PMC online screen 1: RS-232-C serial port 1 (JD36A) 2: RS-232-C serial port 2 (JD36B) 10: High-speed interface (HSSB (COP7) or Ethernet) 11: High-speed interface or RS-232-C serial port 1 12: High-speed interface or RS-232-C serial port 2 											
			#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0				
	#7	#6	#5				"					
0100	#7 ENS	#6 IOP	ND3		NCR	CRF	сти					
0100 [Data type] CTV: CRF	ENS Bit Charao progra 0 : P 1 : N EOB (0: D	IOP cter cou im. Performed Jot perfo fend of b	ND3 Inting fo d rmed lock) to b on the se	or TV o	NCR check ir t in the I	CRF the co SO code	CTV omment					
[Data type] CTV:	ENS Bit Charao progra 0 : P 1 : N EOB (0: D 1: is	IOP cter cou um. Performed Not perfo end of b Depends s "CR""I	ND3 Inting for d ormed lock) to b on the se _F".	or TV of be outpu	NCR check ir t in the I bit 3 (NC	CRF the co SO code CR) of pa	CTV omment	- No. 10				
[Data type] CTV:	ENS Bit Charao progra 0 : P 1 : N EOB (0: D 1: is	IOP cter cou m. Performed lot perfo end of b Depends s "CR""I TE The EC	ND3 Inting fo d rrmed lock) to on the se LF".	be output	NCR check ir t in the I bit 3 (NC	CRF the co SO code CR) of pa	стv omment :: arameter own be	• No. 10				
[Data type] CTV:	ENS Bit Charao progra 0 : P 1 : N EOB (0: D 1: is	IOP cter cou im. Performed Not perfo end of b Depends s "CR""I TE The EC NO	ND3 Inting for d ormed lock) to l on the se LF". DB outp CR	be output tting of	NCR check ir t in the I bit 3 (NC erns ar	CRF the co SO code CR) of pa e as sh EOB of	omment arameter own be	No. 10 elow: mat				
[Data type] CTV:	ENS Bit Charao progra 0 : P 1 : N EOB (0: D 1: is	IOP cter cou im. Performed Not performed fend of b Depends s "CR""I TE The EC	ND3 Inting fo d rrmed lock) to on the se LF".	be output tting of but patter	NCR check ir t in the I bit 3 (NC	CRF the co SO code CR) of pa e as sh EOB o "LF"	omment omment arameter own be output for "CR" "C	No. 10 elow: mat				
[Data type] CTV:	ENS Bit Charao progra 0 : P 1 : N EOB (0: D 1: is	IOP cter cou m. Performed Not perfo fend of b Depends s "CR""I TE The EC	ND3 Inting for durred lock) to b on the se LF".	be output tting of out patte	NCR check in t in the I bit 3 (NC erns are RF	CRF the co SO code CR) of pa e as sh EOB o "LF"	omment arameter own be	No. 10 elow: mat				

- Output of the end of block (EOB) in ISO code NCR
 - 0 : LF, CR, CR are output.
 - 1: Only LF is output.
- In DNC operation, a program is: ND3
 - 0: Read block by block. (A DC3 code is output for each block.)
 - 1: Read continuously until the buffer becomes full. (A DC3 code is output when the buffer becomes full.)

NOTE

In general, reading is performed more efficiently when ND3 set to 1. This specification reduces the number of buffering interruptions caused by reading of a series of blocks specifying short movements. This in turn reduces the effective cycle time.

- IOP Specifies how to stop program input/output operations.
 - 0: An NC reset can stop program input/output operations.
 - 1: Only the [STOP] soft key can stop program input/output operations. (An reset cannot stop program input/output operations.)
- ENS Action taken when a NULL code is found during read of EIA code
 - 0: An alarm is generated.
 - 1 : The NULL code is ignored.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0110								104

[Data type] Bit

IO4 Separate control of I/O channel numbers is:

- 0: Not performed.
- 1: Performed.

If the I/O channels are not separately controlled, set the input/output device in parameter No. 20.

If the I/O channels are separately controlled, set the input device and output device in the foreground and the input device and output device in the background in parameters No. 20 to No. 23 respectively.

Separate control of I/O channels makes it possible to perform background editing, program input/output, and the like during the DNC operation.

4.2.2 Parameters of Channel 1 (I/O CHANNEL=0)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	NFD				ASI			SB2
0101	NFD				ASI		HAD	SB2

[Data type] Bit

SB2 The number of stop bits

- 0: 1
- 1: 2
- HAD An alarm raised for the internal handy file is:
 - 0: Not displayed in detail on the NC screen. (PS alarm 86 is displayed.)
 - 1: Displayed in detail on the NC screen.

- ASI Code used at data input
 - 0: EIA or ISO code (input: determined automatically, output: setting of bit 1 of parameter No. 0000)
 - 1: ASCII code for both input and output

NOTE

When ASCII code is to be used for inputting and outputting data (when ASI is set to 1), also set bit 1 of parameter No. 0000 to 1.

- NFD Feed before and after the data at data output
 - 0: Output
 - 1: Not output

NOTE

5

6

When input/output devices other than the FANUC PPR are used, set NFD to 1.



Number specified for the input/output device (when the I/O CHANNEL is set to 0)

[Data type] Byte

Set the number specified for the input/output device used when the I/O CHANNEL is set to 0, with one of the set values listed in Table 4.2.2 (a).

	Table 4.2.2 (a) Set value and Input/Output Device
Set value	Input/output device
0	RS-232-C (Used control codes DC1 to DC4)
1	FANUC CASSETTE ADAPTOR 1 (FANUC CASSETTE B1/
I	B2)
2	FANUC CASSETTE ADAPTOR 3 (FANUC CASSETTE F1)
	FANUC PROGRAM FILE Mate, FANUC FA Card Adaptor
3	FANUC FLOPPY CASSETTE ADAPTOR, FANUC Handy File
	FANUC SYSTEM P-MODEL H
4	RS-232-C (Not used control codes DC1 to DC4)

FANUC SYSTEM P-MODEL G, FANUC SYSTEM P-MODEL H

Portable tape reader FANUC PPR 0103

Baud rate (when the I/O CHANNEL is set to 0)

[Data type] Byte

Set baud rate of the input/output device used when the I/O CHANNEL is set to 0, with a set value in Table 4.2.2 (b).

Table 4.2.2 (b)										
Set value	Baud rate (bps)		Set value	Baud rate (bps)						
1	50		7	600						
2	100		8	1200						
3	110		9	2400						
4	150		10	4800						
5	200		11	9600						
6	300		12	19200						

4.2.3 Parameters of Channel 1 (I/O CHANNEL=1)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0111	NFD				ASI			SB2
[Data type]		•			n I/O CH ne as for			
0112	Number	specified f	or the inp	out/output	device (wl	hen I/O Cl	HANNEL i	s set to 1)
[Data type]	the I/C		NEL is		e input/or l, with c	-		d when alues liste
0113		E	Baud rate	(when I/O	CHNNEL	is set to 1)	
[Data type]		e baud ra INEL is		-	itput dev alue in T			/O

4.2.4 Parameters of Channel 2 (I/O CHANNEL=2)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
0121	NFD				ASI			SB2	
[Data type]		1			nen I/O ne as for			set to 2.	The
0122	Number	specified f	or the inp	ut/output	device (w	hen I/O CI	HANNEL i	s set to 2)	
[Data type]	Byte								

Set the number specified for the input/output device used when I/O CHANNEL is set to 2, with a value in Table 4.2.2 (a).

0123	Baud rate (when the I/O CHANNEL is set to 2)
[Data type]	Byte Set the baud rate of the input/output device used when I/O CHANNEL is set to 2, with a value in Table 4.2.2 (b).
0134	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #0 NCD SYN PRY
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] PRY	Bit Parity bit 0: Not used
SYN	 Used Reset/alarm in protocol B 0: Not reported to the host
NCD	 Reported to the host with SYN and NAK codes CD (signal quality detection) of the RS-232-C interface Checked Not checked
0135	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #0 RMS
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] ASC	Bit Communication code except NC data 0: ISO code
ETX	 ASCII code End code for protocol A or extended protocol A O: CR code in ASCII/ISO ETX code in ASCII/ISO
	NOTE Use of ASCII/ISO is specified by ASC.
PRA	Communication protocol 0: Protocol B

- 1: Protocol A
- RMS State of remote/tape operation when protocol A is used
 - 0: Always 0 is returned.

1: Contents of the change request of the remote/tape operation in the SET command from the host is returned.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0138	MDN	OWN						

[Data type] Bit

- OWM When NC data or an NC program is output to a memory card, a message for file overwrite confirmation is:
 - 0: Displayed.
 - 1: Not displayed.
- MDN The DNC operation function by a memory card is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled. (A PCMCIA card attachment is required.)

NOTE

Use a PCMCIA card attachment suited to the CNC to secure the memory card in the CNC.

4.3 PARAMETERS OF DNC2 INTERFACE

,	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0140					ECD	NCE		BCC
)TE	bio por	amotor	io oot	the new	worm	uat ha
		When t turned	•					ISI DE
		tarried				0 00110		
[Data type]	Bit							
BCC			e (block	check cł	naracters) for the	DNC2 i	nterface is:
	•••	Checked. Not checl	zed					
				e is not o	checked,	the BC	C value	itself must be
	specif				,			
NCE		R (RS-2		d TR (R	S422) sig	gnals are	e:	
		Checked. Not checl						
		arameter		ated to t	he DNC2	2 interfa	ce.	
ECD	Error	code of r	negative	acknowl	edgment			
				adecima	l error o	code is	added	to a negative
		icknowle No error (dded to :	a neoativ	e ackno	wledom	ent
		arameter			-		-	0111.
	NC	DTE			•			
		the hos						orary for
			st comp			arame		-
0143	Time li	imit specif	ied for the	timer mo	nitoring a	response) (DNC2 in	iterface)
						•		
	NC	DTE						
		When t	•			•		ist be
		turned		ore ope	ration	s conti	nuea.	
[Data type]	Byte							
[Unit of data]	sec							
[Valid data range]	1 to 6	0 (The st	andard s	etting is	3.)			
0144	Time lim	it specifie	d for the ti	imer moni	toring the	FOT sign	al (DNC2	interface)
					toring the	Lot olgi		
	NC	DTE						
		When t	•		•			ist be
		turned	on befo	pre ope	ration	s contil	nued.	
[Data type]	Byte							
[Unit of data]	sec							
[Valid data range]	1 to 6	0 (The st	andard s	etting is	5.)			

0145	Time required for switching RECV and SEND (DNC2 interface)
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte sec 1 to 60 (The standard setting is 1.)
0146	Number of times the system retries holding communication (DNC2 interface)
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte sec 1 to 10 (The standard setting is 3.) Set the maximum number of times the system retries holding communication with the remote device if the remote device uses an invalid protocol in the data-link layer or the remote device does not respond to the request.
0147	Number of times the system sends the message in response to the NAK signal (DNC2 interface)
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte Number of times 1 to 10 (The standard setting is 2.) Set the maximum number of times the system retries sending the message in response to the NAK signal.
0148	Number of characters in overrun (DNC2) interface)
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte 10 to 225 (The standard setting is 10.) Set the number of characters the system can receive after transmission is stopped (CS off).
0149	Number of characters in the data section of the communication packet (DNC2 interface)
------------------------------	--
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Valid range]	Word 80 to 256 (The standard setting is 256.) The standard setting is 256. If the specified value is out of range, a value of 80 or 256 is used. This parameter determines the maximum length of the packet used in transmission over the DNC2 interface. Including the two characters at the start of the packet, the four characters used for a command, and the three characters at the end, the maximum number of characters in the packet is nine plus the number specified in parameter No.0149.

		← Length	of the packet			
DLE	STX	Command	Data section	DEL	ETX	BCC
2 by	rtes	4 bytes	80 to 256 bytes		3 bytes	

4.4 PARAMETERS OF REMOTE DIAGNOSIS

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
0002								RDG	
[Data type] RDG	0: N 1: P If an	te diagno Jot perfo Performed RS-232- ct and se eter.	rmed. 1. C serial	-		-		-	
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
0201						NCR	ASC	SB2	
[Data type] SB2 ASC	BitThe number of stop bits is0:1.1:2.To carry out remote diagnosis, set 0.The code to be used for data output is:0:ISO code.1:ASCII code.To carry out remote diagnosis, set 1.								
NCR	EOB (0: " 1: J	end of b LF""CR' ust as "L ry out re	lock) is ('"CR". F".	output as					
0203			Baud r	ate (for re	mote diag	jnosis)			

[Data type] Byte

Set the baud rate of data input/output by remote diagnosis, with reference to the tables given below.

When using an RS-232-C serial port

then using un tes 252 e seriur						
Set value	Baud rate (bps)					
1	50					
2	100					
3	110					
4	150					
5	200					
6	300					

Baud rate (bps)
600
1200
2400
4800
9600
19200

NOTE

The tables above indicate the baud rates of communication between the CNC and modem. The actual communication baud rate may be lowered, depending on the modem and communication line.

0204	Remote diagnosis channel
[Data type data range	
0211	Password 1 for remote diagnosis
0212	Password 2 for remote diagnosis
0213	Password 3 for remote diagnosis
[Data type data range	
	 Password 1: Set a password for the whole service of the remote diagnosis function. (The whole remote diagnosis service is available only when this password is input on the host side (PC, for instance).) Password 2: Set a password of a part program. (The input/output, verification, and the like of a program are possible only when this password is input on the host side (PC, for instance).) Password 3: Set a password of a parameter. (The input/output or the like of a parameter is possible only when this password is input on the host side (PC, for instance).)
	NOTE Once any value other than 0 is specified as a password, the password can be changed only when the same value is specified in the corresponding keyword (parameters No. 221 to No. 223). If any value other than 0 is specified as a password, the password setting is not displayed on the parameter screen (blank display is provided). Take great care when setting the password.
0221	Keyword 1 for remote diagnosis
0222	Keyword 2 for remote diagnosis

0223	Keyword 3 for remote diagnosis

[Data type] 2-word

[Valid range] 1 to 99999999

Set a keyword corresponding to a password of the remote diagnosis function.

Keyword 1: Keyword for password 1 (parameter No. 211)

Keyword 2: Keyword for password 2 (parameter No. 212)

Keyword 3: Keyword for password 3 (parameter No. 213)

If any value other than 0 is specified as a password (parameters No. 211 to No. 213), the password can be changed only when the same value is specified as the corresponding keyword.

NOTE

The keyword value is reset to 0 at power-up. On the parameter screen, the keyword setting is not displayed (blank display is provided).

4.5 PARAMETER OF MEMORY CARD INTERFACE

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0300								РСМ

[Data type] Bit PCM If t

If the CNC screen display function is enabled, when a memory card interface is provided on the NC side (HSSB connection),

0: The memory card interface on the NC side is used.

1: The memory card interface on the PC side is used.

This parameter is valid when parameter No. 20 is set to 4 (memory card interface). This parameter is valid only while the CNC screen display function is active.

4.6 PARAMETERS OF DATA SERVER

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
0900							ONS	DSV	
[Data type] DSV	0: I	ata serve Enabled Disabled	r functio	on is					
ONS	When an NC 0:	the O n C program The O nu The O nu	n do not mber of	match: the file r	name tak	es priori	ty.	e O num	ber in
0921		OS	selected f	or host co	mputer 1	of data se	erver]
0922		OS	selected f	or host co	mputer 2	of data se	erver]
0923		OS	selected f	or host co	omputer 3	of data se	erver]
[Data type] [Valid data range]		Windows JNIX or							
0924		Latency	setting fo	or DNC1/E	thernet or	FOCAS1/	Ethernet]
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	used t	55 ervice lat ogether v alue betw	with the	data serv	er functi	ion.		S1/Ether	net is

4.7 PARAMETERS OF ETHERNET

0931	Special character code corresponding to soft key [CHAR-1]
0932	Special character code corresponding to soft key [CHAR-2]
0933	Special character code corresponding to soft key [CHAR-3]
0934	Special character code corresponding to soft key [CHAR-4]
0935	Special character code corresponding to soft key [CHAR-5]

[Data type] Byte

[Valid data range]

32 to 95

These parameters are provided to allow a special character that is not provided on the MDI panel but needed in a user name, password, or login DIR to be input by pressing a soft key on the Ethernet parameter screen.

If a value other than 0 is input as a parameter, the special character assigned to the corresponding input soft key [CHAR-1] to [CHAR-5] is displayed.

The special character codes correspond to the ASCII codes.

Sample special character codes

Special character	Code	Special character	Code	Special character	Code
Blank	32)	41	<	60
!	33	*	42	>	62
"	34	+	43	?	63
#	35	,	44	0	64
\$	36	-	45	[91
%	37		46	^	92
&	38	/	47	#	93
	39	:	58]	94
(40	-	59		95

4.8 PARAMETERS OF POWER MATE CNC MANAGER

	#7 #	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0960			ASG	SPW	PMN	MD2	MD1	SLV
[Data type] SLV	Bit When the 0 : One	power 1 slave.	nate (CNC ma	nager is	selected,	, the scre	en displa
MD1,MD2	1 : Up to These para			slave pa		input/ou	tput dest	ination.
	MD2	MD			out/outpu			
	0	0			Part progr		ge	_
	0	1				ory card		
	In either c	ase, sla	ve par	rameters	are outp	ut in pro	gram for	rmat.
PMN	The power	r mate (CNC 1	manager	function	is:		
	0: Enab	led.						
	1 : Disal	oled. (C	omm	unication	n with sla	aves is n	ot perfor	med.)
SPW	The power	r mate (CNC 1	manager	allows p	aramete	rs of slav	ves to be
	0: Rega	rdless c	of the	PWE se	ttings.			
	1 : Acco	ording to	the l	PWE set	tings.			
ASG	Whether t	-			-	to the ir	nput/outp	out destin
	of the β ar	nplifier	with	the I/O	Link is 1	6 bytes o	or not is	
	0: Not c					-)		
	1: Chec		•					
	i. Chee	nvu.						

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	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	-		
1001								INM			
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.										
[Data type]BitINMLeast command increment on the linear axis0 :In mm (metric system machine)1 :In inches (inch system machine)											
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1		
1002	IDG			XIK		SFD	DLZ	JAX	-		
	IDG			XIK	AZR	SFD	DLZ	JAX]		
[Data type] JAX DLZ	 JAX Number of axes controlled simultaneously in manual continuous feed, manual rapid traverse and manual reference position return 0: 1 axis 1: 3 axes 										
 NOTE 1 This function can be specified for each axis by DLZx, bit 1 of parameter No.1005. 2 For a system including an axis of Cs contour control or spindle positioning, avoid using this parameter. Use bit 1 (DLZx) of parameter No. 1005 instead to set just a required axis. 											
SFD AZR	1005 instead to set just a required axis. FD The function for shifting the reference position is 0: Not used. 1: Used.										

NOTE

When reference position return without dogs is specified, (when bit 1 (DLZ) of parameter No.1002 is set to 1. The G28 command specified before a reference position causes P/S alarm No.090, regardless of the setting of AZR.

- XIK When LRP, bit 1 of parameter No.1401, is set to 0, namely, when positioning is performed using non-linear type positioning, if an interlock is applied to the machine along one of axes in positioning,
 - The machine stops moving along the axis for which the interlock 0: is applied and continues to move along the other axes.
 - The machine stops moving along all the axes. 1:
- IDG When the reference position is set without dogs, automatic setting of the IDGx parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1012) to prevent the reference position from being set again is:
 - 0: Not performed.
 - 1: Performed.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	1004	IPR						ISC	
		IPR	IPI					ISC	ISA

NOTE

When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type] ISA, ISC, ISD

Bit

The least input increment and least command increment are set.

ISC	ISA	Least input increment and least command increment	Symbol
0	0	0.001 mm, 0.001 deg, or 0.0001 inch	IS-B
0	1	0.01 mm, 0.01 deg, or 0.001 inch	IS-A
1	0	0.0001 mm, 0.0001 deg, or 0.00001 inch	IS-C

NOTE

IS-A cannot be used at present.

- IPI Bit 7 (IPR) of parameter No. 1004 is:
 - 0: A parameter that requires a power-off operation to make the setting valid, and that becomes invalid for inch input.
 - 1: A parameter that does not require a power-off operation, and that is also valid for inch input.
- IPR Whether the least input increment for each axis is set to a value 10 times as large as the least command increment is specified, in increment systems of IS-B or IS-C at setting mm.
 - 0. The least input increment is not set to a value 10 times as large as the least command increment.
 - The least input increment is set to a value 10 times as large as the 1: least command increment.

If IPR is set to 1, the least input increment is set as follows:

Input increment	Least input increment					
IS-B	0.01 mm, 0.01 deg, or 0.0001 inch					
IS-C	0.001 mm, 0.001 deg, or 0.00001 inch					

NOTE

For IS-A, the least input increment cannot be set to a value 10 times as large as the least command increment.

The least input increment is not multiplied by 10 also when the calculator-type decimal point input (bit 0 (DPI) of parameter No. 3401) is used.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1005			EDMx	EDPx	HJZx		DLZx	ZRNx

[Data type]

ZRNx When a command specifying the movement except for G28 is issued in automatic operation (MEM, MDI, or DNC) and when a return to the reference position has not been performed since the power was turned on

- 0: An alarm is generated (P/S alarm 224).
- 1: An alarm is not generated.

NOTE

Bit axis

- 1 The state in which the reference position has not been established refers to that state in which reference position return has not been performed after power-on when an absolute position detector is not being used, or that state in which the association of the machine position with the position detected with the absolute position detector has not been completed (see the description of bit 4 (APZx) of parameter No. 1815) when an absolute position detector is being used.
- 2 To use a function that establishes the reference point and makes a movement with a command other than G28, such as an axis of Cs contour control, set this parameter for the relative axis.
- 3 When the Cs axis coordinate setup function (bit 2 (CSF) of parameter No. 3712) is used, it is recommended that this parameter be set to 0.
- DLZx Function for setting the reference position without dogs
 - 0: Disabled
 - 1: Enabled

NOTE

- When bit 1 (DLZ) of parameter No. 1002 is 0, DLZx is enabled. When bit 1 (DLZ) of parameter No. 1002 is 1, DLZx is disabled, and the function for setting the reference position without dogs is enabled for all axes.
- 2 Do not set this parameter for the Cs contour control axis or spindle positioning axis.
- HJZx When a reference position is already set:
 - 0: Manual reference position return is performed with deceleration dogs.
 - 1: Manual reference position return is performed using rapid traverse without deceleration dogs, or manual reference position return is performed with deceleration dogs, depending on the setting of bit 7 (SJZ) of parameter No.0002.

NOTE

When the function (see bit 1 (DLZ) of parameter No. 1002) for setting the reference position without dogs is used, positioning to a reference position is always performed using rapid traverse in reference position return after establishment of the reference position, regardless of the setting of HJZ.

- EDPx External deceleration signal in the positive direction for each axis
 - 0: Valid only for rapid traverse
 - 1 : Valid for rapid traverse and cutting feed
- EDMx
 - External deceleration signal in the negative direction for each axis 0: Valid only for rapid traverse
 - 1: Valid for rapid traverse and cutting feed

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	1006			ZMIx		DIAx		ROSx	ROTx
				ZMIx				ROSx	ROTx

NOTE

Bit axis

When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type] ROTx, ROSx

Sx Settin	g linear or	rotation axis.	

ROSx	x ROTx Meaning								
0	0	Linear axis							
0	0								
		(1) Inch/metric conversion is done.							
		(2) All coordinate values are linear axis type.							
		(Is not rounded in 0 to 360°)							
		(3) Stored pitch error compensation is linear axis type							
		(Refer to parameter No.3624)							
0	1	Rotation axis (A type)							
		(1) Inch/metric conversion is not done.							
		(2) Machine coordinate values are rounded in 0 to 360°.							
		Absolute coordinate values are rounded or not rounded							
		by parameter No.1008#0(ROAx) and #2(RRLx).							
		(3) Stored pitch error compensation is the rotation type.							
		(Refer to parameter No.3624)							
		(4) Automatic reference position return (G28, G30) is done							
		in the reference position return direction and the move							
		amount does not exceed one rotation.							
1	0	Setting is invalid (unused)							
1	1	Rotation axis (B type)							
		(1) Inch/metric conversion, absolute coordinate values and							
		relative coordinate values are not done.							
		(2) Machine coordinate values, absolute coordinate values							
		and relative coordinate values are linear axis type. (Is							
		not rounded in 0 to 360°).							
		(3) Stored pitch error compensation is linear axis type							
		(Refer to parameter No.3624)							
		(4) Cannot be used with the rotation axis roll over function							
		and the index table indexing function (M series)							

For the rotation axis used for cylindrical interpolation, set ROTx to 1.

- DIAx Either a diameter or radius is set to be used for specifying the amount of travel on each axis.
 - 0: Radius
 - 1: Diameter
- ZMIx The direction of reference position return.
 - 0: Positive direction
 - 1: Negative direction

NOTE

The direction of the initial backlash, which occurs when power is switched on, is opposite to the direction of a reference position return.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
							OKIx	ALZx	RTLx
100	17						OKIx		

[Data type]

Bit axis **RTL**x

The reference position return operation for a rotation axis is:

- 0: Of rotation axis type.
- 1: Of linear axis type.

NOTE

The rotation axis type reference position return operation and the linear axis type reference position return operation differ in behavior as follows, depending on when the dog (the deceleration signal for reference position return) is pressed:

• Linear axis type: When the dog is pressed before the one-rotation signal is seized, P/S alarm No. 090 is issued. Rotation axis type:

When the dog is pressed before the one-rotation signal is seized, the reference position return operation is continued without issuing an alarm.

ALZx An automatic reference position return operation causes:

- 0: A return to the reference position by positioning. When a reference position return has not been performed even once since power-on, a return to the reference position is performed in the same sequence as for the manual reference position return operation.
- 1: A return to the reference position in the same sequence as for the manual reference position return operation.

NOTE

This parameter has no influence on axes for which a reference position return is performed without dogs.

- OKIx In reference position setting by pressing an axis against a stopper, after a reference position return is completed, P/S alarm 000 is:
 - 0: Issued.

(If this setting is made, an absolute position detector is required when the function of reference position setting by pressing an axis against a stopper is used.)

1: Not issued.

(If this setting is made, no absolute position detector is required even when the function of reference position setting by pressing an axis against a stopper is used.)



Set the maximum number of axes that can be controlled by the CNC.

Examples

Suppose that the first axis is the X axis, and the second and subsequent axes are the Y, Z, and A axes in that order, and that they are controlled as follows:

X, Y, and Z axes: Controlled by the CNC

A axis: Controlled by the PMC

Then set this parameter to 3 (total 3: 1st to 3rd axes)

With this setting, the fourth axis (A axis) is controlled only by the PMC, and therefore cannot be controlled directly by the CNC.



[Data type] Bit axis

IDGx The function for setting the reference position again, without dogs, is:

- 0: Not inhibited.
- 1 : Inhibited.

NOTE

- 1 IDGx is enabled when the IDG parameter (bit 7 of parameter No.1002) is 1.
- 2 When the function for setting the reference position without dogs is used, and the reference position is lost for some reason, an alarm requesting reference position return (No.300) is generated when the power is next turned on. If the operator performs reference position return, as a result of mistakenly identifying the alarm as that requesting the operator to perform a normal reference position return, an invalid reference position may be set. To prevent such an operator error, the IDGx parameter is provided to prevent the reference position from being set again without dogs.
 - If the IDG parameter (bit 7 of parameter No.1002) is set to 1, the IDGx parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1012) is automatically set to 1 when the reference position is set using the function for setting the reference position without dogs. This prevents the reference position from being set again without dogs.
 - (2) Once the reference position is prevented from being set for an axis again, without dogs, any attempt to set the reference position for the axis without dogs results in the output of an alarm (No.090).
 - (3) When the reference position must be set again without dogs, set IDGx to 0 before setting the reference position.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	1015	DWT	wic	svs	ZRL	RHR			
		DWT	WIC		ZRL	RHR			

[Data type] Bit

- RHR After increment system (inch/metric) switching, for the rotation axis, the first G28 command causes reference position return:
 - 0: At a low speed.
 - 1: At a high speed/
 - ZRL For high-speed reference position return according to G28, second to fourth reference position return according to G30, and G53 command:0: Non-linear type positioning is performed.
 - 1: Linear type positioning is performed.

This parameter is valid when bit 1 (LRP) of parameter No. 1401 is set to 1.

- SVS When the servo along an axis is turned off, simple synchronous control is:
 - 0: Released.
 - 1 : Not released.
- WIC Direct input of measured values for workpiece origin offsets is:
 - 0: Enabled only in a selected workpiece coordinate system.
 - 1 : Enabled in all coordinate systems.

NOTE

If this parameter is set to 0, measured values can be input directly only in the currently selected workpiece coordinate system or external workpiece coordinate system. If a measured value is input directly for a workpiece origin offset in another coordinate system, a warning is issued.

- DWT When a dwell time is specified with P, the unit of data is:
 - 0: 1 ms for IS-B, or 0.1 ms for IS-C.
 - 1: 1 ms. (Not depending on the increment system.)

1020	Program axis name for each axis	

[Data type]

Byte axis

Set the program axis name for each controlled axis, using one of the values listed in the following table:

Axis	Setting	Axis	Setting	Axis	Setting	Axis	Setting
name		name		name		name	
Х	88	U	85	А	65	Ш	69
Y	89	V	86	В	66	-	-
Z	90	W	87	С	67	-	-

NOTE

1	With the T series, when G code system A is used,
	neither U, V, nor W can be used as an axis name.
	Only when G code system B or C is used, U, V,
	and W can be used as axis names.

- 2 The same axis name cannot be assigned to more than one axis.
- 3 When the secondary auxiliary function (option) is provided, the address used by the secondary auxiliary function (address B with the T series or, with the M series, the address specified in parameter No.3460) cannot be used as an axis name.
- 4 With the T series, when address C or A is used for chamfering, corner rounding, or direct drawing dimension programming (when the CCR parameter (bit 4 of parameter No.3405) is set to 1), addresses C or A cannot be used as an axis name.
- 5 Only with the T series, address E can be used as an axis name. Address E cannot be used with the M series. When address E is used as an axis name, note the following:
 - When G code system A is used, address E is always assigned to an absolute command.
 - When an equal-lead threading command (G32) is issued in the FS10/11 command format, address E cannot be used to specify the thread lead. Use address F to specify the thread lead.

1022

Setting of each axis in the basic coordinate system

NOTE

When this parameter is set, power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type]

Byte axis

To determine the following planes used for circular interpolation, cutter compensation C (for the M series), tool nose radius compensation (for the T series), etc., each control axis is set to one of the basic three axes X, Y, and Z, or an axis parallel to the X, Y, or Z axis.

- G17: Plane Xp-Yp
- G18: Plane Zp-Xp
- G19: Plane Yp-Zp

Only one axis can be set for each of the three basic axes X, Y, and Z, but two or more parallel axes can be set.

Set value	Meaning
0	Neither the basic three axes nor a parallel axis
1	X axis of the basic three axes

Set value	Meaning
2	Y axis of the basic three axes
3	Z axis of the basic three axes
5	Axis parallel to the X axis
6	Axis parallel to the Y axis
7	Axis parallel to the Z axis

1023

Number of the servo axis for each axis

NOTE

When this parameter is set, power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type]

[Valid data range]

Byte axis

1, 2, 3, ..., number of control axes /-1,-2

Set the servo axis for each control axis.

Usually set to same number as the control axis number.

The control axis number is the order number that is used for setting the axis-type parameters or axis-type machine signals

To use a controlled axis as a spindle, specify -1.

Setting parameter CSS (bit 7 of parameter No. 3704) to 1 enables the second serial spindle to be assigned as Cs contour axis.

To use the second serial spindle as the Cs contour axis, set -2.

To use a hypothetical Cs axis for Cs contour control, also make a setting for spindle assignment.

Refer to FSSB section of CONNECTION MANUAL (Function) (B-64113EN-1).

4.10 PARAMETERS OF COORDINATES

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
1201	WZR		AWK			ZCL			
1201			AWK			ZCL			
Data type]	Bit				_				
ZCL		coordina	ite systei	m when	the man	ual refer	ence pos	sition ref	
	perfor		1.		. ,	1 1			
		The local							
		The local		•			anaad		
AWK		the work	*				•	nort huf	
		The abso block is p			play cha	inged wi	ien the	next bui	
		1			mlay is	changed	immod	liotoly	
		1: The absolute position display is changed immediately. (Valid when automatic operation is not being started)							
		ged value				-	· ·		
WZR		reset, the					IOUK.		
			ed to that specified with G54						
				L					
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
			SNC		RLC	G50	EWS	EWD	
1202									

1: In the opposite direction to that specified by the external workpiece zero point offset value



- EWS Shift value of the workpiece coordinate system and external workpiece zero point offset value are
 - 0: Stored in the separate memory areas.
 - 1: Stored in the same memory area, that is, the shift and the offset values are the same.

- G50 If the G50 command for setting a coordinate system (or the G92 command in G command system B or C) is specified,
 - 0: G50 is executed and no alarm is issued.
 - 1: G50 is not executed and a P/S alarm (No. 010) is issued.
- RLC Local coordinate system is
 - 0: Not cancelled by reset
 - 1: Cancelled by reset
- G52 In local coordinate system setting (G52), a cutter compensation vector is:
 - 0: Not considered.
 - 1: Considered.

NOTE

Select a local coordinate system setting operation when cutter compensation is applied, and when two or more blocks specifying no movement exist prior to the specification of G52, or when G52 is specified after cutter compensation mode is canceled without eliminating the offset vector.

- SNC After a servo alarm is released, the local coordinate system (G52 or G92 (M series), or G52 or G50 (T series)) is:
 - 0: Cleared.
 - 1: Not cleared.

NOTE

Even when this parameter is set to 1, the local coordinate system is cleared if a setting is made to allow the local coordinate system to be canceled by a reset (bit 3 (RLC) of parameter No. 1202 = 1).

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	1203		MMD				68A		EMC
			MMD						EMC

[Data type]

EMC The extended external machine zero point shift function is:

- 0: Disabled.
- 1: Enabled.

Bit

NOTE

When the extended machine zero point shift function is enabled, the conventional external machine zero point shift function is disabled.

- 68A In automatic coordinate system setting of an absolute position detector in the mode of mirror image of facing two posts (G68):
 - 0: Mirror image of facing two posts is not considered.
 - 1: Mirror image of facing two posts is considered.

MMD In manual operation, the direction of axis movement for an axis for which the mirror image function is enabled is:

- 0: Not the same direction as in automatic operation.
- 1: The same direction as in automatic operation.

		 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	1205			R20	R10				

[Data type] Bit

R10 Signal output for the first reference position is:

- 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

The reference position signal output function is required. See the description of parameter No.1245.

R2O Signal output for the second reference position is:

- 0: Disabled.
- 1: Enabled.

The reference position signal output function is required. See the description of parameter No.1246.

1220	External workpiece zero point offset value
------	--

[Data type] [Unit of data] 2-word axis

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Linear axis (input in mm)	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Linear axis (input in inches)	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range] -99999999 to 99999999 This is one of the parameters

This is one of the parameters that give the position of the origin of workpiece coordinate system (G54 to G59). It gives an offset of the workpiece origin common to all workpiece coordinate systems.

In general, the offset varies depending on the workpiece coordinate systems. The value can be set from the PMC using the external data input function.

1221	Workpiece zero point offset value in workpiece coordinate system 1 (G54)
1222	Workpiece zero point offset value in workpiece coordinate system 2(G55)
1223	Workpiece zero point offset value in workpiece coordinate system 3(G56)
1224	Workpiece zero point offset value in workpiece coordinate system 4 (G57)
1225	Workpiece zero point offset value in workpiece coordinate system 5 (G58)
1226	Workpiece zero point offset value in workpiece coordinate system 6 (G59)

[Data type] [Unit of data]

2-word axis

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Linear axis (input in mm)	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Linear axis (input in inches)	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-99999999 to 99999999

The workpiece zero point offset values in workpiece coordinate systems 1 to 6 (G54 to G59) are set.



NOTE The workpiece origin offset can also be set using the workpiece coordinate system screen.

1240	1240 Coordinate value of the first reference position on each axis in the machine coordinate system									
1241	Coordinate value of the second reference position on each axis in the machine coordinate system									
1242		Coordinate value of the third reference position on each axis in the machine coordinate system								
1243	243 Coordinate value of the fourth reference position on each axis in the machine coordinate system									
[Data type]	NOTE When these pa turned off before 2-word axis				be					
[Unit of data]		10.4	10.0	10.0						
	Increment system Millimeter machine	IS-A 0.01	IS-B	IS-C	Unit					
	Inch machine	0.001	0.001	0.0001	inch					
	Rotation axis	0.001	0.001	0.0001	deg					
1260	Set the coordinate value positions in the machine Amount of a shift	coordinate	system.							
	NOTE When this para turned off before				be					
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word axis									
	Increment system	Unit of		Standard						
	IS-A	0.01		3600						
	IS-B	0.001		3600						
Valid data range]	IS-C 1000 to 999999999 Set the amount of a shift	0.0001		36000	000					
	For the rotation axis use value.				ne standa					

	1280	First addro	ess of the signal group used by the external machine zero point shift extension				
[Data type] Word [Valid data range] 0 to 65535 Set the first address of the signal group used by the external mach zero point shift extension. If 100 is specified, R0100 to R0115 car used.							
		R0100	Shift amount of external machine zero point shift extension for the first axis (LOW)				
		R0101	Shift amount of external machine zero point shift extension for the first axis (HIGH)				
		R0102	Shift amount of external machine zero point shift extension for the second axis (LOW)				
		R0103	Shift amount of external machine zero point shift extension for the second axis (HIGH)				
		:	:				
		R0114	Shift amount of external machine zero point shift extension for the eighth axis (LOW)				
		R0115	Shift amount of external machine zero point shift extension for the eighth axis (HIGH)				
		NOT					
			the specified number is not present, the external achine zero point shift extension is disabled.				
			shift amount of the external machine zero point ift extension can be written from the macro				
		ex	ecuter.				
	3 This parameter is valid when bit 0 (EMC) of parameter No. 1203 is set to 1.						
		pc					
	1290	Di	stance between two opposite tool posts in mirror image				

[Data type] [Unit of data]

2-word

Ē

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

0 to 99999999

Set the distance between two opposite tool posts in mirror image.

4.11 **PARAMETERS OF STROKE CHECK**

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	BFA	LZR	RL3			LMS		OUT
1300	BFA	LZR				LMS		OUT

[Data type] Bit

- The area inside or outside of the stored stroke check 2 is set as an OUT inhibition area (setting by the parameters No.1322 and No.1323).
 - 0: Inside
 - 1: Outside
- LMS The EXLM <G007#6> signal for switching stored stroke check 0. Disabled
 - Enabled
 - 1:

NOTE

Stored stroke check 1 supports two pairs of parameters for setting the prohibited area. The stored stroke limit switching signal is used to enable either of the prohibited areas set with these parameter pairs.

- (1) Prohibited area I: Parameters No.1320 and No.1321
- (2) Prohibited area II: Parameters No.1326 and No.1327
- RL3 Stored stroke check 3 release signal RLSOT3 <G007#4> is 0. Disabled
 - Enabled 1:
- LZR Checking of stored stroke check 1 during the time from power-on to the manual position reference return
 - The stroke check 1 is checked. 0:
 - 1. The stroke check 1 is not checked

NOTE

When an absolute position detector is used and a reference position is already set upon power-up, stored stroke limit check 1 is started immediately after power-up, regardless of the setting.

- BFA When a command that exceeds a stored stroke check is issued
 - 0: An alarm is generated after the stroke check is exceeded.
 - 1: An alarm is generated before the stroke check is exceeded.

NOTE The tool stops at a point up to F/7500 mm short of or ahead of the boundary. (F: Feedrate when the tool reaches the boundary (mm/min))

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1301	PLC	OTF		OF1	ΟΤΑ	NPC		DLM

[Data type] Bit

- DLM The stored stroke limit switching signals <G104, G105> for each axial direction is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- NPC As part of the stroke limit check performed before movement, the movement specified in G31 (skip) and G37 (automatic tool length measurement (for M series) or automatic tool compensation (for T series)) blocks is:
 - 0: Checked
 - 1: Not checked
- OTA If the tool is already in the prohibited area at power-up, an alarm of stored stroke limit 2 (inside) or stored stroke limit 3 is:
 - 0: Immediately raised.
 - 1: Not raised before a movement is made.
 - Remark) When the alarm is immediately raised, the system enters the state before power-down.

If this parameter is set to 1, no alarm is raised before a movement is made. If the direction of this movement is a direction away from the prohibited area, movements can be made in the opposite direction only. Accordingly, there is danger that the tool enters the prohibited area without an alarm.

- OF1 If the tool is moved into the range allowed on the axis after an alarm is raised by stored stroke check 1,
 - 0: The alarm is not canceled before a reset is made.
 - 1: The OT alarm is immediately canceled.

NOTE

In the cases below, the automatic release function is disabled. To release an alarm, a reset operation is required.

- 1 When a setting is made to issue an alarm before a stored stroke limit is exceeded (bit 7 (BFA) of parameter No. 1300)
- 2 When an another overtravel alarm (such as stored stroke check 2 and stored stroke check 3) is already issued

- OTF When an overtravel alarm is issued:
 - 0 : No signal is output.
 - 1: Signals are output to F124 and F126.
- PLC Stroke limit check before movement is:
 - 0: Not performed
 - 1: Performed

_		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
								OT3x	OT2x
	1310								OT2x

[Data type] Bit axis

- OT2x Whether stored stroke check 2 is checked for each axis is set.
 - 0: Stored stroke check 2 is not checked.
 - 1: Stored stroke check 2 is checked.
- OT3x Whether stored stroke check 3 is checked for each axis is set.
 - 0: Stored stroke check 3 is not checked.
 - 1: Stored stroke check 3 is checked.

132	0

Coordinate value I of stored stroke check 1 in the positive direction on each axis

1321

Coordinate value I of stored stroke check 1 in the negative direction on each axis

[Data type]

2-word axis

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-99999999 to 99999999

The coordinate values of stored stroke check 1 in the positive and negative directions are set for each axis in the machine coordinate system. The outside area of the two checks set in the parameters is inhibited.



Set the machine coordinates of the boundaries in the positive direction (Xp, Yp, and Zp) using parameter No. 1320, and those of the boundaries in the negative direction (Xm, Ym, and Zm) using parameter No. 1321. The prohibited area thus becomes the hatched area in the figure on the left.

NOTE

- 1 For axes with diameter specification, a diameter value must be set.
- 2 When the parameters are set as follows, the stroke becomes infinite:

parameter 1320 < parameter 1321 For movement along the axis for which infinite stroke is set, only increment commands are available. (The stored stroke limit switching signal also becomes invalid.) If an absolute command is issued for this axis, the absolute register may overflow, and normal movement will not result.

3 The prohibited area specified with these parameters is invalid if bit 2 (LMS) of parameter No. 1300 is set to 1 and stored stroke limit switching signal EXLM <G007#6> is set to 1. In such a case, the settings of parameters No. 1326 and 1327 are used, instead.

4.DESCRIPTION OF PARAMETERS

13	2	2

Coordinate value of stored stroke check 2 in the positive direction on each axis

1323

Coordinate value of stored stroke check 2 in the negative direction on each
axis

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Increment system

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-99999999 to 99999999

2-word axis

Set the coordinate values of stored stroke check 2 in the positive and negative directions for each axis in the machine coordinate system. OUT, #0 of parameter 1300, sets either the area outside of the area inside specified by two checks are the inhibition area.



NOTE

For axes with diameter specification, a diameter value must be set.

1324

Coordinate value of stored stroke check 3 in the positive direction on each axis



Coordinate value of stored stroke check 3 in the negative direction on each axis

[Data type]

2-word axis

[Unit	of	data]	
-------	----	-------	--

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-99999999 to 99999999

Set the coordinate values of stored stroke check 3 in the positive and negative directions for each axis in the machine coordinate system. The area inside the checks set in the parameter is inhibited.

NOTE

Specify diameters for any axis for which diameter programming is specified.

1326

Coordinate value II of stored stroke check 1 in the positive direction on each axis

1327

Coordinate value II of stored stroke check 1 in the negative direction on each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data] 2-word axis

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-99999999 to 99999999

Set the coordinate values of stored stroke check 1 in the positive and negative directions for each axis in the machine coordinate system. The tool cannot enter the area outside the checks set in the parameter. The inhibition area set in the parameter is enabled when bit 2 (LMS) of parameter No. 1300 is 1 and stored stroke limit switching signal EXLM <G007#6> is 1.

NOTE

- Specify diameter values for any axes for which 1 diameter programming is specified.
- 2 These parameters are invalid if bit 2 (LMS) of parameter No. 1300 is set to 0, or if stored stroke limit switching signal EXLM <G007#6> is set to 0. In such a case, the settings of parameters No. 1320 and 1321 are used, instead,

4.12 PARAMETERS OF THE CHUCK AND TAILSTOCK BARRIER (T SERIES)

1330		Profile of a ch	uck	
[Data type] alid data range]	Byte 0 or 1 0: Chuck which holds 1: Chuck which holds			
1331	Dimensions of the claw of a chuck (L)			
1332	Dimension	s of the claw	of a chuck (W)	
1333	Dimensions of the part o	f a claw at wh	iich a workpiec	e is held (L1)
1334	Dimensions of the part o	f a claw at wh	ich a workpiec	e is held (W1)
1335	Х соо	rdinate of a cl	nuck (CX)	
1336	ZX coordinate of a chuck (CZ)			
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word			
	Increment system	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
	Millimeter machine	0.001	0.0001	mm inch
[Valid range]	No.1331 to No.1334: 0 t No.1335 to No.1336: -9 Specify the profile of a c	99999999 to		



Symbol	Description
Ту	Profile of a chuck (0: Chuck which holds a workpiece on the inner surface, 1: Chuck which holds a workpiece on the outer surface)
CX	X coordinate of a chuck
CZ	Z coordinate of a chuck
L	Dimensions of the claw of a chuck
W	Dimensions of the claw of a chuck (radius input)
L1	Dimensions of the part of a claw at which a workpiece is held
W1	Dimensions of the part of a claw at which a workpiece is held (radius input)

- TY Specifies the profile of a chuck. When TY is set to 0, the chuck holding a workpiece on the inner surface is specified. When TY is set to 1, the chuck holding a workpiece on the outer surface is specified. The profile of the chuck is assumed to be symmetrical with respect to the z-axis.
- CX, and CZ Specify the position (point A) of a chuck <u>with the coordinates of the</u> <u>workpiece coordinate system</u>. In this case, do not use the coordinates of the machine coordinate system.

NOTE

Specifying the coordinates with a diameter or radius depends on whether the corresponding axis conforms to diameter or radius specification. When the axis conforms to diameter specification, specify the coordinates with a diameter. L, L1, W and W1 Define the profile of a chuck.

NOTE

Always specify W and W1 with radiuses. Specify L and L1 with radiuses when the Z-axis conforms to radius specification.

1341	Ler	igth of a tailst	ock (L)	
1342	Dian	neter of a tails	tock (D)	
1343	Len	gth of a tailsto	ock (L1)	
1344	Diam	eter of a tailst	tock (D1)	
1345	Len	gth of a tailsto	ock (L2)	
1346	Diam	eter of a tailst	tock (D2)	
1347	Diameter o	f the hole of a	a tailstock (D3)	
1348	Z coor	dinate of a tai	Istock (TZ)	
Data type] it of data]	2-words			
E.	Increment system	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
	Millimeter machine	0.001	0.0001	mm
	Inch machine	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid range] No.1341 to No.1347: 0 to 99999999 No.1348: -99999999 to 99999999 Specify the profile of a tailstock.



Symbol	Description
ΤZ	Z-axis coordinate of a tailstock
L	Length of a tailstock
D	Diameter of a tailstock (diameter input)
L1	Length of a tailstock (1)
D1	Diameter of a tailstock (1) (diameter input)
L2	Length of a tailstock (2)
D2	Diameter of a tailstock (2) (diameter input)
D3	Diameter of the hole of a tailstock (diameter input)

TZ: Specifies the position (point B) of a tailstock with the Z-axis coordinate of the workpiece coordinate system. In this case, do not use the coordinate of the machine coordinate system. The profile of a tailstock is assumed to be symmetrical with respect to the Z-axis.

NOTE

Specifying the position of a tailstock with a radius or diameter depends on whether the Z-axis conforms to radius or diameter specification.

L, L1, L2, D, D1, D2, and D3 Define the profile of a tailstock.

NOTE

Always specify D, D1, D2, and D3 with diameters. Specify L, L1, and L2 with radiuses if the Z-axis conforms to radius specification.
4.13 PARAMETERS OF FEEDRATE

·1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0				
1401		RDR	TDR	RF0	JZR		LRP	RPD				
1401		RDR	TDR	RF0			LRP	RPD				
	D'4											
[Data type]		Bit										
RPD		Manual rapid traverse during the period from power-on time to the completion of the reference position return.										
						urn.						
		Disabled	(Jog feed	a is perio	ormed.)							
		Enabled	00)									
LRP		ioning (G	,	с I	-1	1. (
		Positionir										
		the tool m										
		Positionir			with line	ar interp	olation s	o that th				
170		moves in	•			IOC faa	ducto					
JZR		nanual re		bosition	return at	JOG lee	drate					
		Not perfo Performe										
RF0	- •			avarrida	ia 00/d	in a ron	id traver					
KFU		n cutting f					iu liavei	se,				
		The mach The mach				oving.						
TDR		run during				nning or	role G74	or G84				
IDK	tappi		g uneau	ng or taj	pping (ta	ipping cy		01 004				
		Enabled										
		Disabled										
RDR		run for rap	vid trave	rsa comr	nand							
KDK		Disabled			nanu							
		Enabled										
	1.	Liaureu										
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0				
1402	#7	#6	#5	#4 JRV	#3	#2 JOV	#1	#0 NPC				

[Data type] Bit

NPC

The feed per rotation command is:

0: Ineffective when a position coder is not provided.

1: Effective even when a position coder is not provided (because the CNC converts it to the feed per minute command from F command S command).

NOTE

To use a position coder, set this parameter to 0. While this parameter is set to 1, threading cannot be performed even if a position coder is provided.

- JOV Job override is:
 - 0: Enabled
 - 1: Disabled (tied to 100%)
- JRV Jog feed or incremental feed is

- 0: Performed at feed per minute.
- 1: Performed at feed per rotation.

	NO								
		Specify	a feed	rate in	param	eter No	0.1423.		
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
1403	RTV							MIF	
		Nhen t	his para off befo					ust be	
Data type] MIF	0: In fc 1: In	units o or inch n unit o	f 1 mm/r nachines.	nin for 1 mm/mii	nillimete 1 for mi	er machi	nes or 0	mmands 0.01 inches/min nes or 0.00001	
	NOTE M series are not equipped with this parameter. Cutting feedrates are specified by F commands in units of 0.001 mm/min for millimeter machines or 0.00001 inches/min for inch machines.								
RTV	Overrie	de while	the tool	is retrac	cting in t	hreading	5		

- 0 : Override is effective.
- 1: Override is not effective.

_		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		FC0				FRV	F8A	DLF	HFC
	1404	FC0			HCF	FRV	F8A	DLF	HFC

[Data type]

Bit

HFC The feedrate for helical interpolation is:

- 0: Clamped so that the feedrates along an arc and linear axis do not exceed the maximum cutting feedrate specified by parameter (No.1422 or 1430).
- 1: Clamped so that the composite feedrate along an arc and linear axis does not exceed the maximum cutting feedrate specified by parameter (No.1422).
- DLF After a reference position is set, manual reference position return performed at:
 - 0: Rapid traverse rate (parameter No.1420)
 - 1: Manual rapid traverse rate (parameter No.1424)

NOTE

This parameter selects a feedrate for reference position return performed without dogs. This parameter also selects a feedrate when manual reference position return is performed according to bit 7 (SJZ) of parameter No.0002 using rapid traverse without deceleration dogs after a reference position is set.

<For T series>

^{0:} Range specified with bit 0 (MIF) of parameter No.1403

1.			
Increment system	Units	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter input	mm/min	0.001 to 240000.	0.001 to 100000.
Inch input	inch/min	0.00001 to 9600.	0.00001 to 4000.
Rotation axis	deg/min	1 to 240000.	1 to 100000.

<For M series>

F8A Valid data range for an F command with a decimal point in feed-per minute mode

0:

Increment system	Units	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter input	mm/min 0.001 to 99999.999.				
Inch input	inch/min	0.00001 to 999.99999.			
Rotation axis (mm)	deg/min	1 to 240000.	1 to 100000.		
Rotation axis (inch)	deg/min	1 to 9600.	1 to 4000.		

1:

Increment system	Units	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter input	mm/min	0.001 to 240000.	0.001 to 100000.		
Inch input	inch/min	0.00001 to 9600.	0.00001 to 4000.		
Rotation axis	deg/min	1 to 240000.	1 to 100000.		

- FRV For inch input, the valid range of the feedrate specified for feed per revolution is:
 - 0: Standard range. (F0.000001 to 9.9999999 inches per revolution)
 - 1: Extended to F50.0 inches per revolution. (F0.000001 to 50.000000 inches per revolution)
- HCF In AI contour control (M series), as the feedrate of helical interpolation:
 - 0: A composite feedrate is specified.
 - 1: A feedrate along the arc is specified.
- FC0 Specifies the behavior of the machine tool when a block (G01, G02, G03, etc.) containing a feedrate command (F command) that is 0 is issued during automatic operation, as follows:
 - 0: A P/S alarm (No.011) is displayed, and the block is not executed.
 - 1: No alarm is displayed, and the block is executed.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1405		FCI	EDR					

F8A Valid data range for an F command in feed-per-minute mode

1 1					
					i i
	FCI	EDR		FD3	F1U
				-	

[Data type] Bit

F1U Specifies the units of the data for the parameters that set the feedrates of the F1-digit feed commands (parameter Nos. 1451 to 1459).

In aromant avatam	Units of data					
Increment system	When F1U is 0	When F1U is 1				
Millimeter machine	0.1 mm/min	1 mm/min				
Inch machine	0.001 inch/min	0.1 inch/min				
Rotation axis	0.1 deg/min	1 deg/min				

FD3 The number of significant digits of the fractional part in

the feedrate command (F command) for feed per revolution is:

- 0: Up to two decimal positions (three decimal positions for inch input).
- 1: Up to three decimal positions (four decimal positions for inch input).
- EDR Selects a parameter for setting the external deceleration applied during interpolation type rapid traverse (bit 1 (LRP) of parameter No. 1401 = 1).
 - 0: Parameter No. 1426 is used for setting the external deceleration rate applied during interpolation type rapid traverse.
 - The first axis of parameter No. 1427 is used for setting the external deceleration rate applied during interpolation type rapid traverse.
 Similarly, for external deceleration 2, 2, 4, and 5, the first exist of

Similarly, for external deceleration 2, 3, 4, and 5, the first axis of the external deceleration rate parameter for rapid traverse is used if EDR is set to 1.

- FCI When the inch input and feed per revolution are set, the clamp feedrate for cutting feed is set to:
 - 0: 9600 inch/min.
 - 1: 144000 inch/min.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
							ED3	ED2
1406								

[Data type] Bit

- ED2 External deceleration 2 is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- ED3 External deceleration 3 is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
					ACS			
1407	ACF				ACS			

[Data type] Bit

- ACS If the reference position return for a Cs axis is not completed when linear interpolation type positioning including the Cs axis is specified:
 - 0: A movement is made by non-linear interpolation type positioning (rapid traverse is performed separately for each axis).
 - 1: A P/S alarm (No. 5334) is issued.
- ACF In AI advanced preview control or AI contour control mode, the feedrate clamp value is:
 - 0: The setting of parameter No. 1432 or the setting of parameter No. 1422, whichever smaller.

(If one of these settings is 0, a P/S alarm (No. 5157) is issued.)

1: The setting of parameter No. 1432 if a non-zero value is set in parameter No. 1432.

If 0 is set in parameter No. 1432, the setting of parameter No. 1422 is used.

If 0 is set in parameter No. 1422, a P/S alarm (No. 5157) is issued.

Parameter No. 1422 = Maximum cutting feedrate

Parameter No. 1432 = Maximum cutting feedrate for each axis in the advanced preview control mode

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1408								RFD

[Data type]

type] Bit axis type RFD The feedrate a

The feedrate about a rotation axis is controlled:

- 0: In the usual method.
- 1: By converting the rotation speed about the rotation axis into the travel speed on the circumference of a virtual circle.

Set the radius of the virtual circle in parameter No. 1465.

1410

Dry run rate

[Data type] Word

[Unit of data, valid data range]

Increment eveters	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800

Set the dry run rate when the manual feedrate is overridden by 100%.



The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen".

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word

2-word axis

Increment system	Unit of data	Valid data range
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 32767
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 32767

When the machine requires little change in cutting feedrate during cutting, a cutting feedrate can be specified in the parameter. This eliminates the need to specify a cutting feedrate (F command) in the NC program.

The cutting feedrate set by this parameter is valid after the CNC is placed in the clear state by power-up or a reset until a feedrate is specified by a program command (F command). After a feedrate is specified by the F command, the feedrate becomes valid.

1420

Rapid traverse rate for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 240000	6 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 96000	6 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	30 to 240000	6 to 100000

Set the rapid traverse rate when the rapid traverse override is 100% for each axis.

F0 rate of rapid traverse override for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

Increment evetem	Unit of data	Valid dat	ta range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 15000	30 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 6000	30 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	30 to 15000	30 to 12000

Set the F0 rate of the rapid traverse override for each axis.

Rapid traverse override signal		Override value
ROV2	ROV1	
0	0	100%
0	1	50%
1	0	25%
1	1	F0

F0: Parameter 1421

1422

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word

Increment system	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 240000	6 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 96000	6 to 48000

Maximum cutting feedrate for all axes

Specify the maximum cutting feedrate.

A feedrate in the tangential direction is clamped in cutting feed so that it does not exceed the feedrate specified in this parameter.

NOTE

- 1 A maximum cutting feedrate can be specified for each axis only during linear interpolation and circular interpolation by using parameter No. 1430.
- 2 Even when parameter No. 1430 is used, clamping to a maximum cutting feedrate based on parameter No. 1422 is enabled during polar coordinate interpolation and cylindrical interpolation.

Feedrate in manual continuous feed (jog feed) for each axis

[Data type] Word axis

(1) In M series, or in T series when JRV, bit 4 of parameter No.1402, is set to 0 (feed per minute), specify a jog feedrate at feed per minute with an override of 100%.

[Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

(2) When JRV, bit 4 of parameter No.1402, is set to 1 (feed per revolution) in T series, specify a jog feedarate (feed per revolution) under an override of 100%.

[Unit of data, valid data range]

Increment system	Unit of data	Valid data range
Millimeter machine	0.01 mm/rev	
Inch machine	0.001 mm/rev	0 to 32767
Rotation axis	0.01 deg/rev	

1424

Manual rapid traverse rate for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word axis

In exement evetem	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 240000	30 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 96000	30 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	30 to 240000	30 to 100000

Set the rate of manual rapid traverse when the rapid traverse override is 100% for each axis.

NOTE

Word axis

If 0 is set, the rate set in parameter 1420 is assumed.

1425

FL rate of the reference position return for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid dat	a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

Set feedrate (FL rate) after deceleration when the reference position return is performed for each axis.

External deceleration rate 1 of cutting feed

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In even ent eveter	Unit of data	Valid data rangeIS-A, IS-BIS-C6 to 150006 to 12000	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800

Set the external deceleration rate of cutting feed.

1427

External deceleration rate 1 of rapid traverse for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

Word

In even ent eveter	Unit of data	Valid dat	a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

Set the external deceleration rate of rapid traverse for each axis.

Reference position return feedrate

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word axis

In a ram ant avatam	ncrement system Unit of data		a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 240000	6 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 96000	6 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	30 to 240000	6 to 100000

This parameter sets a rapid traverse rate for reference position return operation using deceleration dogs, or for reference position return operation before a reference position is set.

This parameter is also used to set a feedrate for the rapid traverse command (G00) in automatic operation before a reference position is set.

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is invalid for an axis using the scale with absolute addressing reference marks.
- 2 When 0 is set in this parameter, this parameter disables the reference position return feedrate setting function.

		Before a reference position is set No. 1428		After a reference position is set No. 1428	
		=0	≠0	=0	≠0
Reference position	return by G28				
Raped traverse cor	aped traverse command (G00) in			No.1420	
automatic operation	n		No.1428		
Manual reference	Without dogs (*1)	No 1424	No.1424		No.1424 ^(*3)
position return	With dogs (*1)	NO. 1424			No.1428
Manual raped trave	erse	No.1423 or	No.1424 ^(*2)	No.	1424

- *1 With/without dogs: Reference position return operation not using/using deceleration dogs
- *2 For manual rapid traverse before a reference position is set, a jog feedrate (parameter No.1423) or manual raped traverse rate (parameter No.1424) is used according to the setting of bit 0 (RPD) of parameter No.1401.
- *3 The rapid traverse rate set in parameter No.1424 or No.1420 is used according to the setting of bit 1 (DLF) of parameter No.1404 when reference position return is performed without dogs, or when reference position return operation is performed with bit 7 (SJZ) of parameter No.0002 set to 1 after a reference position is set (when reference position return operation is performed using rapid traverse without deceleration dogs).

Maximum cutting feedrate for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word axis

In a ram ant avatam	Increment system Unit of data Valid da		a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 240000	6 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 96000	6 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 240000	6 to 100000

Specify the maximum cutting feedrate for each axis.

A feedrate for each axis is clamped in cutting feed so that it does not exceed the maximum feedrate specified for each axis.

NOTE

2-words

- 1 This parameter is valid only during linear interpolation and circular interpolation. Even when this parameter is set, clamping to a maximum cutting feedrate based on parameter No. 1422 is enabled during polar coordinate interpolation, cylindrical interpolation, and involute interpolation (M series).
- 2 When this parameter is set to 0 for all axes, clamping to a maximum cutting feedrate based on parameter No. 1422 is enabled. This means that if a value other than 0 is set for any of the axes with this parameter, clamping to a maximum cutting feedrate is performed for all axes during linear interpolation or circular interpolation according to this parameter.

1431

Maximum cutting feedrate for all axes in the advanced preview control mode

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In exempent eveters	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	0 to 240000	0 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0 to 96000	0 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	0 to 240000	0 to 100000

Specify the maximum cutting feedrate for all axes in the advanced preview control mode.

A feedrate in the tangential direction is clamped in cutting feed so that it does not exceed the feedrate specified in this parameter.

NOTE

- 1 To specify the maximum cutting feedrate for each axis, use parameter No.1432 instead.
- 2 In a mode other than the look-ahead mode, the maximum cutting feedrate specified in parameter No.1422 or No.1430 is applied and the feedrate is clamped at the maximum feedrate.

	Maximum cutting feedrate for each axis in the advanced preview control mode
1432	Maximum cutting feedrate for each axis in the AI advanced preview control / AI
	contour control mode or advanced preview control mode

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word axis

Г ٦

Increment evetem	ncrement system Unit of data		a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	0 to 240000	0 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0 to 96000	0 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	0 to 240000	0 to 100000

Specify the maximum cutting feedrate for each axis in the AI advanced preview control / AI contour control mode or advanced preview control mode.

A feedrate for each axis is clamped during cutting feed so that it does not exceed the maximum cutting feedrate specified for each axis.

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is effective only in linear and circular interpolation. In polar coordinate and cylindrical interpolation, the maximum feedrate for all axes specified in parameter No.1431 is effective.
- 2 If a setting for each axis is 0, the maximum feedrate specified in parameter No.1431 is applied to all axes and the feedrate is clamped at the maximum feedrate.
- 3 In a mode other than the AI advanced preview control / AI contour control mode or advanced preview mode, the maximum cutting feedrate specified in parameter No.1422 or No.1430 is applied and the feedrate is clamped at the maximum feedrate.

Maximum speed for each axis for the speed check function

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word axis

Word

Word axis

Increment system Unit of data		Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	0,30 to 240000	0,6 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0,30 to 96000	0,6 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	0,30 to 240000	0,6 to 100000

If 0 is set, this function is disabled.

Set the maximum speed for each axis. If the speed set in this parameter is exceeded, a P/S alarm (No. 5323) indicating an excessive speed is issued, and the movement is decelerated then stopped. The speed check function checks data obtained by converting this

parameter value to the amount of a movement made every 8 ms.

1440

External deceleration rate 2 of cutting feed

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A,

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid dat	a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800

Set the external deceleration rate of cutting feed.

1441

External deceleration rate 2 of rapid traverse for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Increment system	Unit of da

In exempent eveters	Unit of data	Valid dat	a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

Set the external deceleration rate of rapid traverse for each axis.

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1442

Maximum feedrate 2 of manual handle feed for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Word axis

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

Set the maximum feedrate of manual handle feed for each axis.

1443

External deceleration rate 3 of cutting feed

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Word

	In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
	Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
	Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
	Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		

Set the external deceleration rate of cutting feed.

1444

External deceleration rate 3 of rapid traverse for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Word	axis

In exement evetem	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		

Set the external deceleration rate of rapid traverse for each axis.

1445

Maximum feedrate 3 of manual handle feed for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		

Set the maximum feedrate of manual handle feed for each axis.

Change of feedrate for one graduation on the manual pulse generator during F1 digit feed

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Byte 1 to 127

Set the constant that determines the change in feedrate as the manual pulse generator is rotated one graduation during F1-digit feed.

$$\Delta F = \frac{F \max i}{100n} \quad \text{(where, i=1 or 2)}$$

In the above equation, set n. That is, the number of revolutions of the manual pulse generator, required to reach feedrate Fmaxi is obtained. Fmaxi refers to the upper limit of the feedrate for an F1-digit feed command, and set it in parameter 1460 or 1461.

Fmax1: Upper limit of the feedrate for F1 to F4 (parameter 1460) Fmax2: Upper limit of the feedrate for F5 to F9 (parameter 1461)



The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen".

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

2-word

(1) When the F1U parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1405) is 0

Increment evotors	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	0.1 mm/min	6 to 150000	6 to 120000		
Inch machine	0.01 inch/min	6 to 60000	6 to 48000		
Rotation axis	0.1 deg/min	6 to 150000	6 to 120000		

(2) When the F1U parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1405) is 1

Increment eveter	Unit of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

These parameters set the feedrates for 1-digit feed commands F1 to F9. When an 1-digit feed command is specified, and the feedrate is changed by turning the manual pulse generator, the parameter-set value also changes accordingly.

Upper limit of feedrate for the one-digit F code command (F1 to F4)

1461

Upper limit of feedrate for the one-digit F code command (F5 to F9)

[Data type] 2-word [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		

Set the upper limit of feedrate for the F1-digit feed command.

As the feedrate increases by turning the manual pulse generator, the feedrate is clamped when it reaches the upper limit set. If an F1-digit feed command F1 to F4 is executed, the upper limit is that set in parameter 1460. If an F1-digit command F5 to F9 is executed, the upper limit is that set in parameter 1461.

Virtual radius for feedrate control about rotation axis

[Data type]

2-word axis [Unit of data]

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Metric input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.01		0.0001	inch

[Valid data range]

0 to 99999999

Set the radius of a virtual circle when using such a control method that the feedrate of a rotation axis is converted to a travel speed on a circle of a virtual radius.

NOTE

- 1 Note that the increment system remains unchanged regardless of whether metric input or inch input is used.
- 2 This function is enabled when bit 0 (ROTx) of parameter No. 1006 and bit 0 (RFDx) of parameter No. 1408 are set to 1.
- 3 Be careful when setting bit 0 (RFDx) of parameter No. 1408 and parameter No. 1465 (virtual radius). In particular, when this function is used with a small virtual radius value, axis movement speeds up.
- 4 If a large value is set for the amount of travel and parameter No. 1465 (virtual radius), an alarm (P/S 5307: Internal data exceeded an allowable range.) is issued.
- 5 This function cannot be used in the following modes: Rapid traverse, inverse time feed (G93), feed per revolution (G94), threading, AI advanced preview control, AI contour control

Feedrate of retraction in the threading cycle

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In exement evetem	Unit of data	Valid data range					
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C				
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 240000	6 to 100000				
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 96000	6 to 48000				
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	30 to 240000	6 to 100000				

Set the feedrate of retraction in a threading cycle.

If 0 is set in this parameter, a movement is made at the feedrate (rapid traverse rate) set in parameter No. 1420.

[Example] When G92 is specified

2-word



In the above figure, R1 denotes the rapid traverse rate, and C denotes the cutting feedrate.

Feedrate R2 is set by this parameter. If 0 is set in this parameter, R2 is the same feedrate as R1.

4.14 PARAMETERS OF ACCELERATION/DECELERATION CONTROL

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
			NCI	RTO				
1601		ACD	NCI	RTO		OVB		

[Data type]

Bit

OVB Block overlap in cutting feed

0: Blocks are not overlapped in cutting feed.

1: Blocks are overlapped in cutting feed.

Block overlap outputs the pulses remaining at the end of pulse distribution in a block together with distribution pulses in the next block. This eliminates changes in feedrates between blocks.

Block overlap is enabled when blocks containing G01, G02, or G03 are consecutively specified in G64 mode. If minute blocks, however, are specified consecutively, overlap may not be performed.

The following pulses in block F2 are added to the pulses remaining at the end of pulse distribution in block F1.

(Number of pulses to be added) = $F2 \times \frac{(Number of pulses required at the end of block F1)}{T}$



When block overlap is disabled



When block overlap is enabled

RTO Block overlap in rapid traverse

- 0: Blocks are not overlapped in rapid traverse.
- 1: Blocks are overlapped in rapid traverse.



- NCI In-position check at deceleration
 - 0: Performed
 - 1: Not performed

- ACD Function for automatically reducing the feedrate at corners (automatic corner override function)
 - 0: The function is not used.
 - 1: The function is used.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		LS2	G8S	CSD				FWB
1602		LS2	G8S	CSD	BS2	cov		FWB

[Data type] Bit

FWB Cutting feed acceleration/deceleration before interpolation

- 0: Type A of acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is used.
- 1: Type B of acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is used.
- Type A:

When a feedrate is to be changed by a command, acceleration/ deceleration starts after the program enters the block in which the command is specified.

Type B:

When a feedrate is to be changed by a command, deceleration starts and terminates at the block before the block in which the command is specified.

When a feedrate is to be changed by a command, acceleration starts after the program enters the block in which the command is specified.



- COV The outer arc cutting feedrate change function of the automatic corner override function is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.
- BS2 The type of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed in advanced preview control mode is:
 - 0: Specified by bit 6 (LS2) of parameter No. 1602.
 - 1: Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration.

BS2	LS2	Acceleration/deceleration
0	0	Exponential acceleration/deceleration after interpolation
0	1	Linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation
1	0	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation. (The option for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after
I	0	interpolation for cutting feed is required.)

- CSD In the function for automatically reducing a feedrate at corners,
 - $0: \quad \text{Angles are used for controlling the feedrate.}$
 - 1: Differences in feedrates are used for controlling the feedrate.
- G8S Serial spindle advanced preview control is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

When enabled, advanced preview control can be applied to the following functions:

- Rigid tapping
- Cs contour control
- Spindle positioning (only when bit 3 of parameter No.1800 is 1)

NOTE

For Cs contour control and rigid tapping, advanced preview control is valid only for the first spindle. Cs contour control and rigid tapping with the second spindle does not support advanced preview control.

- LS2 Type of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode
 - 0: Exponential acceleration/deceleration is applied (advanced preview control), or no acceleration/deceleration is applied (AI advanced preview control and AI contour control).
 - 1: Linear acceleration/deceleration is applied.

	 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
				RPT				
1603	BEL	RBL		RPT				

[Data type] Bit

- PRT The acceleration/deceleration of interpolation-type rapid traverse is performed:
 - 0: With a constant inclination.
 - 1: With a constant time.

NOTE

- 1 The acceleration/deceleration time constant and override for rapid traverse are used.
- 2 Rapid traverse block overlap cannot be used.
- RBL In the AI advanced preview control / AI contour control, acceleration/deceleration of rapid traverse is:
 0: Linear acceleration/deceleration.

1: Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration.

NOTE Bit 4 (PRT) of parameter No. 1603 is invalid.

- BEL In the AI contour control mode:
 - 0: Linear acceleration/deceleration before look-ahead interpolation is used.
 - 1: Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration before look-ahead interpolation is used.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1604						DS2		

[Data type] Bit

- DS2 When an overtravel alarm is issued for stored stroke check 2 during linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation, the function to perform deceleration in advance so that the feedrate set in parameter No. 12700 can be attained at the issuance of the alarm is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
					JGLx				CTLx
10	610				JGLx			СТВх	CTLx

[Data type]

- e] Bit axis
- CTLx Acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed including feed in dry run 0: Exponential acceleration/deceleration is applied.
 - 1: Linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation is applied.

NOTE

To use bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation, set this parameter to 0 and select the acceleration/deceleration using CTBx, bit 1 of parameter No.1610.

Para	neter	Acceleration/deceleration
CTBx CTLx		
0	0	Exponential acceleration/deceleration
0	1	Linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation
1	0	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation

CTBx Acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed including feed in dry run

0: Exponential acceleration/deceleration or linear acceleration/ deceleration after interpolation is applied (depending on the setting in CTLx, bit 0 of parameter No.1610). 1: Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation is applied.

NOTE

This parameter is effective only when the function of bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed is provided. If the function is not provided, the setting in CTLx, bit 0 of parameter No.1610, determines the type of acceleration/deceleration irrespective of the setting in this parameter.

JGLx Acceleration/deceleration in jog feed

- 0: Exponential acceleration/deceleration is applied.
- 1: Linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation is applied (depending on which is used for cutting feed).

 Time constant T or T₁ used for linear acceleration/deceleration or

 1620
 bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in rapid traverse for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word axis

ms 0 to 4000

Specify a time constant used for acceleration/deceleration in rapid traverse for each axis.

- (1) When bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration is set Set time constant T_1 for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in this parameter, and set time constant T_2 in parameter No. 1621.
- (2) When linear acceleration/deceleration is set Set time constant T for linear acceleration/deceleration in this parameter, and set 0 in parameter No. 1621.

NOTE

- 1 When parameter No.1621 (time constant T₂ used for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in rapid traverse) is set to 0, linear acceleration/deceleration is applied in rapid traverse even if the function is provided. In this case, this parameter stands for a time constant used in linear acceleration/deceleration in rapid traverse.
- 2 Depending on the set time constant values, a movement may be made at a feedrate a little lower than the rapid traverse rate for a certain time before the rapid traverse rate is attained by acceleration. To prevent this, set the time constants to a multiple of 8.

<Rapid traverse linear acceleration/deceleration>



Set the value when the rapid traverse rate is 100%. If it is under 100%, the total time is reduced. (Constant acceleration method) The value of T_1 is determined from the torque of motor. Usually set the value of T_2 to 24 ms or 32 ms.

1621

```
Time constant t T<sub>2</sub> used for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in rapid traverse for each axis
```

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word axis

ms

0 to 512

Specify time constant T_2 used for bell-shaped acceleration/ deceleration in rapid traverse for each axis.

NOTE

1 Set parameter No.1620 to time constant T_1 used for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in rapid traverse, and set this parameter to time constant T_2 .

For details of time constants T_1 and T_2 , see the description of parameter No.1620.

2 When this parameter is set to 0, linear acceleration/ deceleration is applied in rapid traverse. The setting in parameter No.1620 is used as a time constant in linear acceleration/deceleration.

1622

Time constant of exponential acceleration/deceleration or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation, or linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word axis

ms

0 to 4000 (exponential acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed)

0 to 512 (linear or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed)

Set the time constant used for exponential acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed, bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation or linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed for each axis. Except for special applications, the same time constant must be set for all axes in this parameter. If the time constants set for the axes differ from each other, proper straight lines and arcs cannot be obtained.

This parameter is valid for threading, irrespective of the acceleration/deceleration type. For threading cycles G76 and G92 (G78 in the G code system B or C), this parameter is valid for operations other than exponential acceleration/deceleration. (T series)



FL rate of exponential acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	0, 6 to 15000	0, 6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0, 6 to 6000	0, 6 to 4800		
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	0, 6 to 15000	0, 6 to 12000		

Set the lower limit (FL rate) of exponential acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed for each axis.

NOTE

Word axis

Word axis

Except for special applications, this parameter must be set to 0 for all axes. If a value other than 0 is specified, proper straight lines and arcs cannot be obtained.

	Time constant of exponential acceleration/deceleration or bell-shaped
1624	acceleration/deceleration or linear acceleration/deceleration after
	interpolation, in jog feed for each axis.

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

ms
0 to 4000 (exponential acceleration/deceleration in jog feed)
0 to 512 (linear or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in jog feed)
Set the time constant used for exponential acceleration/deceleration, bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration or linear acceleration/ deceleration after interpolation in jog feed for each axis. The type to select depends on the settings of the parameters CTLx, CTBx, and JGLx (Nos. 1610#0, #1, and #4).

1625

FL rate of exponential acceleration/deceleration in jog feed for each axis.

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		

Set the lower limit (FL rate) of exponential acceleration/deceleration in cutting feed for each axis.

1626

Time constant of exponential acceleration/deceleration in the thread cutting cycle for each axis

[Data type]	Word axis
[Unit of data]	ms
[Valid data range]	0 to 4000
	Set the time constant used for exponential acceleration/deceleration in the thread cutting cycle (G76, G78 (G92 in G code system A)) for each axis. If the acceleration type is not exponential acceleration/deceleration, parameter No. 1622 becomes valid.
,	

FL rate of exponential acceleration /deceleration in the thread cutting cycle
for each axis

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

In a ramont avatam	Unit of data	Valid dat	a range
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800

Set the lower limit (FL rate) of exponential acceleration/deceleration in the thread cutting cycle (G76, G78 (G92 in G code system A)) for each axis.

Minimum deceleration ratio (MDR) of the inner circular cutting rate in automatic corner override

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

1 to 100

Byte %

This parameter sets the minimum deceleration ratio (MDR) when the inner circular cutting speed is changed by automatic corner override. In circular cutting with an inward offset, the actual feedrate for a specified feedrate (F) is expressed as follows:

$$F \times \frac{Rc}{Rp}$$

Rc: Radius of the path of the cutter's center.

Rp: Programmed radius

Then, the actual feedrate is controlled so that the feedrate on the programmed path can achieve the specified feedrate F.



Fig. 4.17 (a) Rp and Rc

If Rc is too small in comparison with Rp, such that Rc/Rp = 0, the cutter will stop. To prevent this, a minimum deceleration ratio (MDR) is set.



[Data type] Byte [Unit of data] % [Valid data range] 1 to 100 (standard value = 50) Set the amount of override for an inner corner.

1713	Distance Le from	the starting p	aint in innar aa	roor override				
	Distance Le from	the starting p	oint in inner co	mer overnde				
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word							
	Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit			
	Millimeter input	1	0.1	0.01	mm			
	Inch input	0.1	0.01	0.001	inch			
alid data range]	0 to 3999 Set distance Le from override.	the starting	g point in ar	n inner come	er for corr			
1714	Distance Ls up to	the ending p	oint in inner co	rner override				
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word		T					
	Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit			
	Millimeter input	1	0.1	0.01	mm			
	Inch input	0.1	0.01	0.001	inch			
	Set distance Ls up to override. If $\theta \le \theta p$, the inside 1711.) When an inner corner range of Le in the b corner and Ls in the r Ls and Le are each a corner and a given po	of a comer r is recogni lock immed next block fo a straight li pint on the p	is recognized zed, the feed diately befor blowing the ne connectin ath of the cut	d. (θp is set lrate is overn e the interse intersection. g the interse tter's center.	in paramet ridden in t ection of t			
	Ls and Le are set in parameters 1713 and 1714.							
	l	e //	LS					
	a	θ	b		rogrammed ath			

An override is applied from point a to b. Fig.4.17 (b) Distance Le and Ls in the automatic corner override at an

Cutter center path

inner corner

Rapid traverse feedrate reduction ratio for overlapping rapid traverse blocks

[Data type] Byte axis [Unit of data] % [Valid data range]

1 to 100

This parameter is used when rapid traverse blocks are arranged successively, or when a rapid traverse block is followed by a block that does not cause, movement. When the feedrate for each axis of a block is reduced to the ratio set in this parameter, the execution of the next block is started.





NOTE

Word

The parameter No.1722 is effective when parameter No.1601 #4 (RT0) is set to 1.

1730

Maximum feedrate for arc radius R

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In exempent eveters	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	8 to 15000	8 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	8 to 6000	8 to 4800

Set a maximum feedrate for the arc radius set in parameter No.1731.

Arc radius value corresponding to a maximum feedrate

[Data type] 2-word [Unit of data]

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Linear axis (millimeter machine)	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Linear axis (inch machine)	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

1000 to 99999999

Word

Set the arc radius corresponding to the maximum feedrate set in parameter No.1730.

1732

Minimum value (RV min) for arc radius-based feedrate clamp

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

la avana at avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	0 to 15000	0 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0 to 6000	0 to 4800

The arc radius-based feedrate clamping function reduces the maximum feedrate as the arc radius decreases. When the specified maximum feedrate is not greater than RV min (minimum value for arc radius-based feedrate clamping), RV min is used as the maximum feedrate.

1740

Critical angle subtended by two blocks for automatic corner deceleration

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

e] 2-word

ta] 0.001 deg

0 to 180000

Set a critical angle to be subtended by two blocks for corner deceleration when the angle-based automatic corner deceleration function is used.

The angle subtended by two blocks is defined as q in the examples shown below.



Feedrate for assuming the termination of automatic corner deceleration (for acceleration/deceleration after interpolation)

	Increment system	Unit of data	L.
	In aromant avatam	Unit of data	
[Unit of data, valid data range]			
[Data type]	Word axis		

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

Set the feedrate for assuming the termination of deceleration in automatic corner deceleration.

1762 Exponential acceleration/deceleration time constant for cutting feed in the advanced preview control mode

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word axis

0 to 4000

Word axis

Set an exponential acceleration/deceleration time constant for cutting feed in the advanced preview control mode.

1763

Minimum speed in exponential acceleration/deceleration for cutting feed in the advanced preview control mode

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

		Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

Set minimum speed (FL) in exponential acceleration/deceleration for cutting feed in the advanced preview control mode.

Time constant of linear acceleration/deceleration or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed in advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control mode

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control	0, 8 to 512
Al contour control	0, 4 to 256

Set the time constant to be used for linear or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode.

NOTE

Word

msec

For bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration, the function of bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after cutting feed interpolation is required.

1769

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word axis msec

Advanced preview control, AI advanced prevoew control	0, 8 to 512
Al contour control	0, 4 to 256

Set the time constant to be used for linear or bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in cutting feed in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode for each axis. Which acceleration/deceleration type, the linear or bell-shaped type, is to be used is specified by bit 3 (BS2) and bit 6 (LS2) of parameter No. 1602.

NOTE

- 1 If 0 is set in parameter No. 1769 for all axes, the value set in parameter No. 1768 is used. For other than special purposes, set a time constant in parameter No. 1768, which is common to all axes.
- 2 If a different time constant is set in parameter No. 1769, a correct straight line or arc shape cannot be obtained.

Parameter 1 for setting the acceleration rate of linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation in advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control mode (maximum machining speed during linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation)

1770

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

e]	2-word
-1	2-woru

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range	
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 240000	6 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 96000	6 to 48000

This parameter is used to set the acceleration rate of linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode. In this parameter, set the maximum machining speed during linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation. Set the time used to reach the maximum machining speed in parameter No.1771.



NOTE

When 0 is set in parameter No.1770 or parameter No.1771, linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is disabled.



[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid range] Word msec

0 to 4000

This parameter is used to set the acceleration rate of linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode. In this parameter, set the maximum machining speed during linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation. In this parameter, set the time (time constant) used to reach the speed set in parameter No.1770.

NOTE

- 1 When 0 is set in parameter No.1770 or parameter No.1771, linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is disabled.
- 2 In parameter Nos. 1770 and 1771, set values that satisfy the following:
 - Parameter No.1770/Parameter No.1771 \geq 5
- 3 If 0 is set in parameter No. 1770 or 1771 in Al advanced preview control or Al contour control, P/S alarm 5157 is issued.

1772

Time constant for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration of acceleration time fixed type before look-ahead interpolation

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Byte msec 0 to 255

This parameter is used to set a time constant when the BEL parameter (bit 7 of parameter No.1603) is set to 1, that is, when bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration before look-ahead interpolation is selected in AI contour control mode. Set the value of the shown below. When 0 is set, linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is applied.



NOTE

The option for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration before look-ahead interpolation is required. This parameter is enabled only in Al contour control mode.
1773	Time constant T of rapid traverse linear acceleration/deceleration for each axis or time constant T₁ of rapid traverse bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration for each axis in Al contour control mode				
[Data type]	Word axis				
[Unit of data]	msec				
	0 to 4000				
[Valid data range]	 Set the time constant of rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration in AI contour control mode. (1) When bit 6 (RBL) of parameter No. 1603 is set to 1 (when bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration is set) Set time constant T₁ of bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in this parameter, and set time constant T₂ in parameter No. 1774. (2) When bit 6 (RBL) of parameter No. 1603 is set to 0 (when linear acceleration/deceleration is set) Set time constant T of linear acceleration/deceleration in this parameter, and set 0 in parameter No. 1774. For an axis for which 0 is set in this parameter, the value set in parameter No. 1620 is used. 				
	NOTE In advanced preview control and AI advanced preview control modes, parameter No. 1773 cannot be used.				
1774	Time constant T₂ of rapid traverse bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration for each axis in Al contour control mode				
[Data travel]	Word orig				
[Data type] [Unit of data]	Word axis msec				
[Valid data range]	0 to 512				
[v and data range]	For each axis, set time constant T_2 of rapid traverse bell-shaped				
	acceleration/deceleration in AI contour control mode. For an axis for				

For each axis, set time constant I_2 of rapid traverse bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration in AI contour control mode. For an axis for which 0 is set in this parameter, the value set in parameter No. 1621 is used.

- 1 In advanced preview control and AI advanced preview control modes, parameter No. 1774 cannot be used.
- 2 To perform bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration, set the following parameter:
 Al advanced preview control and Al contour control: Bit 6 (RBL) of parameter No. 1603 = 1
- 3 When acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is set for rapid traverse, linear interpolation type positioning is performed. When the following parameters are set, acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is performed:

Al advanced preview control and Al contour control: Bit 1 (AIR) of parameter No. 7054 = 0 Alternatively, bit 1 (LRP) of parameter No. 1401 = 1 and bit 1 (AIR) of parameter No.7054 = 1



[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aroment avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		

Set a speed at which the number of buffered pulses in deceleration is assumed to be 0 when linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is used.

1779

Critical angle subtended by two blocks for automatic corner deceleration (for advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control)

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

2-word

Word

0.001 deg

0 to 180000

Set a critical angle to be subtended by two blocks for corner deceleration when the angle-based automatic corner deceleration function is used.

The angle subtended by two blocks is defined as q in the examples shown below.



[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Word

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		

Allowable speed difference for the speed difference-based corner deceleration function (for linear acceleration/deceleration before

interpolation)

Set the speed difference for the speed difference-based automatic corner deceleration function when linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is used.

1781

Allowable speed difference for the speed difference-based corner deceleration function (linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation)

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

In exement evetem	Unit of data	Valid data range			
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C		
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800		
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000		

Set speed difference for the speed difference-based automatic corner deceleration function when linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation used.

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Allowable speed difference for the speed difference based corner deceleration function (linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation)

Word axis

In even ent evetem	Unit of data	Valid data range				
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C			
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000			
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800			
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000			

A separate allowable feedrate difference can be set for each axis. The allowable feedrate difference is set for each axis with this parameter. Among the axes that exceed the specified allowable feedrate difference, the axis with the greatest ratio of the actual feedrate difference to the allowable feedrate difference is used as the reference to calculate the reduced feedrate at the corner.

1784

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Speed when overtravel alarm has generated during acceleration/deceleration before interpolation

Word

In aromant avatam	Unit of data	Valid data range				
Increment system	Unit of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C			
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000			
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800			
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000			

Deceleration is started beforehand to reach the feedrate set in the parameter when an overtravel alarm is issued (when a limit is reached) during linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation. By using this parameter, the overrun distance that occurs when an overtravel alarm is output can be reduced.

This setting can be applied also to rapid traverse blocks by setting bit 0 (OTR) of parameter No.7057. (M series)

NOTE

- 1 When 0 is set in this parameter, the control described above is not exercised.
- 2 Use type-B linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation (by setting bit 0 (FWB) of parameter No.1602 to 1).
- 3 The control described above is applicable only to stored stroke check 1.
- 4 The control described above is performed for the axes specified in the current block and next block. By setting bit 5 (ODA) of parameter No. 7055, the control can be performed just for the axis specified in the current block.

Parameter for determining an allowable acceleration when the feedrate is set by acceleration

[Data type] Word axis [Unit of data] ms [Valid data range]

0 to 32767

This parameter sets the time required to attain the maximum cutting feedrate to determine the allowable acceleration when the feedrate is determined by acceleration in AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode.

The maximum cutting feedrate and the data set in this parameter are used to determine the allowable acceleration. As the maximum cutting feedrate parameter, parameter No.1432 (maximum cutting feedrate in AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode) is used.



1787	Time constant of bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration of acceleration time fixed type before look-ahead interpolation in the Al advanced preview control or Al contour control mode (for rotation axes)
------	---

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Byte msec 0 to 255

This parameter sets the time constant (for rotation axes) when bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration before look-ahead interpolation is selected as the acceleration/deceleration applied in AI advanced preview control or AI contour control mode.

The time constant set in this parameter applies to commands containing rotation axes. (The time constant set in parameter No. 1772 applies to commands not containing rotation axes.)

NOTE

- 1 The option for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration before look-ahead interpolation is required.
- 2 This parameter is valid only when a non-zero value is set in parameter No. 1786.

4.15 PARAMETERS OF SERVO (1 OF 2)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
1800				RBK	FFR	OZR	CVR			
[Data type] CVR OZR	Bit When velocity control ready signal VRDY is set ON before position control ready signal PRDY comes ON 0: A servo alarm is generated. 1: A servo alarm is not generated. When manual reference position return is attempted in the halt state									
OZK	 When manual reference position return is attempted in the halt state during automatic operation (feed hold stop state) under any of the conditions listed below: 0: Manual reference position return is not performed, with P/S alarm No.091. 1: Manual reference position return is performed without an alarm occurring. <conditions></conditions> (1) When there is a remaining distance to travel. (2) When an auxiliary function (miscellaneous function, spindle-speed function, tool function) is being executed. (3) When a cycle such as a dwell cycle or canned cycle is being 									
FFR	Feed-f	xecuted. Forward c Cutting fe	ed only							
RBK	Backla travers 0: N	1								
,i ,	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
1801			CIN	CCI			PM2	PM1		
			CIN	CCI						
[Data type] PM1, PM2		gear ra based sp			-		notor wl	nen the serv		

Magnification	PM2	PM1]
1/1	0	0	Manusifiantian
1/2	0	1	Magnification=
1/4	1	0	spindle speed / motor speed
1/8	1	1	

- CCI The in-position area for cutting feed is:
 - 0: Set in parameter No.1826 (same as for rapid traverse).
 - 1: Set in bit 5 (CIN) of parameter No.1801.

- CIN When bit 4 (CCI) of parameter No.1801 = 1, the in-position area for cutting feed is:
 - 0: Use value in parameter No.1827 if the next block is also for cutting feed, or use value in parameter No.1826 if the next block is not for cutting feed.
 - 1: Use value in parameter No.1827, regardless of the next block. (The setting of parameter No.1826 is used for rapid traverse, and the setting of parameter No.1827 is used for cutting feed.)

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	1802			DPS	B15		DC2	DC4	стѕ
		FWC			B15		DC2	DC4	

NOTE After this parameter is set, the power needs to be turned off.

[Data type]

- CTS The servo motor-based speed control function is:
 - 0: Not used
 - 1: Used

Bit

DC4 The reference position on an encoder (linear scale or rotary encoder) with absolute address reference marks is established as follows:

- 0: An absolute position is established by detecting three reference marks.
- 1: An absolute position is established by detecting four reference marks.

NOTE

With an encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C), the setting of this parameter is invalid.

- DC2 The reference position on the linear scale with absolute address reference mark is established:
 - 0: As determined by bit 1 (DC4) of parameter No. 1802.
 - 1: By establishing the absolute position through detection of two reference marks.

NOTE 1 When this parameter is set to 1, set the direction of the zero point of the encoder with bit 4 (SCPx) of parameter No. 1817. 2 When a rotary encoder with absolute address reference marks is used (bit 3 (DCRx) of parameter No. 1815 = 1), this parameter becomes invalid. Even if this parameter is set to 1, the setting of the DC4 parameter is followed. 3 With an encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C), the setting of this parameter is invalid. B15 In backlash compensation, the travel direction is determined: Without consideration of the compensation amount (pitch error, 0· external machine coordinate shift, etc.). In consideration of the compensation amount. (FS15 format) 1: DPS When servo motor-based speed control is applied, a position coder is: 0: Used 1: Not used FWC The processing of command multiplication (CMR) is performed: 0. After acceleration/deceleration after interpolation. 1: Before acceleration/deceleration after interpolation. #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #0 TOF TQA τοι [Data type] Bit While torque restriction is applied, in-position check is: TOI 0: Performed. Not performed. 1: TQA While torque restriction is applied, checking for an excessive error in the stopped state/during movement is: 0: Performed. 1: Not performed. TOF When torque control is performed by an axis control command of the PMC axis control function, follow-up operation is:

- 0: Not performed.
- 1: Performed.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1804		SAK	ANA	IVO				

[Data type] Bit axis

1803

- IVO When an attempt is made to release an emergency stop while the VRDY OFF alarm ignore signal is 1:
 - 0: The emergency stop state is not released until the VRDY OFF alarm ignore signal is set to 0.
 - 1: The emergency stop state is released.

When a reset is issued while the VRDY OFF alarm ignore signal is set to 1 and the motor activating current is low, the reset state can also be released, provided this parameter is set to 1.

- ANA When an abnormal load is detected for an axis:
 - 0: Movement along all axes is stopped, and a servo alarm is output.
 - 1: No servo alarm is output, and movement along only the axes of the group containing the axis with the abnormal load is stopped in interlock mode. (The group number of each axis is set in parameter No.1881.)
- SAK When the VRDY OFF alarm ignore signal IGNVRY is 1, or when the VRDY OFF alarm ignore signals IGVRY1 to IGVRY8 are 1:
 - 0: Servo ready signal SA is set to 0.
 - 1: Servo ready signal SA remains set to 1.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1805							TQU	

[Data type] Bit

- TQU If follow-up is not performed by the torque control command of PMC axis control, the servo error counter is:
 - 0: Updated.
 - 1: Not updated.

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is valid if follow-up is not performed (bit 4 (TQF) of parameter No. 1803 is set to 0).
- 2 When torque control is switched to position control, a reference position return must be made.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1807						SWP		

[Data type]

Bit

SWP When the αi servo amplifier is placed in the warning state (for a cause such as a stopped fan):

- 0: An alarm is issued.
 - Automatic operation enters the feed hold state, and the servo axis decelerates and stops.
- 1 : No alarm is issued. Automatic operation continues. When the amplifier state changes from the warning state to alarm state, servo activation stops.

Data type] Bi RVSx W ha 0 : 1 :	be turn t axis hen rotation ving speed o The NC o The NC o NOTE 1 For axe	n axis B data is us does not maintains es that le rang	type is red: maintain s speed d are of r e of on	set for speed d data. rotation e turn c	on is co an axis ata. atas B or more	for which type and use o	
Data type] Bi RVSx W ha 0: 1:	NOTE When the be turn t axis then rotation ving speed of The NC of The NC of The NC of NOTE 1 For axe movab	this par ned off the data is us does not maintains es that le rang	type is type is red: maintain s speed d are of r e of on	r has be operation set for a speed d data. rotation e turn c	een set on is co an axis lata. axis B or more	, the po ontinued for whice type an , use o	ower mu d. ch a scal
Data type] Bi RVSx W ha 0 : 1 :	When the be turn be turn t axis hen rotation ving speed of The NC of The NC of The NC of NOTE 1 For axe movab	n axis B data is us does not maintains es that le rang	type is red: maintain s speed d are of r e of on	set for speed d data. rotation e turn c	on is co an axis ata. atas B or more	for which type and use o	d. ch a scal
RVSx W ha 0: 1:	hen rotation ving speed of The NC of The NC r NOTE 1 For axe movab	data is us does not naintains es that le rang	are of on	n speed d lata. rotation e turn c	ata. axis B or more	type al	nd have
	1 For axe movab	le rang	e of on	e turn o	or more	, use o	
	B type. The NG immed obtain if an ax power by one 4 When	C maint iately b coordin kis turns is off, tl turn or	er is val ains sp efore p ates at s 180 d he coor more. ve char	lid only beed da bower-o t the ne legrees rdinate	for axe ata obse off and u ext powe or mor value n is parar	erved uses th er-on. ∃ re while nay be	tation a e data t Therefo e the displac establis

For an absolute-position system using Inductosyn, set this

parameter to 1.

- DCLx As a separate position detector:
 - 0: Neither an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) nor encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C) is used.
 - 1: An encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) or encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C) is used.

When an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) or encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C) (closed loop system) is used, set bit 1 (OPTx) of parameter No. 1815 to 1. When a linear scale with the absolute address zero point (detection circuit C) (linear motor system) is used, however, set OPTx to 0.

- DCRx As an encoder with absolute address reference marks:
 - 0: A linear scale with absolute address reference marks is used.
 - 1: A rotary encoder with absolute address reference marks is used.

NOTE

- 1 Set bit 2 (DCLx) of parameter No. 1815 to 1.
- 2 When a rotary encoder with the absolute address zero point (detection circuit C) is used, set this parameter to 0.
- APZx Machine position and position on absolute position detector when the absolute position detector is used
 - 0: Not corresponding
 - 1: Corresponding

NOTE

When an absolute position detector is used, after primary adjustment is performed or after the absolute position detector is replaced, this parameter must be set to 0, power must be turned off and on, then manual reference position return must be performed. This completes the positional correspondence between the machine position and the position on the absolute position detector, and sets this parameter to 1 automatically.

- APCx Position detector
 - 0: Other than absolute position detector
 - 1 : Absolute position detector (absolute Pulsecoder)

For an absolute-position system using Inductosyn, set this parameter to 1.

- NRTx When the machine coordinate value on a rotation axis passes the 0-degree point or a point at which the machine coordinate value is rounded off (360 degrees or the setting of parameter No. 1260):
 - 0: The zero point (parameter Nos. 1860 and 1861) is updated.

1: The zero point (parameter Nos. 1860 and 1861) is not updated. When a scale not maintaining speed data is used, set this parameter to 1.

- 1 This parameter is valid only for axes of rotation axis A type.
- 2 For axes of rotation axis A type that use a scale having no speed data, be sure to set this parameter.
- 3 When you have changed this parameter, establish the reference position again.

<u>.</u>	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1817		TANx		SCPx				
		TANx		SCPx	SCRx			

NOTE

When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type] SCRx Bit axis

When rotation axis B type is set for an axis for which a scale not having speed data is used, scale data conversion is:

- 0: Not performed.
- 1: Performed.

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is valid only for axes of rotation axis B type.
- 2 When there is no discontinuous point in scale data within the movable range of a rotation axis, do not set this parameter for the axis even if the axis is of rotation axis B type.
- 3 When you have changed this parameter, establish the reference position again.
- SCPx When bit 2 (DC2) of parameter No. 1802 is set to 1, the zero point of an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) is located:

0: On the negative side.

(The reference position is located on the positive side when viewed from the encoder zero point.)

1: On the positive side.

(The reference position is located on the negative side when viewed from the encoder zero point.)

- If an incorrect value is set in this parameter, the coordinate system cannot be established properly. In this case, reverse the setting, and establish the reference position again.
- 2 For an encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C), the setting of this parameter is invalid.

TANx

- Tandem control
 - 0: Not used
 - 1: Used





[Data type] Bit axis type

RFSx When the reference position has not yet been established on an axis for which an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) or encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C) is used, an automatic reference position return (G28) causes the following behavior after the reference position is established:

- 0: A movement to the reference position is made.
- 1: A movement to the reference position is not made, but the operation is completed.
- RF2x When the reference position has already been established on an axis for which an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) or encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C) is used, an automatic reference position return (G28) causes the following behavior:
 - 0: A movement to the reference position is made.
 - 1: A movement to the reference position is not made, but the operation is completed.
- DG0x For an axis for which an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder) is used, a reference position return operation by a rapid traverse command or jog feed is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- SDCx An encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C) is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.

		After se	Note t	•	ameter, 0 (pow				
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
1819						DATx	CRFx	FUPx	
1019	NAHx					DATx	CRFx	FUPx	
[Data type] FUPx	 Bit axis To perform follow-up when the servo is off is set for each axis. 0: The follow-up signal, *FLWU, determines whether follow-up performed or not. When *FLWU is 0, follow-up is performed. When *FLWU is 1, follow-up is not performed. 1: Follow-up is not performed. 								
CRFx	When (hardw	When t is used servo vare disc	l, be su alarm	ne to se No.445 on), No.	e indexi et FUP (softw 447 (har	x of the vare dis dware d	4th ax sconnect isconnect	is to 1. ion), N ction (se	lo.446 parate
DATx	0: T 1: T With a rotary scale of 1884 a 0: N 1: P The au <1> S * se n	The refere the system of encoder or rotary to the time to performe to performe to another for an cale or re- eed not b	ence pos m enters er with a) or encode ne of a m ormed. d. setting i priate va n encod otary enco be set.	sition set the refe absolute oder with automa anual re s perform alues in p er with coder) (d	al position ting remains rence poladdress in a the absolution ference provide the absolution parameter the absolution	ains as is sition un reference olute add ng of par position n ording to r Nos. 18 lute add circuit C	the follo the szer traneter 1 the follo 15, 182 ress zero 2), paran	state. (linear sc to point (Nos. 188 peration i owing sta 1, and 18 point (neter No.	eale or (linear 3 and is: eps: 882. (linear . 1882
NAHx	p <3> S <4> P c p a In the 0 : U	osition. et this parent erform ompletic arameter utomatic advance	arameter a manu on of th r Nos.18 cally set	to 1. al refere e manua 883 and to 0.	osition t ence pos al refere: 1884 a l mode, s	sition re nce posi re set, a	turn op tion ret and this	eration. urn oper parame	Upon ration, eter is

Set 1 for a PMC-based control axis.

1820 Command multiplier for each axis (CMR) NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued. [Data type] Byte axis Set a command multiplier indicating the ratio of the least command increment to the detection unit for each axis. Least command increment = detection unit × command multiplier Relationship between the increment system and the least command increment T series (1)Least Least input increment command increment Millimeter 0.001 mm (diameter specification) 0.0005 mm 0.001 mm (radius specification) Millimeter input 0.001 mm machine 0.0001 inch (diameter specification) 0.0005 mm Inch input 0.0001 inch (radius specification) 0.001 mm IS-B Millimeter 0.001 mm (diameter specification) 0.00005 inch Inch input 0.001 mm (radius specification) 0.0001 inch machine 0.0001 inch (diameter specification) 0.00005 inch Inch input 0.0001 inch (radius specification) 0.0001 inch 0.001 deg Rotation axis 0.001 dea Millimeter 0.0001 mm (diameter specification) 0.00005 mm Millimeter input 0.0001 mm (radius specification) 0.0001 mm machine 0.00001 inch (diameter specification) 0.00005 mm Inch input 0.00001 inch (radius specification) 0.0001 mm IS-C Millimeter 0.0001 mm (diameter specification) 0.000005 inch Inch input 0.0001 mm (radius specification) 0.00001 inch machine 0.00001 inch (diameter specification) 0.000005 inch Inch input 0.00001 inch (radius specification) 0.00001 inch Rotation axis 0.0001 deg 0.0001 deg

(a)		•
(2)	Μ	series

Increment	Least inpl	Least input increment and least command increment						
system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Units				
Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm				
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch				
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg				

Setting command multiply (CMR), detection multiply (DMR), and the capacity of the reference counter



Fig.4.18 (a) CMR, DMR, and the Capacity of the Reference Counter

Set the magnification ratios of CMR and DMR so that the weight of positive inputs to the error counter equals that of negative inputs. - = Detection unit = Feedback pulse unit Least command increment DMR CMR The feedback pulse unit varies according to the type of detector. The amount of travel per rotation of the Pulsecoder Feedback pulse unit = The number of pulses per rotation of the Pulsecoder (2000, 2500, or 3000) As the size of the reference counter, specify the grid interval for the reference position return in the grid method. Grid interval Size of the reference counter = Detection unit Grid interval = The amount of travel per rotation of the Pulsecoder The value set in the parameter is obtained as follows: (1) When command multiplier is 1/2 to 1/271 Set value = +100 (Command multiplier) Valid data range: 102 to 127 (2) When command multiply is 1 to 48 Set value = 2 × command multiplier Valid data range: 2 to 96 NOTE

When command multiplier is 1 to 48, the set value must be determined so that an integer can be set for command multiplier.



1826	In-position width for each axis
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Detection unit 0 to 32767 The in-position width is set for each axis. When the deviation of the machine position from the specified position (the absolute value of the positioning deviation) is smaller than the in-position width, the machine is assumed to have reached the specified position. (The machine is in the in-position state.)
1827	In-position width in cutting feed for each axis
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Detection unit 0 to 32767 Set an in-position width for each axis in cutting feed. This parameter is valid when bit 4 (CCI) of parameter No.1801=1.
1828	Positioning deviation limit for each axis in movement
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	2-word axis Detection unit 0 to 99999999 Set the positioning deviation limit in movement for each axis. If the positioning deviation exceeds the positioning deviation limit during movement, a servo alarm is generated, and operation is stopped immediately (as in emergency stop). Generally, set the positioning deviation for rapid traverse plus some margin in this parameter.
1829	Positioning deviation limit for each axis in the stopped state
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Detection unit 0 to 32767 Set the positioning deviation limit in the stopped state for each axis. If, in the stopped state, the positioning deviation exceeds the positioning deviation limit set for stopped state, a servo alarm is generated, and operation is stopped immediately (as in emergency stop).

1830	Axis-by-axis positional deviation limit at servo-off time
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	 2-word axis Detection unit 0 to 99999999 This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit at servo-off time, on an axis-by-axis basis. If the value specified with this parameter is exceeded at servo-off time, a servo alarm (No.410) is issued to cause an immediate stop (same as an emergency stop). Usually, set the same value as a positional deviation at stop time (parameter No.1829).
	NOTE When this parameter is set to 0, no positional deviation limit check is made at servo-off time.
1836	Servo error amount where reference position return is possible
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte axis Detection unit 0 to 127 This parameter sets a servo error used to enable reference position return in manual reference position return. In general, set this parameter to 0. (When 0 is set, 128 is assumed as the default.)
	NOTE When bit 0 (PLC01) of parameter No.2000 is set to 1, a value ten times greater than the value set in this parameter is used to make the check. Example When the value 10 is set in this parameter, and bit 0 (PLC01) of parameter No.2000 is set to 1, reference
1950	Crid shift and reference position shift for each axis
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Grid shift and reference position shift for each axis NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued. 2-word axis Detection unit (1) 0 to 99999999 (for reference shift position) (2) Reference counter size or less (for grid shift) To shift the reference position, set the amount of grid shift or reference position shift for each axis. Up to the maximum value
	counted by the reference counter can be specified as the grid shift. In case of parameter SFD (No.1002#2) is 0: Grid shift In case of parameter SFD (No.1002#2) is 1: Reference shift position

1851	Backlash compensating value for each axis
[Data type]	Word axis
[Unit of data]	Detection unit
[Valid data range]	-9999 to +9999
	Set the backlash compensating value for each axis.
	When the machine moves in a direction opposite to the reference position return direction after the power is turned on, the first backlash compensation is performed.
1852	Backlash compensating value used for rapid traverse for each axis
[Data type]	Word axis
[Unit of data]	Detection unit
[Valid data range]	-9999 to +9999
	Set the backlash compensating value used in rapid traverse for each axis.
	This parameter is valid when RBK, #4 of parameter 1800, is set to 1. More precise machining can be performed by changing the backlash compensating value depending on the feedrate, the rapid traverse of the cutting feed.
	Let the measured backlash at cutting feed be A and the measured backlash at rapid traverse be B. The backlash compensating value is shown below depending on the change of feedrate (cutting feed or rapid traverse) and the change of the direction of movement.

Table 4.18 Back	ash Compensating Value
-----------------	------------------------

Change of feedrate Change of direction of movement	Cutting feed to cutting feed	Rapid traverse to rapid traverse	Rapid traverse to cutting feed	Cutting feed to rapid traverse
Same direction	0	0	$\pm \alpha$	± (-α)
Opposite direction	±Α	±Β	±Β (Β+α)	±Β (Β+α)



The positive or negative direction for compensating values is the direction of movement.



- 1 Jog feed is regarded as cutting feed.
- 2 The backlash compensation depending on a rapid traverse and a cutting feed is not performed until the first reference position return is completed after the power is turned on. The normal backlash compensation is performed according to the value specified in parameter No.1851 irrespective of a rapid traverse and a cutting feed.
- 3 The backlash compensation depending on a rapid traverse and a cutting feed is performed only when RBK, bit 4 of parameter No.1800, is set to 1. When RBK is set to 0, the normal backlash is performed.

	1867	Threshold for scale data conversion (common to all axes)								
	[Data type] [nit of data]	2-wo	ord							
[U			Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit			
			Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg			
[Valid	data range]	0 to	99999999							
		ovable rang s common	to be set ge (an angle to all ax axis, this pa	e from a es. If a						
		N	OTE							
		1	When this parameter				nust			
				rned off before operation is continued.						
		2	2 This parameter is valid only for axes for which bit 3							
			(SCR) of parameter							
		3		•	s parame	ter, estab	lisn			
			the reference position	on again.						

Threshold for scale data conversion (for each axis)

[Data	type]
[Unit of	data]

1874

1875

Increment system	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

0 to 99999999 If scale data is greater than the setting of this parameter, data for one turn is subtracted from the scale data so that continuous scale data is obtained within the movable range. The threshold to be set must be the scale data of a position outside the movable range (an angle from a discontinuous point). For axes for which this parameter is set to 0, the parameter common to all axes (parameter No. 1867) becomes valid.

NOTE

2-word axis

- 1 When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
- 2 This parameter is valid only for axes for which bit 3 (SCR) of parameter No. 1817 is set to 1.
- 3 When you have changed this parameter, establish the reference position again.

Number of the conversion coefficient for inductosyn position detection

Denominator of the conversion coefficient for inductosyn position detection

NOTE

When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word axis 1 to 32767Set a conversion coefficient for inductosyn position detection axis. The value set is determined as follows: $\frac{No. 1874}{No. 1875} = Number of position feedback pulses per motor rev1,000,000$		
1876	One-pitch interval of the inductosyn		
NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.			

[Data type]Word axis[Unit of data]Detection unit[Valid data range]1 to 32767Set a one-pitch interval of the inductosyn for each axis.

	SUPPLEMENTAL REMARK					
	To use an absolute-position detector using Inductosyn,					
	set the following digital servo parameters as well:					
	Bit 4 (INDx) of parameter No. 2015					
	The absolute-position detect function by					
	Inductosyn is:					
	0 : Disabled.					
	1 : Enabled.					
	Parameter No. 2141 Inducto	syn data acquisition time				
		or acquiring the Inductosyn				
		20 ms is assumed. (For the				
	setting, contact the scale	•				
L	Setting, contact the scale					
	[
1880	Unexpected disturbance torque	e detection alarm timer				
[Data type]	Word					
[Unit of data]	ms	1 0: ()				
[Valid data range]	0 to 32767 (200 msec is assumed w					
		n the detection of an unexpected				
	-	rm is issued. The specified value is				
	rounded up to the nearest integral n	luttiple of 8 filsec.				
	[Example] When 30 is specified, the value	e is rounded up to 32 (msee)				
	When 30 is specified, the valu	e is founded up to 32 (filsec).				
1881	Group number when an unexpected d	isturbance torque is detected				
[Data true a]	Dute avia					
[Data type]	Byte axis 0 to 4					
[Valid data range]		mber of each axis, used when an				
	unexpected disturbance torque is de					
	If an unexpected disturbance torque is de					
	movement along the axes of the g					
	unexpected disturbance torque is					
	· · ·	topped whenever an unexpected				
	disturbance torque is detected for an					
	[Example]					
		settings have been made. If an				
		ue is detected for the first axis,				
		d, and fourth axes is stopped. If an				
	•	e is detected for the second axis,				
	movement along the second an					
	Parameter No.1881	Setting				
	(First axis)	1				
	(Second axis)	2				
	(Third axis)	1				
	(Fourth axis)	0				
	NOTE					

This parameter is enabled when the ANA parameter (bit 5 of parameter No.1804) is 1.



reference position. The distance from the zero point of the encoder to the reference position is obtained from the following equation:

Distance from the zero point of the encoder to the reference position =No.1884 \times 100,000,000 + No.1883

The zero point of the encoder refers to the point at which mark 1 and mark 2 match. Normally, this point is a hypothetical point that does not physically exist on the encoder. (See the figure below.)

If the reference position is located on the positive side when viewed from the zero point of the encoder, set a positive value. If the reference position is located on the negative side when viewed from the zero point of the encoder, set a negative value.



[Example of parameter settings] When an encoder as shown below is used with an IS-B, millimeter machine:



-9965000 (the reference position is on the negative side)

[Setting parameter No. 1883] (For an encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder))

If it is difficult to measure the distance from the zero point of the encoder to the reference position (parameter No. 1883), the distance can be obtained by following the steps below:

- Set the following parameters to use the encoder with absolute address reference marks (linear scale or rotary encoder): OPTx(No.1815#1)=1,DCLx(No.1815#2)=1,DCRx(No.1815#3)=0/1 Set appropriate values in parameter Nos. 1821 and 1882. Set parameter No. 1240 to 0. Set parameter Nos.1883 and 1884 to 0.
- 2 Establish the reference position at an appropriate position.(As a result of this, the machine coordinate value shows the distance from the zero point of the encoder to the current position.)
- 3 Perform a jog feed or handle feed to position the machine at the accurate reference position.
- 4 In parameter No. 1883, set the result of the conversion of the machine coordinate value observed at this point of time (diagnosis screen No. 301) into the detection unit (by multiplying the value on diagnosis screen No. 301 by CMR).
- 5 If necessary, set parameter No. 1240.

NOTE

This method does not apply if the distance from the zero point of the encoder to the reference position exceeds 99,999,999.

[Setting parameter No. 1883] (For an encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C))

The value to be set can be obtained by following the steps below.

Set bit 1 (OPTx) of parameter No. 1815 to 0 or 1, and bit 2 (DCLx) of parameter No. 1815 to 1 to use the encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C). Set parameter No. 1240 to 0.
 Set parameter Nos 1883 and 1884 to 0.

Set parameter Nos. 1883 and 1884 to 0.

- 2 Establish the reference position at an appropriate position. (As a result of this, the machine coordinate value shows the distance from the zero point of the encoder to the current position.)
- 3 Perform a jog feed or handle feed to position the machine at the accurate reference position.
- 4 In parameter No. 1883, set the result of the conversion of the machine coordinate value observed at this point of time (diagnostic screen No. 301) into the detection unit (multilication of the value on diagnostic screen No. 301 by CMR).
- 5 If necessary, set parameter No. 1240.

	NOTE This method does not apply if the distance from the zero point of the encoder to the reference position exceeds 99,999,999.			
1885	Maximum allowable value for total travel during torque control			
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Detection unit 0 to 32767 This parameter sets the maximum allowable value for the total travel (error counter value) for an axis placed under torque control, as specified by the axis control command of the PMC axis control function. If the total travel exceeds the parameter-set value while torque control is applied, a servo alarm (No.423) is generated.			
	NOTE This parameter is enabled when the TQF parameter (bit 4 of parameter No.1803) is 0 (follow-up is not performed during torque control).			
1886	Positional deviation when torque control is canceled			
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Detection unit 0 to 32767 This parameter sets the positional deviation used when torque control, performed for an axis according to the axis control command of the PMC axis control function, is canceled and position control is resumed. After the positional deviation has fallen to the parameter-set value, switching to position control is performed.			
	NOTE This parameter is enabled when the TQF parameter (bit 4 of parameter No.1803) is 0 (follow-up is not performed during torque control).			

1895	Servo motor axis number used for a milling tool				
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte 1, 2, 3,, number of controlled axes This parameter sets the servo motor axis number used for displaying the speed of a milling tool that incorporates a servo motor.				
1896	Number of gear teeth on the servo motor axis side				
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 1 to 9999 This parameter sets the number of servo motor axis gear teeth used for displaying the speed of a milling tool that incorporates a servo motor.				
1897	Number of gear teeth on the milling axis side				
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 1 to 9999 This parameter sets the number of milling axis gear teeth used for displaying the speed of a milling tool that incorporates a servo motor.				
1 I	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #0				
[Data type] RFD					
	NOTE				
 1 The axis operating under PMC axis control are not affected by this parameter. For such an axis, the settings for PMC axis control are followed. To enable the fine acceleration/deceleration function and feed-forward function in PMC axis control, advanced preview control for the PMC-controlled axis must be enabled. (See the descriptions of bit 3 (G8C) of parameter No. 8004 and bit 4 (G8R) of parameter No. 8004.) 2 Note that when the abnormal load detection function for cutting and rapid traverse is used, setting this parameter changes the threshold value (0: Threshold value for rapid traverse, 1: Threshold value for cutting feed). 					

1902	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1 ASE	#0 FMD
1902							AGE	FWD
	NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued. ▲ WARNING Be sure to set bits 5 and 7 of parameter No. 1902 to 0. If 1 is set, the safety function may not work							
[Data type] FMD ASE	 properly. Bit The FSSB setting mode is: 0: Automatic setting mode. (When information including an axis-amplifier relationship is set on the FSSB setting screen, parameter Nos. 1023, 1905, 1910 through 1919, 1936, and 1937 are set automatically.) 1: Manual setting 2 mode. (Set parameter Nos. 1023, 1905, 1910 through 1919, 1936, and 1937 manually.) When automatic setting mode is selected for FSSB setting (when the FMD parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1902) is set to 0), automatic setting is: 0: Not completed. 1: Completed. (This bit is automatically set to 1 upon the completion of automatic setting.) 							
1904	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0 DSPx
[Data type] DSPx	NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued. Bit axis 0: Two axes use one DSP. (Ordinary axes) 1: One axis uses one DSP exclusively. NOTE Parameter No.1904 is set on the FSSB setting screen. So, parameter No.1904 should not have to be specified directly. This parameter need not be set in FSSB manual setting 2 mode.							



- PM1x The first separate detector interface unit is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.
- PM2x The second separate detector interface unit is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.

NOTEWhen automatic setting mode is selected for FSSB
setting (when the FMD parameter (bit 0 of
parameter No.1902) is set to 0), parameter
No.1905 is automatically set when input is
performed with the FSSB setting screen. When
manual setting 2 mode is selected for FSSB setting
(when the FMD parameter (bit 0 of parameter
No.1902) is set to 1), parameter No.1905 must be
set directly. When a separate detector interface
unit is used, a connector number must be set in the
corresponding parameter (No.1936 or No.1937).Address conversion table value for slave 1 (ATR)



NOTE

After these parameters have been set, the power must be turned off then back on for the settings to become effective.

[Data type]

[Valid data range] 0 to 1

Byte 0 to 3, 16, 40, 48

These parameters set address conversion table values for slaves 1 to 10.

A slave is the generic name given to a device such as a servo

amplifier or separate detector interface unit, connected to the CNC via an FSSB optical cable. Smaller numbers, starting from 1 are assigned to slaves closer to the CNC; the maximum number that can be assigned is 10. A two-axis amplifier has two slaves, while a three-axis amplifier has three slaves. Set each parameter as described below, depending on whether the slave is an amplifier or separate detector interface unit, or when no slave exists.

- When the slave is an amplifier: Set the value obtained by subtracting 1 from the setting of parameter No.1023 for the axis to which the amplifier is assigned.
- When the slave is a separate detector interface unit: Set <u>16</u> for the first separate detector interface unit (closest to the CNC).

Set $\underline{48}$ for the second separate detector interface unit (furthest from the CNC).

• When no slave exists Set <u>40</u>.

NOTE

When automatic setting mode is selected for FSSB setting (when the FMD parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1902) is set to 0), parameters No.1910 to No.1919 are automatically set when input is performed with the FSSB setting screen. When manual setting 2 mode is selected for FSSB setting (when the FMD parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.1902) is set to 1), parameter No.1910 to No.1919 must be directly set.



Examples of axis configurations and parameter settings .







not be set in FSSB manual setting 2 mode.


parameters sets the value obtained by subtracting 1 from a separate detector interface unit connector number for each axis. That is, values of 0 through 7 are set for connector numbers 1 through 8. In addition, bits 6 and 7 of parameter No.1905 must be set. For an axis that does not use a separate detector interface unit, 0 must be set.

Any connector can be used for any axis, however the connectors in a single separate detector interface unit should be used in ascending order

of connector number. For instance, connector 4 of a separate detector interface unit cannot be used without using connector 3 of the same separate detector interface unit.

E Controlled axis	Connector number for the first separate detector interface unit	Connector number for the second separate detector interface unit	No.1936	No.1937	No.1905 (#7, #6)
Х	1	Not used	0	0	0, 1
Y	Not used	2	0	1	1, 0
Z	Not used	1	0	0	1, 0
А	Not used	Not used	0	0	0, 0

NOTE

When automatic setting mode is selected for FSSB setting (when bit 0 of parameter No.1902 is set to 0), these parameters are automatically set when input is performed with the FSSB setting screen. When manual setting 2 mode is selected for FSSB setting (when bit 0 of parameter No.1902 is set to 1), these parameters must be set directly.

Parameters No.2000 to 2999 are for digital servo, The following parameters are not explained in this manual. Refer to FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR αi series PARAMETER MANUAL (B-65270EN)

No.	Data type	Contents									
2000	Bit axis				PGEX	PRMC		DGPR	PLC0		
2001	Bit axis	AMR7	AMR6	AMR5	AMR4	AMR3	AMR2	AMR1	AMR0		
2002	Bit axis	PFSE PFSE									
2003	Bit axis	V0FS									
2004	Bit axis					TRW1	TRW0	TIB0	TIA0		
2005	Bit axis	SFCM	BRKC					FEED			
2006	Bit axis				ACCF		PKVE		FCBL		
2007	Bit axis	FRCA	FAD					IGVRO	ESP2AX		
2008	Bit axis	LAXD	PFBS	VCTM	SPPC	SPPR	VFBA	TNDM			
2009	Bit axis	BLST	BLCU				ADBL		SERD		
2010	Bit axis	POLE		HBBL	HBPE	BLTE	LINE				
2011	Bit axis			RCCL				FFALWY	SYNMOD		
2012	Bit axis	STNG		VCM2	VCM1			MSFE			
2013	Bit axis	APTG							HRV3		
2014	Bit axis				(Re	eserve)					
2015	Bit axis	BZNG	BLAT	TDOU				SSG1	PGTW		
2016	Bit axis					K2VC			ABNT		
2017	Bit axis	PK25	OVCR	RISC	HTNG				DBST		
2018	Bit axis	PFBC					OVR8	MOVO	REVS		
2019	Bit axis	DPFB						TANDMP			
2020	Word axis	Motor nur	Motor number								
2021	Word axis	Load inertia ratio									
2022	Word axis	Direction	Direction of motor rotation								
2023	Word axis	Number of velocity pulses									
2024	Word axis	Number c	of position p	oulses							
2028	Word axis	Position g	ain switchi	ng speed							
2029	Word axis	Effective	speed for ir	ntegral acce	eleration at	low speed					
2030	Word axis	Effective	speed for ir	ntegral dece	eleration at	low speed					
2033	Word axis	Position f	eedback pl	Ilse							
2034	Word axis	Damping	control gair	1 I							
2039	Word axis	Second-s	tage accele	eration for t	wo-stage ba	acklash aco	celeration				
2040	Word axis	Current lo	op integral	gain (PK1)							
2041	Word axis	Current lo	op proporti	ional gain (PK2)						
2042	Word axis	Current lo	oop gain (Pl	K3)							
2043	Word axis	Velocity lo	oop integra	l gain (PK1	V)						
2044	Word axis	Velocity lo	oop proport	ional gain (PK2V)						
2045	Word axis	Velocity lo	oop incomp	lete integra	ll gain (PK3	SV)					
2046	Word axis	Velocity lo	oop gain (P	K4V)							
2047	Word axis	Observer	parameter	(POA1)							
2048	Word axis	Backlash	acceleratio	n							
2049	Word axis	Maximum	amplitude	for dual po	sition feedb	back					
2050	Word axis	Observer	parameter	(POK1)							
2051	Word axis	Observer	parameter	(POK2)							
2053	Word axis	Current d	ead zone c	ompensatio	on (PPMAX)					
2054	Word axis	Current d	ead zone c	ompensatio	on (PDDP)						
2055	Word axis				on (PHYST						
2056	Word axis	Current g	ain change	during dec	eleration (E	MFCMP)					
2057	Word axis	D phase of	current at h	igh-speed o	operation (F	PVPA)					

No.	Data type	Contents
2058	Word axis	D phase current limit (PALPH)
2059	Word axis	Counter electromotive force compensation (EMFBAS)
2060	Word axis	Torque limit
2062	Word axis	Overload protection coefficient (OVC1)
2063	Word axis	Overload protection coefficient (OVC2)
2064	Word axis	Soft disconnection alarm level
2065	Word axis	Overload protection coefficient (OCVLMT)
2066	Word axis	Acceleration feedback gain
2067	Word axis	Torque command filter
2068	Word axis	Feed forward coefficient
2069	Word axis	Velocity feed forward coefficient
2070	Word axis	Backlash acceleration timing
2071	Word axis	Backlash acceleration effective duration, time during which the static friction
		compensation function is enabled
2072	Word axis	Static friction compensation
2073	Word axis	Stop judgment parameter
2074	Word axis	Velocity-dependent current loop gain
2077	Word axis	Overshoot prevention counter
2078	Word axis	Conversion coefficient for dual position feedback (numerator)
2079	Word axis	Conversion coefficient for dual position feedback (denominator)
2080	Word axis	First-order lag time constant for dual position feedback
2081	Word axis	Zero width for dual position feedback
2082	Word axis	Backlash acceleration stop amount
2083	Word axis	Brake control timer (ms)
2084	Word axis	Flexible feed gear (numerator)
2085	Word axis	Flexible feed gear (denominator)
2086	Word axis	Rated current parameter
2087	Word axis	Torque offset /pre-loaded value in tandem control
2088	Word axis	Machine velocity feedback coefficient gain
2089	Word axis	Backlash acceleration base pulse
2091	Word axis	Non-linear control parameter
2092	Word axis	Look-ahead feed forward coefficient
2094	Word axis	Backlash acceleration in negative direction
2095	Word axis	Feed-forward timing adjustment coefficient
2097	Word axis	Static friction compensation stop parameter
2098	Word axis	Current phase lead compensation coefficient
2099	Word axis	N-pulse suppression level
2101	Word axis	Overshoot compensation effective level
2102	Word axis	Final clamp value for actual current limit
2103	Word axis	Amount of track back upon detection of unexpected disturbance torque
2104	Word axis	Abnormal load detection alarm level during cutting (for cutting when switch function is
		used)
2105	Word axis	Torque constant
2107	Word axis	Velocity loop gain override
2109	Word axis	Fine acceleration/deceleration time constant (for cutting when switch function is used)
2110	Word axis	Magnetic saturation compensation (base/coefficient)
2111	Word axis	Deceleration torque limit (base/coefficient)
2112	Word axis	AMR conversion coefficient 1
2113	Word axis	Attenuation center frequency (Hz) of vibration-damping filter 1
2114	Word axis	Stage 2 acceleration amount override for two-stage backlash acceleration
2116	Word axis	Abnormal load detection, dynamic friction compensation value
2118	Word axis	Excessive error level between semi-closed and closed loops

No.	Data type				Co	ntents						
2126	Word axis	Tandem of	Tandem control, time constant for switching position feedback									
2127	Word axis		Non-interacting control coefficient									
2128	Word axis		Weak magnetic flux compensation (coefficient)									
2129	Word axis		Weak magnetic flux compensation (base/limit)									
2130	Word axis					magnetic p	ole pair					
2131	Word axis	Four smo	oth comper	nsation ope	rations per	magnetic p	ole pair					
2132	Word axis	Six smoot	th compens	ation opera	itions per r	nagnetic po	le pair					
2133	Word axis	Decelerat	ion phase o	delay comp	ensation c	oefficient (P	HDLY1)					
2134	Word axis	Decelerat	ion phase of	delay comp	ensation c	oefficient (P	HDLY2)					
2137	Word axis	Stage 1 a	cceleration	amount ov	erride for t	wo-stage ba	acklash acc	eleration				
2138	Word axis	Linear mo	otor AMR co	onversion c	oefficient 2)						
2139	Word axis	Linear mo	otor AMR of	ffset								
2142	Word axis	Threshold	l for detecti	ng abnorma	al load duri	ing rapid tra	verse					
2143	Word axis	Fine acce	leration/de	celeration ti	me consta	nt 2 (at cutt	ing)					
2144	Word axis	Position fe	eed forward	d coefficient	for cutting							
2145	Word axis	Velocity fe	eed forward	l coefficient	for cutting							
2146	Word axis			acceleratio								
2148	Word axis	Decelerat	ion decisio	n level (HR	V control)							
2154	Word axis	Static frict	tion compe	nsation fund	ction. Deci	sion level fo	r movemer	nt restart afte	r stop.			
2156	Word axis	Torque co	ommand filt	er (at rapid	cutting)							
2161	Word axis	OVC mag	nification a	t stop (OVC	CSTP)							
2162	Word axis	Second o	Second overload protection coefficient (POVC21)									
2163	Word axis	Second of	verload pro	tection coe	fficient (PC	OVC22)						
2164	Word axis	Second o	verload pro	tection coe	fficient (PC	OVCLMT2)						
2165	Word axis	Maximum	amplifier c	urrent								
2167	Word axis	Stage 2 a	Stage 2 acceleration amount offset for two-stage backlash acceleration									
2177	Word axis	Attenuatio	on band wic	lth (Hz) of v	ibration-da	amping filter	· 1					
2180	Word axis	Phase lag	compensa	ation in linea	ar motor sr	nooth comp	ensation					
2185	Word axis	Position p	ulse conve	rsion coeffi	cient							
2200	Bit axis		P2EX	RISCMC		ABGO	IQOB		OVSP			
2201	Bit axis		CPEE					RNVL	CROF			
2202	Bit axis				DUAL	OVS1	PIAL	VGCG	FADCH			
2203	Bit axis			TCMD4X	FRC2		CRPI					
2204	Bit axis	DBS2		PGW2				HSTP10				
2205	Bit axis				HDIS	HD2O	FLDY					
2206	Bit axis	HSSR			HBSF							
2207	Bit axis					PK2D50						
2209	Bit axis		PGAT			FADPGC	FADL					
2210	Bit axis		ESPTM1	ESPTM2			PK12S2					
2211	Bit axis					ļ		PHCP				
2212	Bit axis	OVQK	OVQK									
2214	Bit axis				FFCHG							
2215	Bit axis	ABT2						TCPCLR				
2223	Bit axis	BLCUT2							DISOBS			
2225	Bit axis						TSA05	TCMD05				
2270	Bit axis	DSTIN	DSTTAN	DSTWA V		ACREF			AMR60			
2271	Bit axis						RETR2					
2273	Bit axis							WSVCPY				
2274	Bit axis								HP2048			
2275	Bit axis								800PLS			
2318	Word axis	Disturband	ce filter gair	<u>,</u>								

No.	Data type	Contents
2319	Word axis	Inertial ratio of disturbance filter
2320	Word axis	Inverse function gain of disturbance filter
2321	Word axis	Filter time constant of disturbance filter
2322	Word axis	Acceleration feedback limit of disturbance filter
2323	Word axis	Variable current PI ratio
2324	Word axis	Proportional gain change function at stop Any magnification at stop (for cutting only)
2325	Word axis	Tandem vibration-damping control/integral gain (main axis) Phase coefficient (sub-axis)
2326	Word axis	Disturbance input gain
2327	Word axis	Starting frequency of disturbance input
2328	Word axis	Ending frequency of disturbance input
2329	Word axis	Number of disturbance input measurement points
2333	Word axis	Tandem vibration-damping control/incomplete integral time constant (main axis)
2334	Word axis	Current loop gain magnification (valid only during high-speed HRV current control)
2335	Word axis	Velocity loop gain magnification (valid only during high-speed HV current control)
2338	Word axis	Stage 2 acceleration limit amount for two-stage backlash acceleration
2339	Word axis	Stage 2 acceleration amount for two-stage backlash acceleration (negative direction)
2340	Word axis	Stage 2 acceleration amount override for two-stage backlash acceleration (negative
		direction)
2341	Word axis	Stage 2 acceleration limit amount for two-stage backlash acceleration (negative direction)
2345	Word axis	Dynamic friction compensation amount at stop in abnormal load detection
2346	Word axis	Dynamic friction compensation limit in abnormal load detection
2352	Word axis	Detection level of active vibration-damping filter
2359	Word axis	Damping of vibration-damping filter 1
2360	Word axis	Attenuation center frequency of vibration-damping filter 2
2361	Word axis	Attenuation band width of vibration-damping filter 2
2362	Word axis	Damping of vibration-damping filter 2
2363	Word axis	Attenuation center frequency of vibration-damping filter 3
2364	Word axis	Attenuation band width of vibration-damping filter 3
2365	Word axis	Damping of vibration-damping filter 3
2366	Word axis	Attenuation center frequency of vibration-damping filter 4
2367	Word axis	Attenuation band width of vibration-damping filter 4
2368	Word axis	Damping of vibration-damping filter 4
2369	Word axis	Two smooth compensation operations per magnetic pole pair (negative direction)
2370	Word axis	Four smooth compensation operations per magnetic pole pair (negative direction)
2371	Word axis	Six smooth compensation operations per magnetic pole pair (negative direction)
2373	Word axis	Pull-up amount of vertical axis pull-up function at emergency stop
2374	Word axis	Pull-up time of vertical axis pull-up function at emergency stop
2395	Word axis	Feed-forward timing adjustment function (when FAD is enabled)

4.16 PARAMETERS OF DI/DO

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	мні			ZPO		RWM		
3001	мні					RWM		
[Data type] RWM ZPO	0: C a 1: C n The re 0: C o 1: C	Output or nd rewin Output w nemory i ference p Output u peration Output w	aly wher d signal hen the s being r position upon co hen the	n the tap RRW tape rea rewound return co ompletion machine	e reader der is bo by the ro ompletion n of the is posit	eing rew eset and n signal : ne refer ioned at	ound on rewind for G28 ence p the refe	nd by the rest a program signal RRW and G30 is: osition retu erence position
MHI	Exchar codes 0 : N	If this p outputs signal e operation	the reeven where the reeven where the second	ference hen the erforme	e positio refere ed in the	on retur nce pos e mach	n com sition r ine loc	
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3002	•			IOV				
[Data type] IOV	0: N	e feedrat legative ositive le	logic is 1	le signal used.	and rapi	id travers	se overr	ide signal:
· ·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3003	MVG	MVX	DEC	DAU	DIT	ΙΤΧ		ITL
5005		MVX	DEC		DIT	ΙΤΧ		ITL
[Data type] ITL	Bit Interlo	wvx		<u> </u>	ווט		<u> </u>	<u> IIL </u>

- 0: Enabled
- 1: Disabled
- Interlock signals for each axis ITX
 - 0: Enabled
 - 1: Disabled

- DIT Interlock for each axis direction
 - 0: Enabled
 - 1: Disabled
- DAU If bit 3 (DIT) of parameter No. 3003 is set to 0, the interlock signal of each axial direction is:
 - 0: Enabled only in manual operation and disabled in automatic operation.
 - 1: Enabled in both manual operation and automatic operation.
- DEC Deceleration signal (*DEC1 to *DEC4) for reference position return
 - 0: Deceleration is applied when the signal is 0.
 - 1: Deceleration is applied when the signal is 1.
- MVX The axis-in-movement signal is set to 0 when:
 - 0: Distribution for the axis is completed. (The signal is set to 0 in deceleration.)
 - 1: Deceleration of the axis is terminated, and the current position is in the in-position.
 - If, however, a parameter specifies not to make in-position during deceleration, the signal turns to "0" at the end of deceleration.
- MVG While drawing using the dynamic graphics function (with no machine movement), the axis-in-movement signal is:
 - 0: Output
 - 1: Not output

NOTE

In case of M series the signal is not output.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3004			ОТН				BCY	BSL

[Data type] Bit

- BSL The block start interlock signal *BSL and cutting block start interlock signal *CSL are:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- BCY When more than one operation is performed by one block command such as a canned cycle, the block start interlock signal *BSL is:
 - 0: Checked only at the beginning of the first cycle.
 - 1 : Checked at the beginning of every cycle.

NOTE

This is enabled when the BSL parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.3004) is set to 1.

- OTH The overtravel limit signal is:
 - 0: Checked
 - 1: Not checked

For safety, usually set 0 to check the overtravel limit signal.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
3006						EPS	EPN	GDC		
GDC EPN	 As the deceleration signal for reference position return: 0: X009 is used. 1: G196 is used. (X009 is disabled.) Workpiece number search signals are assigned to: 0: PN1, PN2, PN4, PN8, and PN16 <g009>.</g009> 									
EPS	1 : E When function 0 : A (1) 1 : W	 EPN0 to EPN13 <g024, g025="">.</g024,> When a program is searched using the workpiece number search function, it is started by: Automatic operation start signal ST (when automatic operation (memory operation) is started). 								
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
3008		<i>"</i> •				XSG	1 "'			
[Data type] XSG	Bit The si 0: F 1: A *	gnals as fixed to to able to b ESP <x< td=""><td>008#4>, signment</td><td>X addre resses. gned to howeve</td><td>esses are any add r, cannot</td><td>: resses. (1 t be chan</td><td>Emerger ged.)</td><td>acy stop signation</td></x<>	008#4>, signment	X addre resses. gned to howeve	esses are any add r, cannot	: resses. (1 t be chan	Emerger ged.)	acy stop signation		
3010		Tin	ne lag in s	trobe sigr	nals MF, S	F, TF, and	BF			
[Data type] [Unit of data] Valid data range]	Word 1 ms 16 to 32767 The time required to send strobe signals MF, SF, TF, and BF after M, S, T, and B codes are sent, respectively.									
		S, T, B cc F, SF, TF,	ode BF, signal		 ✓ Delay t	ime				

Fig.4.19 (a) Delay Time of the strobe signal



Example When 30 is set, 32 ms is assumed.

3012	Address to be assigned to skip signals
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 0 to 127 Set the address to which the skip signals (SKIPn), measurement position arrival signals (XAE, YAE (for the M series only), and ZAE), and manual feed interlock signal for each axis direction and tool compensation amount write signal (\pm MIT1 (for the T series only) and \pm MIT2 (for the T series only)) are assigned. This parameter is valid when bit 2 (XSG) of parameter No. 3008 is set to 1.
3013	Address to be assigned to reference position return deceleration signals
[Data type] [Valid data range]	NOTEWhen this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.Word axis 0 to 127Set the address to which the reference position return deceleration signal for each axis (*DECn) is assigned.This parameter is valid when bit 2 (XSG) of parameter No. 3008 is set to 1.
3014	Bit position to be assigned to reference position return deceleration signals
[Data type] [Valid data range]	NOTEWhen this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.Byte axis 0 to 7Set the bit position to which the reference position return deceleration signal for each axis (*DECn) is assigned. Set the address in parameter No. 3013.This parameter is valid when bit 2 (XSG) of parameter No. 3008 is set to 1.

3017	Output time of reset signal RST
[Data type]	Word
[Unit of data] [Valid data range]	16 ms 0 to 255
[t und data range]	To extend the output time of reset signal RST, the time to be added is specified in this parameter.
	RST signal output time = time required for reset + parameter \times 16 ms
3030	Allowable number of digits for the M code
3031	Allowable number of digits for the S code
3032	Allowable number of digits for the T code
3033	Allowable number of digits for the B code
[Data type]	Byte
[Valid data range]	1 to 8
	Set the allowable numbers of digits for the M, S, T, and B codes.

NOTE

Up to 5 digits can be specified in the S code

4.17 PARAMETERS OF DISPLAY AND EDIT (1 OF 2)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
3100	COR						CEM			
[Data type] CEM COR	on the 0: In 1: V Displa 0: N	MDI pa n English Vith grap upporting	nel are in n. ohics qua g graphio ome disp	ndicated alifying f cs qualif	: for CE n	y screen narking. CE marl	(A chara	icter gen		
	NO	TE	-	ne 8.4" #4	LCD, s #3	et this I #2	bit to 1. #1	#0		
3101				BGD			KBF			
Data type] KBF	are: 0 : C	Bit When the screen or mode is changed, the contents of the key-in buff are: 0 : Cleared.								
		When I	be clea	ared at		s of the ne by pr				
BGD						ntly selec				

- 0: Cannot be selected. (BP/S alarm No.140 is issued disabling selection.)
 - 1: Can be selected. (However, the program cannot be edited, only displayed.)



NOTE When t

When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type]	Bit
-------------	-----

Select the language to be used for the display.

	uy.	e uispi		e useu		anguaş		Derec						
Language	JPN	GRM	FRN	CHI	ITA	HNG	SPN	DTH	POR	POL	HUN	SWE	CZE	CH2
English	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Japanese	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
German	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
French	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chinese (traditional characters)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Italian	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Korean	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spanish	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutch	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Portuguese	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Polish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Hungarian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Swedish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Czech	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Chinese (simplified characters)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1



[Data type]

NMH

The system alarm history screen is:

- 0: Not displayed.
- 1: Displayed.

Bit

<u>.</u>	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3104	DAC	DAL	DRC	DRL	PPD			MCN

MCN Machine position

- 0: Displayed according to the unit of output. (The machine position is displayed regardless of whether metric input or inch input is used; for a machine with metric output, the machine position is displayed in mm, and for a machine with inch output, the machine position is displayed in inches.)
- 1: Displayed according to the unit of input. (When input is made in mm, the machine position is displayed in mm, and when input is made in inches, the machine position is displayed in inches accordingly.)
- PPD Relative position display when a coordinate system is set
 - 0: Not preset
 - 1: Preset

NOTE

When PPD is set to 1 and the absolute position display is preset by one of the following, the relative position display is also preset to the same value as the absolute position display:

- 1) The manual reference position return
- 2) Setting of a coordinate system by G92 (G50 for

T series G code system A)

DRL Relative position

- 0: The actual position displayed takes into account tool length offset (M series) or tool offset (T series).
- 1: The programmed position displayed does not take into account tool length offset (M series) or tool offset (T series).

NOTE

When tool geometry compensation of the T system is to be performed by shifting the coordinate system (with bit 4 (LGT) of parameter No.5002 set to 0), the programmed position, ignoring tool offset, is displayed (with this parameter set to 1), but the programmed position, ignoring tool geometry compensation, cannot be displayed.

DRC Relative position

- 0: The actual position displayed takes into account cutter compensation (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series).
- 1: The programmed position displayed does not take into account cutter compensation (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series).

DAL Absolute position

- 0: The actual position displayed takes into account tool length offset (M series) or tool offset (T series).
- 1: The programmed position displayed does not take into account tool length offset (M series) or tool offset (T series).

NOTE

When tool geometry compensation of the T system is to be performed by shifting the coordinate system (with bit 4 (LGT) of parameter No.5002 set to 0), the programmed position, ignoring tool offset, is displayed (with this parameter set to 1), but the programmed position, ignoring tool geometry compensation, cannot be displayed.

DAC Absolute position

- 0: The actual position displayed takes into account cutter compensation (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series).
- 1: The programmed position displayed does not take into account cutter compensation (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series).

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	3105						DPS	PCF	DPF
		SMF					DPS	PCF	DPF

[Data type] Bit

- DPF Display of the actual speed on the current position display screen, program check screen and program screen (MD1 mode)
 - 0: Not displayed
 - 1: Displayed
- PCF Addition of the movement of the PMC-controlled axes to the actual speed display
 - 0: Added
 - 1: Not added

NOTE

For each setting, movement along any axis other than those controlled by the CNC (see the description of parameter No. 1010) is not reflected in the actual speed display.

- DPS Actual spindle speed and T code
 - 0: Not always displayed
 - 1 : Always displayed

- SMF During simplified synchronous control, movement along a slave axis is: (see the parameter No.8311)
 - 0: Included in the actual speed display
 - 1: Not included in the actual speed display

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	3106	OHS		sov	ОРН	SPD		GPL	
		OHS		sov	ОРН			GPL	

[Data type]

- GPL On the program list screen, the list-by-group function is:
- 0: Disabled

Bit

- 1: Enabled
- SPD Names for actual spindle speed values are displayed:
 - 0: Regardless of the selected spindle position coder (in second position coder selection signal (PC2SLC))
 - 1: Depending of the selected spindle position coder (in second position coder selection signal (PC2SLC))

SPD=0	SPD=1				
Spindles 1 and 2	Spindles 1	Spindles 2			
S	S1	S2			
SACT		CACTO			
ACT, S	SACT1	SACT2			

OPH The operation history screen is:

- 0: Not displayed.
- 1: Displayed.
- SOV The spindle override value is:
 - 0: Not displayed.
 - 1: Displayed.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled only when bit 2 (DPS) of parameter No.3105 is set to 1.

- OHS Operation history sampling is:
 - 0 : Performed.
 - 1: Not performed.

NOTE

Normally, set 0 (sampling is performed).

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3107	MDL			SOR	REV	DNC		

[Data type] Bit

- DNC Upon reset, the program display for DNC operation is:
 - 0: Not cleared
 - 1: Cleared

- REV The actual speed in feed per revolution mode is displayed in: 0: MM/MIN or INCH/MIN.
 - 1 : MM/REV or INCH/REV.
- SOR Display of the program directory
 - 0: Programs are listed in the order of registration.
 - 1: Programs are listed in the order of program number.

MDL Display of the modal state on the program display screen

- 0: Not displayed
- 1: Displayed (only in the MDI mode)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3108	JSP	SLM		WCI		РСТ		

- PCT On the program check screen, T code displayed
 - 0: is a T code specified in a program (T).
 - 1: is a T code specified by the PMC (HD. T/NX. T)
- WCI On the workpiece coordinate system screen, a counter input is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- SLM The spindle load meter is:
 - 0: Not displayed.
 - 1: Displayed.



NOTE

- This parameter is enabled only when the DPS parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.3105) is set to 1.
 This is valid only for serial spindles.
- JSP On the current position display screen and program check screen, jog feed is:
 - 0: Not displayed.
 - 1: Displayed.

NOTE

In manual operation mode, the jog feedrate is displayed. In automatic operation mode, the dry run feedrate is displayed. In each case, the feedrate to which a manual feedrate override has been applied is displayed.



	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3109			RHD			ΙΚΥ	DWT	

- DWT Characters G and W in the display of tool wear/geometry compensation amount
 - 0: The characters are displayed at the left of each number.
 - 1: The characters are not displayed.
- IKY On the tool offset screen and workpiece shift screen (T series), soft key [INPUT] is:
 - 0: Displayed.
 - 1 : Not displayed.
- RHD When a manual handle interrupt is generated, the relative position display is:
 - 0: Not updated.
 - 1 : Updated.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the INH parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.7100) is 1.

			#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	3110	ſ						AHC		OFA
31								AHC		

[Data type]

Bit

- OFA The axis names on the offset screen, Y-axis offset screen, and 4th axis offset screen are:
 - 0: Always X, Z, and Y.
 - 1: As specified by parameter No. 1020.
- AHC With a soft key, the alarm history:
 - 0: Can be cleared.
 - 1: Cannot be cleared.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3111	NPA	OPS	OPM			SVP	SPS	svs

[Data type] Bit

- SVS Servo tuning screen
 - 0: Not displayed
 - 1: Displayed
- SPS Spindle tuning screen
 - 0: Not displayed
 - 1: Displayed
- SVP Synchronization errors displayed on the spindle tuning screen 0: Instantaneous values are displayed.
 - 1: Peak-hold values are displayed.
- OPM Operating monitor
 - 0: Not displayed
 - 1: Displayed
- OPS The speedometer on the operating monitor screen indicates:

- 0: Spindle motor speed
- 1 : Spindle speed
- NPA Action taken when an alarm is generated or when an operator message is entered
 - 0: The display shifts to the alarm or message screen.
 - 1: The display does not shift to the alarm or message screen.



		When t	ed ext					anged, a ory data	
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
3114		ICS	IUS	IMS	ISY	IOF	IPR	IPO	
[Data type]	Bit								
[Dutu type] IPO	When	the Pos	functi	on kev	is press	ed while	e the no	sition di	snlav
IPR	screen 0: T 1: T When being	is being he scree he scree	displaye n is char n is not o functio	ed: nged. changed on key i			-	gram scre	
IOF	When	the screet the screet of the screet the screet of the scre	functio	-		while th	ne offset	/setting s	creen
ISY	0: T 1: T When being	The scree	n is char n is not $\frac{1}{2}$ function $\frac{1}{2}$	changed on key		ed while	the sys	tem scre	en is
IMS	When being 0 : T	The screet the restance displayed The screet	function fi: fi:	on key i nged.	s presse	d while	the mess	sage scre	en is
IUS	When		7	-	⁄IDI unit) or GRAPH	(using	standard	MDI
ICS	unit) f being 0 : T 1 : T When while 0 : T	function displayed The scree The scree	key is p l: n is char n is not (using m screet n is char	nged. changed standar n is bein nged.	while the d MDI g display	e custon unit) fu	n or graj	phic scre	een is
	1. 1	110 50100	. 15 1101 0	-initiged	•				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
3115					NDFx	SFMx	NDAx	NDPx	
		D10x			NDFx		NDAx	NDPx	

[Data type] Bit axis NDPx

Display of the current position for each axis

0: The current position is displayed.

1: The current position is not displayed.

NDAx	Position display using absolute coordinates and relative coordinates is:
	0: Performed.

- 1: Not performed. (Machine coordinates are displayed.)
- SFMx In current position display, subscripts are:
 - 0: Added to the absolute, relative, and machine coordinate axis names.
 - 1: Assed only to the machine coordinate axis names.

NDFx To the actual speed display, axis movement data is:

- 0: Added.
- 1: Not added.

NOTE

Even if the PCF parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.3105) is set to 0, so as to add PMC controlled axis movement data to the actual speed display, the movement data for a PMC controlled axis for which NDFx is set to 1 is not added to the actual speed display.

- D10x The current positions (absolute position, relative position, machine position, remaining travel, and travel by manual handle interrupt), and workpiece zero-point offset are:
 - 0: Displayed as usual. (Not multiplied by ten.)
 - 1: Multiplied by ten, and displayed.

Example:

The current position on the Y-axis is multiplied by ten and displayed.

 $X 1.2345 \rightarrow X 1.2345$ $Y 1.2345 \rightarrow Y 12.345$ $Z 1.2345 \rightarrow Z 1.2345$

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
3116	MDC	T8D	COA	FOV		PWR					
[Data type] PWR		No.100 Clear by	<u> </u>	ter enab	,						
FOV	In the 0 : 7	In the field of specified feedrate F on the program check screen, 0 : The specified feedrate is displayed.									
СОА	While is bein 0 : P	an exter ng display Performed	rnal alarr yed, auto d.	n state i	s presen	t or while		ernal mes			
T8D	 Not performed. T codes that are always displayed are displayed with: 0: Four digits. 1: Eight digits. This parameter expands the T code display to eight digits for the continuous S or T display (bit 2 (DPS) of parameter No. 3105 set to 1). 										
MDC	Mainte 0 : A	/	disable.	on by op	perating s	soft key :					
·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
3117						ANS	SPP				
•						ANS		SMS			
		When t	•			the por is contin		st be			
[Data type]	Bit										

- SMS On the program check screen, the soft key to enable or disable the graph of spindle speed and load is:
 - 0: Not displayed.
 - 1: Displayed.
 - SPP On the diagnostic screen, spindle position data (the number of pulses from the position coder, detected after the detection of the one-revolution signal) is:
 - 0: Not displayed.
 - 1: Displayed. (Diagnostic Nos. 445 to 447)
- ANS The subscript of each axis name set in parameter No. 3131 is displayed:
 - 0: Only when the current position is displayed.
 - 1: On the parameter screen, diagnosis screen, alarm screen, and alarm history screen as well as when the current position is displayed.

#6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #7 #0

3118	AS2 AS1
[Data type] AS1 to AS2	 Bit When the actual spindle speeds (SACT) of the first spindle and second spindle are displayed, each value is: 0: The value calculated based on the feedback pulses from the position coder. 1: The value calculated from the spindle motor speed (the same as the spindle speed displayed on the operating monitor screen).
3119	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #0 NVG TPA POR
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] POR	Bit Display in Portuguese is: 0: Disabled.
ТАР	1: Enabled. When the external touch panel interface option is available, the external touch panel is:
NVG	 0: Enabled. 1: Disabled. When a color display device is used, VGA mode is: 0: Used. 1: Not used.
3120	Time from the output of an alarm to the termination of sampling (waveform diagnosis function)
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word ms 1 to 32760 When the waveform diagnosis function is used, this parameter sets the time form the output of a servo alarm until data collection. Storage operation is stopped because of the alarm. (This means that the termination of data collection can be delayed by a specified time.)
3121	Store-type waveform diagnosis data select (waveform diagnosis function)
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte 0 to 1 The six types of sampling data in store-type waveform diagnosis are: 0 : Thermal simulation data. 1 : Spindle load meter.

	3122		Time inte	rval used	to record	time data	in operati	on history	,]		
[U	[Data type] Init of data] data range]	Time of When defaul										
	3123		Time until automatic screen clear function is applied									
[U	[Data type] Jnit of data] data range]	Byte min 1 to 255 This parameter specifies the period that must elapse before the automatic screen clear function is applied. This parameter is valid when bit 1 (COK) of parameter No. 3208 is 0. However, the automatic screen clear function is disabled if 0 is set in this parameter.										
			When t enable	d, man	ual scre	een cle	aring w		is			
			CAN+F	UNCT	ION is	disable	d.					
]	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1		
	3124	D08	D07	D06	D05	D04	D03	D02	D01]		
		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1		
	3125	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D09]		
		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1		
	3126	D24	D23	D22	D21	D20	D19	D18	D17	J		

3127

[Data type] Dxx (xx: 01 to 25)

When modal G code is displayed on the program check screen, the xx group G code is:

#3

#2

#1

#0

D25

0: Displayed.

#7

Bit

1: Not displayed.

#6

#5

#4

3131	Subscript of each axis name
[Data type]	Byte axis This parameter specifies a subscript (one character) of each axis name with a code. The subscript (one character) specified in this parameter is displayed following the axis name.
	NOTE For characters and codes, see the correspondence table in Appendix A.
	[Example] When the axes include X, Z, C, and Y, and the following settings are made, the axis names are displayed as XA, Z1, CS, and Y1: Parameter 3131x 65 (A) Parameter 3131z 49 (1) Parameter 3131c 83 (S) Parameter 3131y 49 (1)
3132	Axis name (absolute coordinate) for current position display
3133	Axis name (relative coordinate) for current position display
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte axis 0 to 255 These parameters set the axis name for current position display. When G code system B or C is used, the axis name set in parameter No.3132 is used for both absolute and relative coordinate axes. The values set in these parameters are used only for display. For a command address, the axis name set in parameter No.1020 is used. When 0 is specified in these parameters, the value set in parameter No.1020 is used.
3134	Axis display order on workpiece coordinate system screen and workpiece shift screen
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte axis 0, 1 to the number of controlled axes This parameter specifies the order in which axes are displayed on the workpiece coordinate system screen and workpiece shift screen (for T series). When the parameters of all axes are set to 0, all axes are displayed. When the parameters of some axes are set, the axes for which a value of 0 is specified do not appear. The displayed axes are consecutive without spaces being left for non-displayed axes.

								_		
3151	Number of the axi	s for whic	h the 1st l	oad meter	for the se	ervo mot	or is used	l		
3152	Number of the axi	s for whic	h the 2nd	load meter	r for the se	ervo mot	or is used	ı		
3153	Number of the axi	lumber of the axis for which the 3rd load meter for the servo motor is used								
3154	Number of the a	xis for wh	ich the 4t	n load met	er for serv	vo motor	is used]		
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte 0, 1,, the Set the numbe meters for the for those axes	rs of the four serv	axes for vo motor	which m s are disj	played. S	Set the j	paramete			
3163	Time req	uired to s	mooth the	spindle lo	ad meter	readings	6			
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte 32 ms 0 to 32 When the spin of the SLM pa be applied to This parameter	arameter the spir r sets the	(bit 6 o ndle load time wi	f parame l meter dth for sr	eter No.3 reading noothing	108)), to prev	smoothi	ing can		
	Setting	Tim		othing (n	nsec)	_				
	0			56		_				
	1			32		_				
	2			64		_				
	3		ļ	96		_				
	:			:		_				
	32			024	1 6		141 6 1.	-4		
	Each smoothin 32 ms and 102	•	tion is p	erformed	i for a ti	ime wi	ath of b	etween		
	#7 #6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
3190	CH2	CZE	SWE	HUN	POL			7		
		-		is set, ration is	•		ust be			
[Data type] POL	Bit Display in Pol 0 : Not perfo 1 : Performe	ormed.								
HUN	Display in Hui 0 : Not perfo	Display in Hungarian is: 0 : Not performed. 1 : Performed.								
SWE	Display in Swe 0 : Not perfo 1 : Performe	ormed.								
CZE	Display in Cze	ech is:								
	-	157 -								

- 0: Not performed.
- 1: Performed.
- CH2 Display in Chinese (simplified Chinese characters)
 - 0: Not performed.
 - 1: Performed.

 	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		САР	FSS		STS			FPS
3191		САР			STS	WKI		

- FPS The unit of values in the display of actual speeds in feed per revolution mode is:
 - 0: Feedrate per minute.
 - 1: Feedrate per spindle rotation.

This parameter is valid when bit 3 (REV) of parameter No. 3107 is set to 1.

- WKI On the workpiece coordinate system setting screen, the soft key [INPUT] is:
 - 0: Displayed.
 - 1 : Not displayed.
- STS When data is input on the setting screen, a confirmation message is:
 - 0: Not displayed.
 - 1: Displayed.
- FSS The feedrate display is switched:
 - 0: In accordance with the operation state.
 - 1: By a DI signal.
- CAP The position of soft key [ALL] that appears by pressing soft key [ERASE] for clearing offset values on the offset screen is:
 - 0: Not changed.
 - 1: Changed.

NOTE

Soft key [ALL] is displayed in the same position as soft key [ERASE]. Therefore, when soft key [ERASE] is pressed twice by mistake, offset data may be all cleared.

Since the position of soft key [ALL] is changed when this parameter is set to 1, it is possible to prevent offset data from being all cleared even when soft key [ERASE] is pressed twice by mistake.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3192			RDM					
[Data type] RDM	The 1 0 :	machine r Enabled. Disabled.		agnostic	message	e notifica	ation fun	ection is:
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3195						CPR		
[Data type] CPR	Press 0 :	sing the [S Displays Does not	the parar	neter set	ting assi			creen.
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3201	MIP	NPE	N99		PUO	REP	RAL	RDL
[Data type] RDL	Whe: 0 :	n a progra The new registered All regist registered edited are	program 1. tered pro 1. Note t	n is regi ograms hat prog	stered for are dele	ollowing ted, ther	the pro	grams al w progr
RAL	0:	n program All progra Only one	ns are reg ams are 1	istered t registere	d.	he reade	er/punche	er interfa
REP	Action is the 0 : 1 :	on in resp e same as An alarm The exis registered being edir	onse to a that of an is generating pro- ting pro- t. Note t	n attem n existin ated. ogram is hat if th	pt to reg g progra s deleted ne existi	m d, then ng prog	the new ram is p	w progra
PUO	0:	n address ":" is outp "O" is out	O of a pr put.					
N99	With prog 0 :	an M99 ram regist Complete Not comp	block, v tration is ed			E) of pa	rameter	No.3201
NPE	With be: 0 :	an M02, Complete Not comp	M30, or ed	M99 bl	ock, prog	gram reg	gistration	is assun
MIP	Prog 0 :	ram regist Not perfo Performe	tration by ormed.	v externa	ıl start si	gnal (Ml	INP) :	

3202		DCD	CPD	NE9	OSR	CND	OLV	NE8
3202		PSR		NES	USK			NEO

NE8 Editing of subprograms with program numbers 8000 to 8999

- 0: Not inhibited
- 1: Inhibited
- The following edit operations are disabled:
- (1) Program deletion (Even when deletion of all programs is specified, programs with program numbers 8000 to 8999 are not deleted.)
- (2) Program output (Even when outputting all programs is specified, programs with program numbers 8000 to 8999 are not output.)
- (3) Program number search
- (4) Program editing of registered programs
- (5) Program registration
- (6) Program collation
- (7) Displaying programs
- OLV When a program other than the selected program is deleted or output:
 - 0: The display of the selected program is not held.
 - 1: The display of the selected program is held.
- CND By using the [CONDENSE] soft key on the program directory screen, the program condensing operation is:
 - 0: Not performed. (The [CONDENSE] soft key is not displayed.)
 - 1 : Performed.
- OSR In programming number search, when pressing soft key [O-SEARCH] without inputting program number by key :
 - 0: Search the following program number
 - 1 : Operation is invalid
- NE9 Editing of subprograms with program numbers 9000 to 9999
 - 0: Not inhibited
 - 1: Inhibited
 - The following program editing during operation is invalid.
 - (1) Program deletion (Even when deletion of all programs is specified, programs with program numbers 9000 to 9999 are not deleted.)
 - (2) Program punching (Even when punching of all programs is specified, programs with program numbers 9000 to 9999 are not punched.)
 - (3) Program number search
 - (4) Program editing after registration
 - (5) Program registration
 - (6) Program collation
 - (7) Displaying programs
- CPD When an NC program is deleted, a confirmation message and confirmation soft key are:
 - 0: Not output.
 - 1: Output.
- PSR Search for the program number of a protected program
 - 0: Disabled
 - 1: Enabled

				ter is se	et, a pro	otected	progra	ım is al	so
3203	#7 MCL	#6 MER	#5 MIE	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0]
[Data type] MIE MER	0 : E 1 : E When operat 0 : N	Enabled Disabled the last	block of e MDI m	f a prog	ram has	editing been exa d block i	ecuted a	•	
MCL	Wheth 0: N	When I end-of- mark % prograr	record is auto n.) gram pre	mark (' omatica	%) is re ally inse	orogram ead and erted at I mode is	execu the en	ited. (Ti d of a	he
	# 7	#0	45		#2	#0	44	#0	
3204	#7	#6 MKP	#5	#4	#3	#2 EXK	#1	#0 PAR	1
[Data type] PAR EXK	0: U 1: U The in 0: N	a small I Jsed as " Jsed as " put char lot used. Jsed.	[" and "] (" and ") acter ext	". ". ension fu	unction i		nd "]" ard	e:	
		The [C on the entry ο key is ι	prograr f "(", ")" useful v	m scree ', and "(when us	en. This @" usir sing the	d to sel s soft ke ng soft l e small ")", and	ey enat keys. T MDI ke	bles the his sof byboard	e t

- MKP When M02, M30, or EOR(%) is executed during MDI operation, the created MDI program is:
 - 0: Erased automatically.
 - 1 : Not erased automatically.

	is	the M 1, exe	ecuting	the la	st block	, provid	les a cl	No.3203) noice of program.	,
r	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
3205	МСК		BGC	OSC	PNS	СМО	CHG	COL	
[Data type] COL	comment 0 : Con	ts of th		am are: r O	ed or o	utput, a	ny colo	ns (:) in	the
CHG	When the 0: Onc is m 1: The	e chang ce the u noved t curso	ge funct user has to the tai r is mov	ion of th decided rget posi ved to th	l whethe tion. he chang	r to mak e source	te a char	is used: nge, the cur which the u	
СМО	 can choose whether to make a change. In extended tape editing, the copy or move operation: 0: Is performed in the usual way. 1: Can also copy or move data from a program to a key-in buffer in units of words. 								
PNS		rogram formed	l.	a search	n by a cu	rsor key	is:		
OSC	On the of 0 : Ena	ffset sc bled.		fset valu	e erasure	e by a so	oft key is	3:	
BGC	 Disabled. When background editing starts: 0: The edit program is initialized (no program is selected). 1: The previous edit program is edited continuously. (Continuous editing is allowed only when neither editing nor operation is being performed in the foreground (that is, when continuation is possible).) 								
МСК	The syste	em tape used.	e memor		functior	n is:			
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
3206	NS2			PHS			MIF		
[Data type] MIF		of the n prohit	oited.	nce info	rmation	screen is	5:		

- 1: Prohibited.
- PHS The selection of an operation history signal and parameters (No. 12801 to No. 128900) are:
 - 0: Not linked.
 - 1: Linked.
- NS2 The CNC screen display function dual display is:
 - 0: Not used.

	1: U	Jsed.							
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
3207								OM4	1
			I	1		1	I	0]
[Data type]	NC Bit	OTE When t be turn	•			een set on is co			ust
OM4	have: 0 : U	ssage di Jp to 256 Jp to 64	5 charact	ers, and	just a sir	ngle mes	sage can	be displ	layed.
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
3208	-		_		_	_	СОК	SKY]
				•					
[Data type] SKY COK	0: H 1: I The av 0: H	 1: Disabled. The automatic screen erase function is: 0: Enabled. 							
	NC	If this p by the irrespe	CAN +	FUNC	TION k	ey is er	nabled,		
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1
3209				UPP		NFU		MPD]
[Data type] MPD NFU	0: N 1: I	a subpro Not displa Displayed screen e	ayed. 1.						on the
UPP	functi screen 0: H 1: M The F 0: I	on key i with the Performed Not perfo OCAS1/ Does not Jploads t	is presse e functio d. rmed. ETHERI upload t	ed to eran key is: NET cnc he protee	ase or d _upload cted prog	lisplay a 3() func grams.	screen,	switch	
3210				Pass	word]

[Data type] 2-word axis

This parameter sets a password for protecting program Nos. 9000 to 9999. When a value other than zero is set in this parameter and this value differs from the keyword set in parameter No.3211, bit 4 (NE9) of parameter No.3202 for protecting program Nos. 9000 to 9999 is automatically set to 1. This disables the editing of program Nos. 9000 to 9999. Until the value set as the password is set as a keyword, NE9 cannot be set to 0 and the password cannot be modified.

NOTE

- 1 The state where password ≠ 0 and password ≠ keyword is referred to as the locked state. When an attempt is made to modify the password by MDI input operation in this state, the warning message "WRITE PROTECTED" is displayed to indicate that the password cannot be modified. When an attempt is made to modify the password with G10 (programmable parameter input), P/S alarm No.231 is issued.
- 2 When the value of the password is not 0, the parameter screen does not display the password. Care must be taken in setting a password.

3211

Keyword

[Data type]

When the value set as the password (set in parameter No.3210) is set in this parameter, the locked state is released and the user can now modify the password and the value set in bit 4 (NE9) of parameter No.3202.

NOTE	
------	--

2-word

The value set in this parameter is not displayed. When the power is turned off, this parameter is set to 0.

3216	

Increment in sequence numbers inserted automatically

The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen".

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Word 0 to 9999

Set the increment for sequence numbers for automatic sequence number insertion (when SEQ, #5 of parameter 0000, is set to 1.)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	-
3232							ND9	ND8	
[Data type] ND8 ND9	or mad 0 : N 1 : E While or mad 0 : N	ero progr lot disab Disabled. progran	ram, disp bled. n No. 90 ram, disp bled.	olay on t 000 to 99	999 is be he progra 999 is be he progra	am scree	en is: cuted as	-	-
3241	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview (first chara		ode or Al	contour]
3242	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview econd cha		ode or Al	contour]
3243	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview third char		ode or Al	contour	
3244	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview ourth cha		ode or Al	contour]
3245	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview (fifth chara		ode or Al	contour]
3246	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview sixth char		ode or Al	contour	
3247	Charac	ter blinkin			d preview eventh cha		ode or Al	contour	
[Data type] l data range]		e charac			naracters		•	AI adv	ance

NOTE

- 1 Set character codes according to the character code list in Appendix A.
- 2 If 0 is set, "AICC" blinks when the AI contour control option is provided, and when the option is not provided, "AIAPC" blinks.

3290	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	KEY	МСМ		IWZ	WZO	MCV	GOF	WOF
[Data type] WOF	0:1	g the tool Not disab Disabled	led	-	-	-		set the o
GOF	Settin 0 : 1 1 : 1	g the tool Not disab Disabled	offset v led (With p	value by	MDI key No.329	/ input is 04 and N	: Io.3295,	disabled set the o disabled
MCV	Macro 0 : 1	o variable Not disab Disabled	setting		•	-		uisableu
	NC	DTE If this p manage			•	•		
WZO	0:1	g a workj Not disab Disabled		ro point (offset va	lue by M	IDI key	input is:
IWZ	Settin (T-set halt st 0 : 1	g a work	ADI key					ece shift
			custom r	nacros b		ev onera	tion is.	
MCM	0: 1	Enabled r Enabled o	egardles	s of the	mode.	cy opera		



If this parameter is set to 1, PWE on the setting screen becomes invalid, and the KEYPRM signal <G046#0> is used to make memory protection and parameter write settings.
3294	Start number of tool offset values whose input by MDI is disabled
3295	Number of tool offset values (from the start number) whose input by MDI is disabled

[Data type] Word

To prevent tool offset values from being changed by MDI key input operation using bit 0 (WOF) of parameter No. 3290 and bit 1 (GOF) of parameter No. 3290, set the inhibited range in this parameter.

Set the start offset number of the tool offset values to be protected in parameter No. 3294 and the number of tool offset values from the start in parameter No. 3295.

When 0 or a negative value is set in parameter No.3294 or parameter No.3295, no modification of the tool offset values is allowed.

When the value set with parameter No.3294 is greater than the maximum tool offset count, no modification is allowed.

[Example]

The following setting disables the modification of both the tool geometry compensation values and tool wear compensation values corresponding to offset numbers 51 to 60:

Bit 1 (GOF) of parameter No.3290=1 (Disables tool offset value modification.)

Bit 0 (WOF) of parameter No.3290=1 (Disables tool wear compensation value modification.)

Parameter No.3294 = 51

Parameter No.3295 = 10

If bit 0 (WOF) of parameter No.3290 is set to 0, the modification of the tool offset values alone is disabled. The tool wear compensation values may be modified.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
3301	HDC				HCG	НСА		нсс			
	Bit										
[Data type]											
HCC	In the	In the VGA-compatible mode display,									
		0: A 256-color bit map data of the screen hard copy is created.1: A 16-color bit map data of the screen hard copy is created.									
HCA	An ala	rm mess	age relat	ted to ha	rd copy i	is:					
		lot displa	2		1.2						
	1: D	Displayed	l.								
HCG	In a m	onochroi	ne bit m	iap,							
	0: B	lack and	white a	re not in	verted. (same as	the scree	en image)			
	1: B	Black and	white a	re invert	ed.						
HDC		en hard o									
	0: N	lot provi	ded.								
	1: P	rovided.									

4.18 PARAMETERS OF PROGRAMS

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3401	GSC	GSB					FCD	DPI
			ABS	MAB				DPI

[Data type] Bit

- DPI When a decimal point is omitted in an address that can include a decimal point
 - 0: The least input increment is assumed.
 - 1: The unit of mm, inches, or second is assumed. (Pocket calculator type decimal point input)
- FCD When an F command and a G command (G98, G99) for feed per minute or feed per rotation are specified in the same block, and the G command (G98, G99) is specified after the F command, the F command is:
 - 0: Assumed to be specified in the mode (G98 or G99) when the F command is specified
 - 1: Assumed to be specified in the mode of the G command (G98 or G99) of the same block

NOTE

Example N1 G99 ;
N2 Faaaa G98 ; - Faaaa is assumed to be specified in the G98 mode.
N3 Fbbbb ; - Fbbbb is assumed to be
specified in the G98 mode.
N4 G99 ; - Fbbbb is assumed to be
specified in G99 mode.
2 In G code system B or C, G98 and G99 function are specified in G94 and G95.

- MAB Switching between the absolute and incremental commands in MDI operation
 - 0: Performed by G90 or G91
 - 1: Depending on the setting of ABS, #5 of parameter No.3401
- ABS Program command in MDI operation
 - 0: Assumed as an incremental command
 - 1: Assumed as an absolute command

NOTE ABS is valid when MAB, #4 of parameter No.3401, is set to 1.

GSB, GSC

C The G code system is set.

GSC	GSB	G code		
0	0	G code system A		
0	1	G code system B		
1	0	G code system C		

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	G23	CLR		FPM	G91			G01
3402	G23	CLR			G91	G19	G18	G01

[Data type] Bit

- G01 Mode entered when the power is turned on or when the control is cleared
 - 0: G00 mode (positioning)
 - 1 : G01 mode (linear interpolation)

G18 and G19

Plane selected when power is turned on or when the control is cleared

G19	G18	G17, G18 or G19 mode
0	0	G17 mode (plane XY)
0	1	G18 mode (plane ZX)
1	0	G19 mode (plane YZ)

- G91 When the power is turned on or when the control is cleared 0: G90 mode (absolute command)
 - 1: G91 mode (incremental command)
- FPM When the power is turned on
 - 0: Feed per revolution on
 - 1 : Feed per minute mode
- CLR Reset button on the MDI panel, external reset signal, reset and rewind signal, and emergency stop signal
 - 0 : Cause reset state.
 - 1 : Cause clear state.

For the reset and clear states, refer to Appendix in the Operator's Manual.

- G23 When the power is turned on
 - 0: G22 mode (stored stroke check on)
 - 1: G23 mode (stored stroke check off)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3403		AD2	CIR					

[Data type] Bit

CIR When neither the distance (I, J, K) from a start point to the center nor an arc radius (R) is specified in circular interpolation (G02, G03):

- 0: The tool moves to an end point by linear interpolation.
- 1: P/S alarm No.022 is issued.
- AD2 Specification of the same address two or more times in a block is:
 - 0: Enabled (Next specification is enabled.)
 - 1: Disabled (P/S alarm No.5074)

NOTE

- 1 When 1 is set, specifying two or more G codes of the same group in a block will also result in an alarm being issued.
- 2 Up to three M codes can be specified in a single block, when bit 7 (M3B) of parameter No.3404 is set to 1.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	3404	M3B	EOR	M02	M30		SBP	POL	
		M3B	EOR	M02	M30		SBP	POL	NOP

[Data type] Bit

- NOP When a program is executed, a block consisting of an O number, EOB, or N number is:
 - 0: Not ignored, but regarded as being one block.
 - 1: Ignored.
- POL For a command address allowing a decimal point, omission of the decimal point is:
 - 0: Enabled
 - 1: Disabled (P/S alarm No.5073)
- SBP Address P of the block including M198 in the subprogram call function
 - 0: Indicating a file number
 - 1 : Indicating a program number
- M30 When M30 is specified in a memory operation:
 - 0: M30 is sent to the machine, and the head of the program is automatically searched for. So, when the ready signal FIN is returned and a reset or reset and rewind operation is not performed, the program is executed, starting from the beginning.
 - 1: M30 is sent to the machine, but the head of the program is not searched for. (The head of the program is searched for by the reset and rewind signal.)
- M02 When M02 is specified in memory operation
 - 0: M02 is sent to the machine, and the head of the program is automatically searched for. So, when the end signal FIN is returned and a reset or reset and rewind operation is not performed, the program is executed, starting from the beginning.
 - 1: M02 is sent to the machine, but the head of the program is not searched for.
- EOR When the end-of-record mark (%) is read during program execution:
 - 0: P/S alarm No.5010 occurs. (Automatic operation is stopped, and the system enters the alarm state.)
 - 1: No alarm occurs. (Automatic operation is stopped, and the system is reset.)
- M3B The number of M codes that can be specified in one block
 - 0 : One
 - 1: Up to three

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3405	QAB	QLG	DDP	CCR	G36	PPS	DWL	AUX

			ושם	ΔΠΧ
			DITE	AUX

[Data type] Bit

- AUX The least increment of the command of the second miscellaneous function specified with a decimal point
 - 0: Assumed to be 0.001
 - 1: Depending on the input increment. (For input in mm, 0.001 is assumed, or for input in inches, 0.0001 is assumed.)
- DWL The dwell time (G04) is:
 - 0: Always dwell per second.
 - 1: Dwell per second in the feed per minute mode, or dwell per rotation in the feed per rotation mode.
- PPS The passing-point signal output function is:
 - 0: Not used
 - 1: Used
- CCR Addresses used for chamfering and corner rounding
 - 0: Address used for chamfering and corner rounding is "I" or "K", not "C". In direct drawing dimension programming, addresses ",C", ",R", and ",A" (with comma) are used in stead of "C", "R", and "A".
 - 1: Addresses used for chamfering, corner rounding, and direct drawing dimension programming are "C", "R", and "A" without comma. Thus, addresses A and C cannot be used as the names of axes.
- DDP Angle commands by direct drawing dimension programming
 - 0: Normal specification
 - 1 : A supplementary angle is given.
- QLG When the passing-point signal output function is used, the remaining distance to be traveled specified in address ",Q" is:
 - 0: The combined distance of all axes
 - 1 : The distance of the longest axis

NOTE

This parameter is valid when bit 7 (QAB) of parameter No.3405 = 0.

- QAB When the passing-point signal output function is used, address ",Q" specifies:
 - 0: Remaining distance to be traveled
 - 1: Coordinate value of the longest axis

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	C07		C05	C04	C03	C02	C01	
3406	C07		C05	C04	C03	C02	C01	
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		C14			C11	C10		C08
3407	C15	C14	C13		C11	C10	C09	C08
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
								C16
3408				C20	C19	C18	C17	C16
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3409	CFH							

[Data type] Bit

```
Cxx (xx: 01 to 20)
```

When bit 6 (CLR) of parameter No.3402 is 1, the reset button on the MDI panel, the external reset signal, the reset and rewind signal, or emergency stop will,

- 0: Clear the G code with group number xx.
- 1: Not clear the G code with group number xx.
- CFH When bit 6 (CLR) of parameter No.3402 is 1, the reset button on the MDI panel, the external reset signal, the reset and rewind signal, or emergency stop will,
 - 0: Clear F codes, H codes (for the M series), D codes (for the M series), and T codes (for the T series).
 - 1: Not clear F codes, H codes (for the M series), D codes (for the M series), and T codes (for the T series).

3410

Tolerance of arc radius

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

1 to 99999999

2-word

When a circular interpolation command (G02, G03) is executed, the tolerance for the radius between the start point and the end point is set. If the difference of radii between the start point and the end point exceeds the tolerance set here, a P/S alarm No.20 is informed.

NOTE

When the set value is 0, the difference of radii is not checked.



[Data type] [Valid data range]

Byte

0 to 255

Set M codes that prevent buffering the following blocks. If processing directed by an M code must be performed by the machine without buffering the following block, specify the M code. M00, M01, M02, and M30 always prevent buffering even when they are not specified in these parameters.

3421	Minimum value 1 of M code preventing buffering
3422	Maximum value 1 of M code preventing buffering
3423	Minimum value 2 of M code preventing buffering
3424	Maximum value 2 of M code preventing buffering
3425	Minimum value 3 of M code preventing buffering
3426	Maximum value 3 of M code preventing buffering
3427	Minimum value 4 of M code preventing buffering
3428	Maximum value 4 of M code preventing buffering
3429	Minimum value 5 of M code preventing buffering
3430	Maximum value 5 of M code preventing buffering
3431	Minimum value 6 of M code preventing buffering
3432	Maximum value 6 of M code preventing buffering

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Word 0 to 65535

When a specified M code is within the range specified with parameter Nos. 3421 and 3422, 3423 and 3424, 3425 and 3426, 3427 and 3428, 3429 and 3430, or 3431 and 3432, buffering for the next block is not performed until the execution of the block is completed.

NOTE

- 1 The specification of a minimum value that exceeds the specified maximum value is invalid.
- 2 When there is only one data item, set the following: minimum value = maximum value.

3435	Central angle limit of circular with R specification

[Data type] Byte [Unit of data] 1°

[Valid data range] 0 to 180

Set a central angle limit that can be permitted in commands for circular interpolation with R specification (G02 and G03). If circular interpolation of which central angle exceeds the limit is specified, P/S alarm No.23 is issued.

If this parameter is set to 0, the radius R specification alarm function is disabled.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	3450				NPS	CQD			
		BDX				CQD			AUP

[Data type] Bit

- AUP When a command for the second miscellaneous function contains a decimal point or negative sign:
 - 0: The command is invalid.
 - 1: The command is valid.

NOTE

For the T series, a decimal point and negative sign are supported for commands for the second miscellaneous function, regardless of the setting made with this parameter.

- CQD The method used for determining the amount of travel in circular interpolation is:
 - 0: Series 16 type.
 - 1: Series 15 type.
- NPS A block that contains M98 Pxxx or M99, and which contains no addresses other than O and N functions:
 - 0: As a one-block NC statement involving no movement. (A single-block stop is caused.)
 - 1 : As a macro statement.

(A single-block stop is not caused. Moreover, the block is not regarded as a block involving no movement in tool-tip radius compensation mode.)

- BDX A decimal point specified with address B is handled:
 - 0: In the conventional way.
 - 1: In the same way as in a system equipped with the second auxiliary function.

In a system without second auxiliary function, the decimal point specified with address B can be handled as in a system equipped with the second auxiliary function. The following parameters can be used:

- Bit 0 (AUP) of parameter No. 3450
- Bit 0 (AUX) of parameter No. 3405

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	3451								
					NBN	сск	SDP		GQS

[Data type]

- GQS When G33 is specified, the threading start angle shift function (Q) is: 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

Bit

- SDP The function to specify an S command with decimal point is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.

An S command with one decimal place can be specified. However, the S command value is rounded off to the nearest whole number. Example:

Relationships between specified value and S code output/alarm $S200.5 \rightarrow S$ code output value = 201

S200.2 -> S code output value = 200

S200.12 \rightarrow P/S007 alarm is raised.

- CCK If chamfering or corner R is enabled and if the end point specified in an arc command is not complete,
 - 0: No alarm is raised.
 - 1: An alarm (P/S058 alarm) is raised.

This parameter specifies whether an alarm is raised if chamfering or corner R is enabled, if the end point specified in an arc command is not complete, and if an address is omitted.

If the end point is omitted in an arc command, chamfering or corner R may affect the omitted point, and the operation may not be performed as intended by the programmer. If this parameter is specified, an alarm can be raised for that type of program execution.

- NBN If bit 0 (NOP) of parameter No. 3404 is set to 1, a block including just N (sequence number) is:
 - 0: Ignored.
 - 1: Not ignored but handled as a single block.



[Data type] Bit

- CRD If the functions of chamfering or corner R and direct drawing dimension programming are both enabled,
 - 0: Chamfering or corner R is enabled.

1: Direct drawing dimension programming is enabled.

If the functions of chamfering or corner R and direct drawing dimension programming are both specified, this parameter specifies which function is used.

This parameter is displayed also on the setting screen.("CHAMFERING/DIRECTDRAWINGDROGRAMMING")The function to be enabled can be changed

from the setting screen or parameter screen.



[Data type] Bit

RF2 Reference position return commands G28.2 and G30.2, which suppress in-position checks during reference position return, are:
 0: Invalid.

1: Valid.

Bit axis

	 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3455								
								AXDx

[Data type]

AXDx If a decimal point is omitted for an address with which a decimal point can be used, the value is determined:

- 0: In accordance with the least input increment.
- 1: In millimeters, inches, or seconds. (calculator-type decimal point input)

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is valid if bit 0 (DPI) of parameter No. 3401 is set to 0.
- 2 Because some addresses (such as R and K) are not related to an axis, setting this parameter for all axes is not equivalent to setting bit 0 (DPI) of parameter No. 3401 to 1.
- 3 This parameter cannot be used together with:
 - Macro executor
 - Basic operation package
 - Macro call argument

3460	
	Address for second miscellaneous function

[Data type] H

Byte

This parameter specifies the address used for the second miscellaneous function, as follows:

Address	А	В	С	U	V	W
Set value	65	66	67	85	86	87

Address B is assumed when a value other than the above is set. Axes names cannot be used to specify the address.

4.19 PARAMETERS OF PITCH ERROR COMPENSATION



Fig.4.19 Pitch error compensation position number and value (example)

In the above example, set 33 as the number of the pitch error compensation position for the reference position.

3621	Number of the pitch error compensation position at extremely negative position for each axis
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Number 0 to 1023 Set the number of the pitch error compensation position at the extremely negative position for each axis.
3622	Number of the pitch error compensation position at extremely positive position for each axis
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Number 0 to 1023 Set the number of the pitch error compensation position at the extremely positive position for each axis. This value must be larger than set value of parameter (No.3620).

3623	Magnification for pitch error	compensat	ion for each a	axis	
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	NOTE When this parameter turned off before oper Byte axis 1 0 to 100 Set the magnification for pitch e	ration is	continue	d.	5.
3624	If the magnification is set to 1, used for the compensation dat selected by setting 1 is selected.	a. If 0 is	set, the sa	me magni	
	NOTE When this parameter turned off before oper		•		
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word axis				
	Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
	Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
	Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
	Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg
[Valid data range]	0 to 99999999 The pitch error compensation spacing. The space between two The minimum interval between limited and obtained from the for Minimum interval between p maximum feedrate (rapid traver Units: Minimum interval between mm, inch, deg Maximum feedrate: mm/m Example: When the maximum feed interval between pitch error If setting a magnification compensation amount at a co enlarge the interval between the multiple calculated as follows: Multiple = maximum compense (Round the remained Minimum interval between pitch	adjacent pitch erro pilowing e itch error se rate)/75 n pitch er in, inch/m rate is 15 r compensation causes the ompensation e compensation sation amounts h error con	positions is or compensi quation: compensi 500 rror compensi 500 rror compensi 500 mm/n sation position nsation position nsation position nsation position nsation position nsation position nsation position nsation position	s set for eac sation posit ation posit ensation po n nin, the mit ions is 2 m the value n to exceet sitions by ute value)/1 integer.) positions	ch axis. tions is tions = sitions: inimum m. of the ed 100, using a 128
[Example 1]	 Value obtained from the For linear axis Machine stroke: -400 mm 			arate × mu	itiple

- Interval between the pitch error compensation positions: 50 mm
- No. of the compensation position of the reference position: 40

If the above is specified, the No. of the farthest compensation point in the negative direction is as follows:

No. of the compensation position of the reference position - (Machine stroke length in the negative direction/Interval between the

compensation points) + 1

= 40 - 400/50 + 1

=33

No. of the farthest compensation position in the positive direction is as follows:

No. of the compensation position of the reference position +

(Machine stroke length in the positive direction/Interval between the compensation positions)

=40+800/50

= 56

The correspondence between the machine coordinate and the compensation position No. is as follows:



Therefore, set the parameters as follows:

Parameter							
No. 3620: Compensation point number for reference position	40						
No. 3621: Compensation point number for farthest point in the negative direction	33						
No. 3622: Compensation point number for farthest point in the positive direction	56						
No. 3623: Compensation magnification	1						
No. 3624: Compensation point interval	50000						

The compensation value is output at the compensation position No. corresponding to each section between the coordinates.

The fo	ollow	ving	is an	exam	ple o	f the	comp	oensa	tion v	value	s.

No.	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
Compensation values	+2	+1	+1	-2	0	-1	0	-1	+2	+1	0	-1	-1	-2	0	+1	+2



[Example 2]

2] For the rotation axis

- Amount of movement per rotation: 360°
 - Interval between pitch error compensation position: 45°
 - No. of the compensation position of the reference position: 60

If the above is specified, the No. of the farthest compensation position in the negative direction for the rotation axis is always equal to the compensation position No. of the reference position.

The No. of the farthest compensation position in the positive direction is as follows:

No. of the compensation position of the reference position +

(Move amount per rotation/Interval between the compensation position)

= 60 + 360/45

= 68

The correspondence between the machine coordinate and the compensation position No. is as follows:

The compensation value is output at the circled position.

If the sum of the compensation value from 61 to 68 is not zero, the pitch error per rotation accumulates, resulting in a positional shift.

For compensation position 60, set the same compensation value as for 68.



Set the parameters as follows:

Parameter	Setting				
No. 3620: Compensation point number for reference position					
No. 3621: Compensation point number for farthest point in the negative direction	60				
No. 3622: Compensation point number for farthest point in the positive direction	68				
No. 3623: Compensation magnification	1				
No. 3624: Compensation point interval	45000				

The following is an example of compensation values.

No. of the compensation position	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68
Compensation value	+1	-2	+1	+3	-1	-1	-3	+2	+1



	3625	Travel distance per revolution in pitch error compensation of rotation axis type
		NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
	[Data type] data range]	 2-word axis 0 to 99999999 If the pitch error compensation of rotation axis type is performed (bit 1 (ROSx) of parameter No. 1006 is set to 0 and bit 0 (ROTx) of parameter No. 1006 is set to 1), set the travel distance per revolution. The travel distance per revolution does not have to be 360 degrees, and a cycle of pitch error compensation of rotation axis type can be set. However, the travel distance per revolution, compensation interval, and number of compensation points must satisfy the following condition: (Travel distance per revolution) = (Compensation interval) × (Number of compensation points) The compensation at each compensation point must be set so that the total compensation per revolution equals 0.
		 NOTE 1 If 0 is set, the travel distance per revolution becomes 360 degrees. 2 When setting a value other than 360 (and 0) degrees, set the same value as the value set in parameter No. 1260.
	3626	Number of pitch error compensation point at the farthest end in the negative direction (for movement in the negative direction)
		NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	Word axis Number 0 to 1023, 3000 to 4023 When using both-direction pitch error compensation, set the number of pitch error compensation point at the farthest end in the negative direction for a movement in the negative direction.
		 NOTE 1 For a movement in the positive direction, set the compensation point number at the farthest end in the negative direction in parameter No. 3621. 2 A set of compensation data items for a single axis

2 A set of compensation data items for a single axis should not be set to lie astride 1023 and 3000.

	3627	Pitch error compensation (absolute value) at reference position when a movement to the reference position is made from the direction opposite to the direction of reference position return
		NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[U	Data type nit of data data range] Detection unit

4.20 PARAMETERS OF SPINDLE CONTROL

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3700	ESP		ESV	MSE			NRF	

[Data type] Bit

- NRF The first move command (such as G00 and G01) after the serial spindle is switched to Cs axis contouring control performs:
 - 0: Positioning after returning to the reference position.
 - 1: Normal positioning.

NOTE

When using the Cs axis establishment function, this parameter is recommended to be set to 1.

- MSE Rigid tapping synchronization error data output when bit 5 (ESV) of parameter No. 3700 is set to 1 or when bit 7 (ESP) of parameter No. 3700 is set to 1 is:
 - 0: A synchronization error in the positional deviation. (equivalent to DGN No. 456)
 - 1: A synchronization error in the machine position. (equivalent to DGN No. 459)
- ESV When bit 7 (ESP) of parameter No. 3700 is set to 1, rigid tapping synchronization error data is:
 - 0: Not output to the servo system.
 - 1 : Output to the servo system.

NOTE

Set this parameter as necessary when making servo and spindle adjustments by using a servo guide and so forth. After completing adjustments, reset this parameter to 0.

- ESP Rigid tapping synchronization error data is:
 - 0: Not output to the spindle.
 - 1 : Output to the spindle.

NOTE

Set this parameter as necessary when making servo and spindle adjustments by using a servo guide and so forth. After completing adjustments, reset this parameter to 0.



NOTE

1	This parameter is valid, when the spindle serial
	output option is provided and parameter ISI(bit 1 of
	parameter No.3701)is 0.
~	

- 2 (a) Confirmation of connection of the second serial spindle amplifier, and communication with it
 - (b) Control of the second spindle during asynchronous control (SIND2)When this parameter is set, it is also necessary to

set the serial spindle parameter for the second spindle.



3781 to No. 3783 as well.



[Data type]

ESF When the spindle control function (Spindle analog output or Spindle serial output) is used, and the constant surface speed control function is used or bit 4 (GTT) of parameter No.3705 is set to 1:

- S codes and SF are output for all S commands. 0:
- S codes and SF are not output for an S command in constant 1: surface speed control mode (G96 mode) or for an S command used to specify maximum spindle speed clamping (G50S---;)

NOTE

For the T series, this parameter is enabled when bit 4 (EVS) of parameter No.3705 is set to 1.

- For the M series, SF is not output:
- For an S command used to specify maximum spindle speed clamping (G92S---;) in constant surface speed control mode
- (2) When bit 5 (NSF) of parameter No.3705 is set to 1
- GST The SOR signal is used for:
 - 0: Spindle orientation
 - 1 : Gear shift

NOTE

If the function of constant surface speed control or bit 4 (GTT) of parameter No. 3706 is specified, this parameter is invalid.

SGB Gear switching method

- 0: Method A (Parameters 3741 to 3743 for the maximum spindle speed at each gear are used for gear selection.)
- 1: Method B (Parameters 3751 and 3752 for the spindle speed at the gear switching point are used for gear selection.)
- SGT Gear switching method during tapping cycle (G84 and G74)
 - 0: Method A (Same as the normal gear switching method)
 - 1: Method B (Gears are switched during tapping cycle according to the spindle speed set in parameters 3761 and 3762).
- EVS When the spindle control function (Spindle analog output or Spindle serial output) is used, S codes and SF are:
 - 0: Not output for an S command.
 - 1 : Output for an S command.

NOTE

The output of S codes and SF for an S command in constant surface speed control mode (G96), or for an S command used to specify maximum spindle speed clamping (G50S---;) depends on the setting of bit 0 (ESF) of parameter No.3705.

- NSF If the function of constant surface speed control is specified or if bit 4 (GTT) of parameter No. 3706 is set to 1 and when an S code is specified,
 - 0: SF is output.
 - 1: SF is not output.
- SFA The SF signal is output:
 - 0: When gears are switched.
 - 1: Irrespective of whether gears are switched.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
Γ		тсw	CWM	ORM				PG2	PG1
	3706	тсw	смм	ORM	GTT			PG2	PG1

[Data type] Bit

PG2 and PG1 Gear ratio of spindle to position coder

Magnification	PG2	PG1						
×1	0	0		Number of spindle				
×2	0	1	Magnification	revolutions				
×4	1	0	Magnification=	Number of position				
×8	1	1		coder revolutions				

- GTT Selection of a spindle gear selection method
 - Type M. 0:
 - 1: Type T.

NOTE

	JIE
1	The gear selection method differs as described below. For details, refer to the description of
	spindle control in the connection manual (function part).
	Type M: The CNC determines a proper gear from the
	parameter setting and S command value, and requests the PMC to specify the gear and its
	switching.
	In addition, spindle control is exercised according
	to a gear selected by the CNC. Type T:
	The CNC exercises spindle control according to a gear selected by the PMC.
2	When the constant surface speed control option is selected, type T is selected, regardless of whether this parameter is specified.
3	When type T spindle gear switching is selected, the
	following parameters have no effect:
	No.3705#2 SGB, No.3751, No.3752, No.3705#3 SGT,
	No.3761, No.3762, No.3705#6 SFA, No.3735, No.3736
	On the other hand, parameter No. 3744 becomes usable for ordinary spindle control.

- ORM Voltage polarity during spindle orientation
 - 0: Positive
 - 1: Negative

TCW, CWM

Voltage polarity when the spindle speed voltage is output

тсw	CWM	Voltage polarity
0	0	Both M03 and M04 positive
0	1	Both M03 and M04 negative

	1	0	MO	3 positive					
	1	1	MO	3 negativ	ve, M04 po	ositive			
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	_
3707							P22	P21	
[Data type]	Bit								
P22 and P21		tio of spi	ndla to	second	nosition	aadar			
r 22 and r 21					position	couer			
		Magnification P22 P21							
		×1	0	0	Magnification=		Number of spindle revolutions		
		×2	0	1					
		×4	1	0	Magnine	cation=	Number of position		
		×8	1	1			code	r revoluti	ons
	NOTE This parameter is valid when the multi-spindle control option is selected.								

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		тѕо	SOC	SVD			SAT	SAR
3708		TSO	SOC	SVD				SAR

[Data type] Bit

SAR The spindle speed arrival signal is:

- 0: Not checked
- 1: Checked
- SAT Check of the spindle speed arrival signal at the start of executing the thread cutting block
 - 0: The signal is checked only when SAR, #0 of parameter 3708, is set.
 - 1: The signal is always checked irrespective of whether SAR is set.

NOTE

When thread cutting blocks are consecutive, the spindle speed arrival signal is not checked for the second and subsequent thread cutting blocks.

- SVD When the SIND signal is on, the detection of spindle speed fluctuation is:
 - 0: Disabled
 - 1: Enabled
- SOC During constant surface speed control (G96 mode), the speed clamp by the maximum spindle speed clamp command (M series: G92 S_; T series: G50 S_;) is carried out:

0: Before spindle speed override.

1 : After spindle speed override.

If this parameter is set to 0, the spindle speed may exceed the maximum spindle speed (numeric value following S in G92 S_; (M series) or G50 S_; (T series)).

If this parameter is set to 1, the spindle speed is limited to the maximum spindle speed.

The spindle speed is limited to the upper limit of spindle speed specified in parameter No. 3772, irrespective of the setting of this parameter.

- TSO During a threading or tapping cycle, the spindle override is:
 - 0: Disabled (tied to 100%).
 - 1: Enabled.

		NOTE During rigid tapping, the override is tied to 100%,							
		irrespective of the setting of this parameter.							
	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 #0								
3709	THB				MRS	MSI	RSC	SAM	
3709				SMC			RSC		
[Data type] SAM	e] Bit							eed	
 1: 1 RSC In the constant surface speed control mode, the surface speerapid traverse block is calculated: 0: In accordance with the coordinates of the end point. 									
MSI	 In accordance with the current value, as in cutting feed. In multi-spindle control, the SIND signal is valid Only when the first spindle is valid (SIND signal for the 2nd, spindle becomes ineffective) For each spindle irrespective of whether the spindle is sele (Each spindle has its own SIND signal). 						or the 2nd,		
MRS	 When the S 12-bit code signals and actual spindle speed signals a output in multi-spindle control: 0: Signals common to the first through second spindles are use In this case, information about a spindle selected by the spind selection signal (SWS1-SWS2<g027#0-#1>) is output.</g027#0-#1> 1: Information about each of the first through third spindles output on individual signals. 								
	Signa	l			When M	RS is set	to 0	When MF is set to 1	
	S 12-bit code signals R010-R12O <f036,f037> Actual spindle speed signals AR0-AR15<f040,f041></f040,f041></f036,f037>				First spindle (SWS1 = 1) Second spindle (SWS1 = 0, SWS2 = 1)				
S 12-bit code signals 2						Second spindle			

NOTE

To use this parameter, the multi-spindle control option and spindle serial output are required.

SMC The function to check a large S command is:

- 0: Not used.
- 1 : Used.

If a spindle gear of M type is selected, this function compares the specified S value and the settings of parameters No. 3741 to No. 3743 and raises an alarm if the S value is greater.

If this function is used, specifying an S value larger than the settings of parameters No. 3741 to No. 3743 causes P/S alarm 5310 to be raised.

NOTE

This function cannot be used together with any of bit 4 (GTT) of parameter No. 3706, constant surface speed control, or multi-spindle control.

THB The threading start type is:

- 0: Type A.
- 1: Type B.

NOTE

When using PMC axis control, set this parameter to 1.

_		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
			CSL						
	3710		CSL			SGR			

[Data type] Bit

- SGR When method B is selected as the spindle gear switching method for a tapping cycle (G84 or G74) (bit 3 (SGT) of parameter No. 3705 = 1), gear switching method B is used for:
 - 0: Both tapping and rigid tapping.
 - 1: Rigid tapping only.
- CSL In Cs contour control mode, fine acceleration/deceleration is disabled for:
 - 0: An axis selected by the signal (CDFn <G0127>) issued from the PMC. (n = 1 to 4)
 - 1 : An axis for which interpolation is performed with the Cs contour controlled axis (parameter No. 39n0). (n = 0 to 2)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3712						CSF		

[Data type] Bit

- CSF The Cs axis coordinate setup function is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

NOTE

When setting this parameter to 1, also set bit 5 of parameter No. 4353 to 1.

·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3713								SIM
	NC						, the po	ower must
[Data type] SIM	(bit 3 comm 0 : 7 1 : 7	of paran hand are s The S c complete	neter No specified ommand d. mmand	. 3703 = in the sa becomes	1), and ame bloc es valid	an axis k: l after a	move co an axis	indle selection ommand and S movement is when an axis
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3715								NSAx
[Data type] NSAx	 [Data type] Bit axis NSAx This parameter specifies an axis for wh speed reached signal (SAR) is unnecess executed for the axis. When a move of axis for which 1 is set in this parame signal (SAR) is not checked. 0: Confirmation of SAR is necessary. 1: Confirmation of SAR is unnecessary. 						en a mov d is issu	re command is ed only for an
3730	Data	used for a	djusting t	he gain of	the analo	g output o	of spindle	speed
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Set da		or adjust	ting the §	gain of th	ne analog	g output	of
[Adjustment method]	 (2) (3) (4) (5) 	speed is t Measure Assign th No.3730. Set valu After sett	the spindle the maximum the output e value of $e = \frac{1}{Me}$ ing the put of	le speed num vol ut voltag obtained <u>10 (V</u> easured d paramete ` the spi	so that t tage (10 e. by the for ata (V) er, specifindle sport	he analo V). ollowing ×1000 Y the sp eed is th	g output g equatio	of the spindle n to parameter eed so that the mum voltage.



NOTE

This parameter usually need not to be set for serial spindles (Set to 0).







Fig.4.20 (b) Maximum Spindle Speed Corresponding to Gear 1/2/3

NOTE

If a type-T gear shift scheme is selected for the M series (with the constant surface speed control option installed or parameter GTT (bit 4 of parameter No. 3706) = 1), parameter No. 3744 is usable also in the M series. Note, however, that, even in this case, only up to

three main gear stages are usable for rigid tapping.









Fig.4.20 (d) Spindle Motor Speed at Gear 1-2/2-3 Change Point during Tapping

3770

Axis as the calculation reference in constant surface speed control

[Data type] Byte

[Valid data range]

0, 1, ..., number of control axes

Set the axis as the calculation reference in constant surface speed control.

NOTE

When 0 is set, constant surface speed control is always applied to the X-axis. In this case, specifying P in a G96 block has no effect on the constant surface speed control.

3771

Minimum spindle speed in constant surface speed control mode (G96)

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

2-word min⁻¹ 0 to 32767 Set the minin

Set the minimum spindle speed in the constant surface speed control mode (G96).

The spindle speed in constant surface speed control is clamped to the speed given by parameter 3771.

3772	Maximum spindle speed				
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	2-word min ⁻¹ 0 to 32767 This parameter sets the maximum spindle speed. When a command specifying a speed exceeding the maximum speed of the spindle is specified, or the speed of the spindle exceeds the maximum speed because of the spindle speed override function, the spindle speed is clamped at the maximum speed set in the parameter.				
	 NOTE 1 For M series, this parameter is valid if the function of constant surface speed control is provided or parameter GTT (bit 4 of No. 3706) is set to 1. 2 When the constant surface speed control is selected, the spindle speed is clamped at the maximum speed, regardless of whether the G96 mode or G97 mode is specified. 3 When 0 is set in this parameter, the speed of the spindle is not clamped. 4 When spindle speed command control is applied using the PMC, this parameter has no effect, and the spindle speed is not clamped. 5 When the multi-spindle control is selected (T series), set the maximum speed for each spindle in the following parameters: Parameter No.3772: Sets the maximum speed for the first spindle. Parameter No.3802: Sets the maximum speed for the second spindle. Parameter No.3822: Sets the maximum speed for the third spindle. 				
3781	P code for selecting the first spindle in multi-spindle control				
-----------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--
3782	P code for selecting the second spindle in multi-spindle control				
3783	P code for selecting the third spindle in multi-spindle control				
	NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.				
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 0, 1 to 32767 If bit 3 (MPP) of parameter No. 3703 is set to 1, set the P code to select each spindle under multi-spindle control. Specify the P code in a block containing the S command. Example) If the P code value for selecting the second spindle is set to 3, S1000 P3; causes the second spindle to rotate at S1000.				
	 NOTE 1 This parameter is valid if bit 3 (MPP) of parameter No. 3703 is set to 1. 2 If this parameter is set to 0, the corresponding spindle cannot be selected by a P code. 3 Identical P code values cannot be used for different spindles. 4 If this parameter is used (bit 3 (MPP) of parameter No. 3703 is set to 1), signals SWS1 to SWS3 <g027 0="" 2="" bits="" to=""> become invalid.</g027> 5 To use this parameter, the multi-spindle control function is needed. 				

3802	Maximum speed of the second spindle					
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	2-word min ⁻¹ 0 to 32767 Parameter sets the maximum speed for the second spindle. When a command specifying a speed exceeding the maximum speed of the spindle is specified, or the speed of the spindle exceeds the maximum speed because of the spindle speed override function, the spindle speed is clamped at the maximum speed set in the parameter.					
	 NOTE 1 This parameter is valid when the multi-spindle control is selected. 2 When the constant surface speed control is selected, the spindle speed is clamped to a maximum speed, regardless of whether the G96 mode or G87 mode is set. 3 When this parameter is set to 0, parameter No. 3772 (maximum speed of the first spindle) is valid. The spindle speed is not clamped when parameter No. 3772 is set to 0. 4 When spindle speed command control is applied using the PMC, this parameter has no effect, and the spindle speed is not clamped. 					
3811	Maximum spindle speed for gear 1 of the second spindle Maximum spindle speed for gear 2 of the second spindle					
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	min ⁻¹					

NOTE These parameters are used for the multi-spindle control.

3820 Data for adjusting the gain of the analog output of the third-spindle speed [Data type] Word [Unit of data] 0.1% [Valid data range] 700 to 1250 Set the data used for adjusting the gain of the analog output of the third spindle speed. NOTE This parameter is used for controlling the multi-spindles. Offset-voltage compensation value of the analog output of the third-spindle 3821 speed Word [Data type] [Unit of data] Velo [Valid data range] -1024 to 1024 Set the offset-voltage compensation value of the analog output of the third-spindle speed. (See the description of parameter No. 3731.) NOTE This parameter is used for controlling the multi-spindles. 3822 Maximum speed of the third spindle [Data type] Word min⁻¹ [Unit of data] [Valid data range] 0 to 32767 This parameter sets the maximum speed for the third spindle. When a command specifying a speed exceeding the maximum spindle speed is specified, or the spindle speed exceeds the maximum speed because of the spindle speed override function, the spindle speed is clamped at the maximum speed set in the parameter.

	NOTE
	1 This parameter is valid when the multi-spindle control is selected.
	2 When the constant surface speed control option is selected, the spindle speed is clamped to a maximum speed, regardless of whether the G96 mode or G97 mode is set.
	 When this parameter is set to 0, parameter No. 3772 (maximum speed of the first spindle) is valid. The spindle speed is not clamped when parameter No. 3772 is set to 0.
	4 When spindle speed command control is applied using the PMC, this parameter has no effect, and the speed of the spindle is not clamped.
3831	Maximum spindle speed for gear 1 of the third spindle
3832	Maximum spindle speed for gear 2 of the third spindle
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word min ⁻¹ 0 to 32767 Set the maximum spindle speed for each gear of the third spindle.

NOTE These parameters are used for the multi-spindle control.

List of parameters for control of serial interface spindle Cs contouring control axis

No.	Data		Description
	type		
3900	Byte	First	Number of the servo axis whose loop gain is to be changed according to the set values of
		group	parameters 3901 to 3904 when the Cs contouring axis is controlled (set values 0 to 8)
3901	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 1 selection
3902	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 2 selection
3903	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 3 selection
3904	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 4 selection
3910	Byte	Second	Number of the servo axis whose loop gain is to be changed according to the set values of
		group	parameters 3911 to 3914 when the Cs contouring axis is controlled (set values 0 to 8)
3911	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 1 selection
3912	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 2 selection
3913	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 3
			selection
3914	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 4
			selection

No.	Data		Description
	type		
3920	Byte	Third group	Number of the servo axis whose loop gain is to be changed according to the set values of parameters 3921 to 3924 when the Cs contouring axis is controlled (set values 0 to 8)
3921	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 1 selection
3922	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 2 selection
3923	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 3 selection
3924	Word		Loop gain for the servo axis when the Cs contouring axis is controlled for spindle gear 4 selection

List of parameters for control of serial interface spindle Cs contouring control axis

<Setting method>

First, select servo axes which perform interpolation with the Cs contouring axis. (Up to three axes can be selected.)

When there is no servo axis for interpolation with the Cs contouring axis, set the parameters 3900, 3910, and 3920 to 0 to terminate parameter setting.

When there are servo axes for interpolation with the Cs contouring axis, the parameters must be set according to the procedure below for each axis.

- (1) Set the number of a servo axis (1 to 4) for interpolation with the Cs contouring axis in parameters 39n0 (n = 0, 1, and 2).
- (2) Set loop gain values of the servo axis specified in (1) above which is used when the Cs contouring axis is controlled in parameters 39n1, 39n2, 39n3, and 39n4. (There are four stages for main gears used.)
- (3) When the number of specified servo axes is less than 3, set the remaining parameters (39n0) to 0 to terminate parameter setting.When the number of a Cs contouring axis is set to parameter 39n0, the parameter is assumed to be set to 0.

NOTE

- 1 In general, it is difficult to set a high loop gain for a spindle motor axis when compared with a servo axis. These parameters are provided so that, by changing the loop gain of a servo axis that requires interpolation with the Cs contour axis, interpolation control can be exercised correctly between the Cs axis and servo axis while the spindle exercises Cs contour control.
- 2 The loop gain of the servo axis is changed using the parameter settings made for a spindle gear selected at the time of conversion from the spindle mode to the Cs contour control mode.

In normal use, it is unlikely that the gear of the spindle is switched during Cs contour control. However, note that if the gear of the spindle is changed during Cs contour control, the loop gain of the servo axis is not changed.

3 Even when multiple Cs axes are used (bit 7 (CSS) of parameter No. 3704 = 1), these parameters are shared.

Parameters for Serial interface spindle or spindle

Parameters Nos. 4000 to 4539 below are basically used with the serial spindle amplifier (SPM). For details of these parameters, refer to either of the following manuals and other related documents, depending on the spindle that is actually connected.

- FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR α*i* series Parameter Manual (B-65280EN)
- FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR α series Parameter Manual (B-65160E)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
4000										
;	r				:			i		
4015		(No user setting allowed = Note 1)								
:					:					
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
4019	(Note 2)									
[Data type]	Bit axi	s (spind	le)							
4020										
:	L							ı		
4133										
[Data type]	Word	axis (spi	ndle)							
4134										
4135										
[Data type]	2-word	d axis (sp	pindle)							
4136										
:										
4175										
[Data type]	Word	Word axis (spindle)								
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
4176										
:	Г									
4191			(No use	er setting a	allowed =	Note 1)				
:					:					
1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
4195	(Note 2)									

[Data type] Bit axis (spindle)

4.DESCRIPTION OF PARAMETERS

4196									
: 4309									
[Data type]	Word axis (spindle)								
4310									
4311									
[Data type]	2-word	d axis (sp	oindle)						
4312									
: 4351									
[Data type]	Word	axis (spii	ndle)						
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
4352									
r1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
4353									
[Data type]	Bit axi	is (spindl	e)						
4354									
: 4372					:				
[Data type]	Word	axis (spir	ndle)						
·1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
4373									
4374	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
[Data type]	Bit axi	Bit axis (spindle)							
4375									
: 4393				:	:				

[Data type] Word axis (spindle)



[Data type] Word axis (spindle)

Notes on parameters of the spindle amplifier with the serial interface

 Among the parameters of the spindle amplifier with the serial interface, parameters Nos. 4015 and 4191 cannot be changed by the users. These parameters require to assign optional software to the CNC and are

automatically set depending on the type of the software.

- 2 To set the parameters of the spindle amplifier with the serial interface automatically, set #7 of parameter No.4019 (if the sub spindle is set in the CNC with the spindle switching function, use parameter No.4195) to 1, assign the model code of the motor to be used to parameter No.4133 (if the sub spindle is set in the CNC with the spindle switching function, use parameter No.4309), turn off the power of the CNC and spindle amplifier, and restart the CNC and spindle amplifier.
- 3 Parameters No.4000 to No.4539 are used in the processing on the spindle amplifier. For details of these parameters, refer to either of the following manuals, depending on the serial spindle that is actually used.
 - FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR αi series Parameter Manual B-65280EN)

- FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR α series Parameter Manual B-65160E)

- 4 The CNC can control up to two spindle amplifiers with the serial interface. When the spindle amplifier provides the spindle switching function, one spindle amplifier can control two spindle motors using the switching function. The output switching function can be used in spindle motors to be connected. Up to four spindles, or eight types, can be used by switching the spindle motors. (The number of spindles that can controlled simultaneously is the same as the number of spindle amplifiers, that is two spindles.) Parameters of the spindle amplifier with the serial interface correspond to the above functions as follows:
 - (1) Parameter No.4000 to No.4539 "S1": First spindle amplifier Parameter No.4000 to No.4539 "S2": Second spindle amplifier
 - (2) Parameter No.4000 to No.4175 "S1"/"S2": When the spindle switching function is not provided, or for the main spindle in the spindle amplifier when the function is provided.

Parameter No.4176 to No.4351 "S1"/"S2": For the sub spindle in the spindle amplifier when the spindle switching function is provided.

(3) Parameters at low speed when the output switching function is provided. Parameters No.4136 to No.4175 "S1"/"S2": When the spindle switching function is not provided, or for the main spindle when the function is provided. Parameters No.4284 to No.4351 "S1"/"S2": For the sub spindle when the spindle switching function is provided.

5 The CNC stores the parameters of the spindle amplifier with the serial interface. The CNC sends them to the spindle amplifier at the system power on and they are used in the unit.

These parameters are sent from the CNC to the spindle amplifier in a batch when:

- The CNC is switched on.
- The serial spindle is restarted by a reset that is carried out after spindle communication alarm 749 occurs (because the spindle control unit is switched off or because of noise).

If these parameters are rewritten, they are sent from the CNC to the spindle amplifier sequentially when:

- The parameters have been entered from the MDI.
- The parameters have been entered as programmable (G10).
- The parameters have been entered via the reader/punch interface.

If bit 4 (WSP) of parameter No. 8703 is set to 0, the CNC does not immediately perform data transfer to the spindle amplifier even when data has been written to a parameter by using the PMC window function. So, the new parameter value set by rewriting does not become valid automatically. To perform data transfer immediately, set bit 4 (WSP) of parameter No. 8703 to 1.

If you want to change such parameter settings during automatic operation, use programmable parameter input (G10).

To set parameters automatically, upload parameters corresponding to the motor model from the spindle amplifier to the CNC prior to the procedure specified above. The parameters of the spindle amplifier with serial interface can be changed after the system starts. Changing the parameters (No.4000 to No.4539 "S1", "S2") in the CNC sends them to the spindle amplifier at an appropriate time and the parameters in the unit are updated. Be careful not to change parameters incorrectly.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
	4800				SYM			ND2	ND1		
	4000							ND2	ND1		
		NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.									
I	[Data type] ND1	Bit In controlling the spindle synchronization, the direction of the first spindle motor rotation is: 0: The direction indicated by the command sign									
	ND2	In cor spindl 0 : T									
	SYM	 The opposite direction to that indicated by the command sign As the maximum spindle speed in spindle synchronization control: The maximum spindle speed of the master spindle is used. The maximum spindle speed of the master spindle or slave spindle, whichever lower, is used. 									
	4810	Error pu	Ise betwe		indles wh ynchroniz			hases in t	he serial		
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	spindle synchronization control modeByte Pulse 0 to 255Set the difference in error pulses between two spindles when synchronizing phases in the serial spindle synchronization control mode.When the difference in error pulse between two spindles is within the value set in this parameter, the spindle phase synchronization completion signal FSPPH becomes "1".This parameter is used to check the difference in phase in synchronization control and to confirm the completion of synchronization in the serial spindle synchronization control mode.For spindle synchronization, serial spindle parameters such as parameter No. 4032 must be set.							zation control s is within the mchronization in phase in ompletion of atrol mode. ters such as		
[U	4811 [Data type] nit of data] data range]	parameter No. 4032 must be set.Allowable error count for the error pulses between two spindles in the serial spindle synchronization control mode or simple synchronous control modeWord Pulse 0 to 32767 Set the allowable error count for the error pulses between two spindles in the serial spindle synchronization control mode or simple synchronization control mode.									

This parameter is used to output the inter-spindle phase error detection signal SYCAL in the serial spindle synchronization control mode. The SYCAL <F044#4> signal becomes "1" when a phase error exceeding the value set in this parameter is found.

4812	Master spindle under synchronous spindle control
4813	Slave spindle under synchronous spindle control

[Data type] Byte [Valid data range]

0, 1, 2

Set the master spindle and slave spindle in spindle synchronization control.

Setting value : 1 to 2, First to second spindles

NOTE

These parameters are valid only in spindle synchronization control specified by programming. If 0 is set, turning on spindle synchronization control by programming (G51.8) results in an alarm.

4831

Master axis of first spindle under synchronous spindle control

4832

Master axis of second spindle under synchronous spindle control

NOTE When these parameters have been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type] [Valid data range] Byte

1 to Number of spindles

Set the slave axis and master axis of synchronous spindle control by spindles. Set the axis number of the master axis for the axis to be handled as the slave axis.

NOTE

This parameter is valid if bit 4 (SSS) of parameter No. 3704 is set to 1.

	 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
								FLR
4900								

ata type] FLR

4911

When the spindle speed fluctuation detection function is used, the rates of allowance (q) and fluctuation (r) those are set in parameter No.4911 and No.4912, respectively are set in steps of:

0: 1%

1: 0.1%

Rapid (q) of the fluctuation of spindle speed which is assumed to be the specified spindle speed

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

	word	
1		

Unit of data	1%	0. 1% (T series)
Valid data range	1 to 100	1 to 1000

NOTE

Unit of data depends on parameter No.4900#0 FLR (T series only)

Set the ratio (q) of the spindle speed which is assumed to be the specified spindle speed in the spindle speed fluctuation detection function.

Let the commanded speed be Sc. When the actual spindle speed reaches between (Sc-Sq) and (Sc + Sq), it is assumed to be the commanded speed.

The spindle speed fluctuation detection starts.

where,

Word

$$Sq = Sc \times \frac{q}{100}$$

Spindle speed fluctuation ratio (r) for which no alarm is activated in the spindle speed fluctuation detection function

4912

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Unit of data	1%	0. 1% (T series)
Valid data range	1 to 100	1 to 1000

NOTE

Unit of data depends on parameter No.4900#0 FLR (T series only).

Set the spindle speed fluctuation ratio (r) for which no alarm is activated in the spindle speed fluctuation detection function (see Fig.4.20 (e)).



[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word min⁻¹

0 to 32767

Set the allowable fluctuation speed (Sd) for which no alarm is activated in the spindle speed fluctuation detection function.

The function for detecting spindle speed fluctuation checks whether the actual speed varies for the specified speed or not. Sd or Sr, whichever is greater, is taken as the allowable fluctuation speed (Sm). An alarm is activated when the actual spindle speed varies for the commanded speed (Sc) under the condition that the variation width exceeds the allowable variation width (Sm).

- Sd: The allowable constant variation width which is independent of the specified spindle speed (Sd is set with parameter 4913.)
- Sr: The allowable variation width which is obtained by multiplying Sc (commanded spindle speed) by r (constant ratio). (r is set with parameter 4912.)



Sm: Sd or Sr, whichever is greater

Fig.4.20 (e) Sd and Sm



[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

ms

2-word

0 to 999999

Set the time elapsed from when the specified spindle speed is changed to the start of spindle speed fluctuation detection in the spindle speed fluctuation detection function. That is, the fluctuation in the spindle speed is not detected until the specified time elapses from when the specified spindle speed is changed.



Fig.4.20 (f) Sd and Sm

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	4950	ІМВ	ESI	TRV			ISZ	IDM	IOR

[Data type] Bit

- IOR Resetting the system in the spindle positioning mode
 - 0: Does not releases the mode.
 - 1: Releases the mode
- IDM The positioning direction for the spindle using a M code is
 - 0: The positive direction
 - 1 : The negative direction
- ISZ When an M code for spindle orientation is specified in spindle positioning:
 - 0: The spindle rotation mode is cleared and the mode is switched to the spindle positioning mode, and spindle orientation operation is performed.
 - 1: The spindle rotation mode is cleared and the mode is switched to the spindle positioning mode but spindle orientation operation is not performed.
- TRV Rotation direction of spindle positioning is set to:
 - 0: The positive direction
 - 1 : The reverse direction
 - ESI Selection of a spindle positioning specification
 - 0: The conventional specification is used.
 - 1: The extended specification is used.

The extended specification includes the following two extensions:

- (1) With the conventional specification, the number of M codes for specifying a spindle positioning angle is always 6. With the extended specification, an arbitrary number of such M codes from 1 to 255 can be selected by parameter setting (See parameter No.4964.)
- (2) The maximum feedrate for spindle positioning (setting of parameter No.1420) can be extended from 240000 to 269000 (in increments of 10 deg/min).
- IMB When the spindle positioning function is used, half-fixed angle positioning based on M codes uses:
 - 0: Specification A
 - 1: Specification B

NOTE

NULE	
	ne case of half-fixed angle positioning based on odes, three types of spindle positioning
	rations can occur:
•	The spindle rotation mode is cleared, then the
(')	mode is switched to the spindle positioning
	mode.
(2)	Spindle positioning is performed in the spindle
	positioning mode.
(3)	The spindle positioning mode is cleared, then
	the mode is switched to the spindle rotation
	mode.
	ne case of specification A:
•	erations (1) to (3) are specified using separate
-	odes.
(1)	Specified using M codes for performing spindle orientation. (See parameter No.4960)
(2)	Specified using M codes for specifying a
	spindle positioning angle. (See parameter
	No.4962)
(3)	Specified using M codes for clearing spindle
	positioning operation. (See parameter
	No.4961.)
	ne case of specification B:
	en M codes for specifying a spindle positioning
	le are specified, operations
• • •	to (3) are performed successively. (See
para	ameter No.4962.)

	M code specifying the spindle orientation
4960	

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

6 to 97 Set an M code to change the spindle rotating mode to the spindle positioning mode. Setting the M code performs the spindle orientation. Spindle positioning can be specified from the next block.

	M code releasing the spindle positioning mode
4961	

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word Integer 6 to 97 Set the M code to release the spindle positioning mode and to change the mode to the spindle rotating mode.

4962 M code for specifying a spindle positioning angle

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word Integer 6 to 92

Word

Integer

Two methods are available for specifying spindle positioning. One method uses address C for arbitrary-angle positioning. The other use an M code for half-fixed angle positioning. This parameter sets an M code for the latter method.

- When bit 6 (ESI) of parameter No.4950=0
 Six M code from M α to M(α+5) are used for half-fixed angle positioning, when α is the value of this parameter.
- When bit 6(ESI) of parameter No.4950=1
 Set the start M code in this parameter, and set the number of M codes in parameter No.4964. Suppose that the setting of parameter No. 4962 is α and the setting of parameter No. 4964 is β. Then β M codes from Mα to M (α+β-1) are used for half fixed angle positioning.

The table below indicates the relationship between the M codes and positioning angles.

M code	Positioning angle	Example: Positioning angle when θ = 30°
Μα	θ	30°
Μ (α+1)	20	60°
M (α+2)	3 0	90°
Μ (α+3)	4 0	120°
Μ (α+4)	5 0	150°
Μ (α+5)	6 0	180°
:	:	•
M (α+n)	(n+1) θ	

	NOTE θ represents the basic angular displacement set in parameter No.4963.				
4963	Basic angular displacement used for spindle positioning using M code				
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word deg 1 to 60 This parameter sets a basic angular displacement used for half-fixed angle positioning using M codes.				
4964	Number of M codes for specifying a spindle positioning angle				
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Number of M codes for specifying a spindle positioning angle Byte Integer 0, 1 to 255 This parameter sets the number of M codes used for Half-fixed angle positioning using M codes. As many M codes as the number specified in this parameter, starting with the M code specified in parameter No.4962, are used to specify half-fixed angle positioning. Let α be the value of parameter No.4962, and let β be the value of parameter No.4964. That is, M codes from Mα to M (α+β-1) are used for half-fixed angle positioning. NOTE 1 This parameter is valid when bit 6 (ESI) of parameter No.4950=1. 2 Make sure that M codes from Mα to M (α+β-1) do not duplicate other M codes.				
	setting 6. That is, M code from M α to M (α +5) are				
	used for half-fixed angle positioning.				
4970	Servo loop gain of the spindle				
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word 0.01 s ⁻¹ 1 to 9999 Set the servo loop gain of the spindle in the spindle positioning mode.				

4971	Servo loop gain multiplier of the spindle for gear 1
4972	Servo loop gain multiplier of the spindle for gear 2
4973	Servo loop gain multiplier of the spindle for gear 3
4974	Servo loop gain multiplier of the spindle for gear 4

[Data type]

pe] Word

Set the servo loop gain multipliers of the spindle for gears 1 to 4. The multipliers are used to convert the amount of the position deviation to the voltage used in the velocity command. Assign the data obtained from the following equation to the parameters.

Loop gain multiplier = 2048000 \times E \times A/L

where;

- E : Voltage required to rotate the spindle motor at 1000 min⁻¹ in the velocity command
- L: Rotation angle of the spindle per one motor rotation (normally 360)
- A: Unit used for the detection (degree)

[Example]

- Let E be 2.2 V, L be 360 degrees, and A be 0.088 degrees/pulse.
- Loop gain multiplier = $2048000 \times 2.2 \times 0.088/360 = 1101$ * When the voltage specified for the spindle mote
 - When the voltage specified for the spindle motor is 10 V at a spindle speed of 4500 min⁻¹, E is regarded as 2.2 V.

NOTE

The above parameters No.4971 to No.4974 are for analog spindles.

4.21 PARAMETERS OF TOOL COMPENSATION

·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0				
5001		EVO		EVR	TAL		TLB	TLC				
5001		EVO	ТРН	EVR	TAL	OFH	TLB	TLC				
[Data type] TLC	0: T	Tool length compensation0: Tool length compensation A or B (Conforms to TLB in parameter No.5001)										
TLB	1 : 1 Tool 1 0 : A	 Tool length compensation axis 0: Always Z axis irrespective of plane specification (Tool length compensation A) 1: Axis perpendicular to plane specification (G17, G18, and G19) 										
OFH	(Offset tool or 0 : S	(Tool length compensation B) Offset number of tool length compensation, cutter compensation and tool offset										
TAL	1 : S ta Tool 1 0 : C	 Tool offset conforms to TPH in parameter No.5001#5. 1 : Specifies the tool length compensation, cutter compensation and tool offset using H codes Tool length compensation C 0 : Generates an alarm when two or more axes are offset 										
EVR	mode: 0: E H 1: E	H code is specified.1 : Enables the change, starting from that block where buffering is										
ТРН	Specif numbe 0 : I 1 : F		her addr o G48).					of tool				
EVO	When the too (for t compe 0 : A s A b	 1 : H code TPH is valid when OFH in parameter No.5001#2 is 0. When in tool length compensation A or tool length compensation B, the tool compensation amount is changed in offset mode (G43 or G44) (for the M series) or when in tool position compensation, the compensation amount is changed (for the T series): 										
		ecome v A block to	<pre></pre>		kt and su	bsequent	t blocks	become				

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
	WNP	LWM	LGC	LGT		LWT	LGN	LD1			
5002											
[Data type]	Bit	Bit									
LD1 Offset number of tool offset											
	$0 \cdot S$	0 · Specified using the lower two digits of a T code									

- 0: Specified using the lower two digits of a T code
- 1: Specified using the lower one digit of a T code
- LGN Geometry offset number of tool offset
 - 0: Is the same as wear offset number
 - 1: Specifies the geometry offset number by the tool selection number
- LWT Tool wear compensation is performed by:
 - 0: Moving the tool.
 - 1: Shifting the coordinate system.
 - (Only when the LGT parameter (bit 4 of No.5002) is set to 0)
 - LGT Tool geometry compensation
 - 0: Compensated by the shift of the coordinate system (Compensation is made in the block of T code regardless of LWM at this time.)
 - 1: Compensated by the tool movement
- LGC Tool geometry compensation (It is effective when LGT = 0. When LGT is 1, it is always canceled.)
 - 0: Not canceled by offset number 0
 - 1 : Canceled by offset number 0
- LWM Tool offset (Geometry and wear compensation when LGT = 1.)
 - 0: Is done in the T code block
 - 1: Is done together with the axis movement

When LGT = 0, the offset is done in a T code block regardless of this parameter.

- WNP Imaginary tool tip direction used for tool nose radius compensation, is the direction specified by:
 - 0: Geometry offset number
 - 1: Wear offset number

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
5003	TGC	LVC				CCN		
		LVK				CCN	SUV	SUP

[Data type]

SUP Start up or cancel in cutter compensation C or cutter compensation for 5-axis machining

0: Type A

Bit

- 1: Type B
- SUV Startup or cancellation of cutter compensation C is:
 - 0: Type A or type B. (The setting of bit 0 (SUP) of parameter No. 5003 is followed.)
 - 1: Perpendicular to the next movement.

- CCN When automatic reference position return (G28) is specified in the cutter compensation C mode (M series) or in tool nose radius compensation (T series):
 - 0: The cutter compensation or tool nose radius compensation vector is cancelled in movement to an intermediate position.
 - 1: The cutter compensation or tool nose radius compensation vector is not cancelled in movement to an intermediate position, but is cancelled in movement to the reference position.
- LVC Offset value of tool offset
 - 0: Not cleared, but held by reset
 - 1: Cleared by reset
- LVK Tool length offset value
 - 0: Cleared by reset
 - 1 : Not cleared, but held by reset
- TGC Tool geometry compensation value
 - 0: Not canceled by reset
 - 1: Canceled by reset
 - (Valid when LVC, #6 of parameter No.5003, is "1")

_		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		Y03				TS1		ORC	
	5004						ODI		

When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type]

ORC Tool offset value

Bit

- 0: Set by the diameter specification
 - (Can be set in only the axis under diameter programming)
- 1: Set by the radius specification
- ODI A cutter compensation amount is set using:
 - 0 : A radius.
 - 1 : A diameter.
- TS1 When the tool offset measurement value direct input B function is used, touch sensor contact detection is based on:
 - 0: Four-contact input.
 - 1 : One-contact input.
- Y03 Y axis offset is :
 - 0: Used for 4th axis.
 - 1: Used for 3rd axis.

	 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		TLE	QNI			PRC		CNI
5005								

[Data type] Bit

- CNI On the offset screen, Y-axis offset screen, and macro screen, the [INP.C] soft key is:
 - 0: Used.
 - 1: Not used. (The [INP.C] soft key is not displayed.)
- PRC Direct input of tool offset value and workpiece coordinate-system shift value
 - 0: Not use a PRC signal
 - 1: Uses a PRC signal
- QNI In the function of input of offset value measured B
 - 0: Not automatically select the tool offset number
 - 1: Automatically selects a tool offset number
- TLE When the tool offset measurement value direct input B function is used, a tool offset value, set by the offset write signal, is:
 - 0: Always received in offset write mode.
 - 1: Received only in offset write mode and during movement along an axis (where "during movement along an axis" means that the positional deviation value is other than 0).

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
							TGC	OIM
5006		TOS		TCE				ОІМ

[Data type] Bit

- OIM When the unit is switched between the inch and metric systems, automatic tool offset value conversion is:
 - 0: Not performed
 - 1 : Performed

NOTE

If this parameter setting is changed, reset the tool offset data.

- TGC When a T code is specified in a block containing G50, G04, or G10:
 - 0: No alarm occurs.
 - 1 : P/S alarm No.245 occurs.
- TCE When a tool length offset is specified in a rigid tapping or drilling canned cycle, the axis to which the tool length offset applies is:
 - 0: Determined according to the specifications of tool length offset C.
 - 1: The drilling axis.

NOTE

This parameter is valid when tool length offset C is selected (bit 0 (TLC) of parameter No. 5001 = 1).

TOS The operation of tool length compensation is set as follows:

- 0: Tool length compensation is performed by axis movement.
 - 1: Tool length compensation is performed by shifting the coordinate system.

	_	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
				QCR	MCR	CNV		CNC	CNI
5008			GCS	QCR	MCR	CNV	G39	CNC	CNI

[Data type] Bit

- CNI Interference check for cutter compensation C (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series) is:
 - 0: Performed
 - 1 : Not performed
- CNC During interference check for cutter compensation C (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series), when the direction of movement after application of the offset differs from the programmed direction by between

90° and 270°:

- 0: An alarm is issued.
- 1: No alarm is issued.
- G39 The corner rounding function (G39) in cutter compensation C mode is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.
- CNV The interference check and vector erasure of cutter compensation C (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series) are:
 - 0: Performed.
 - 1: Not performed.
- MCR If G41/G42 (cutter compensation C (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series)) is specified in the MDI mode, an alarm is:
 - 0: Not raised.
 - 1: Raised. (P/S5257)

NOTE

In the MDI mode, cutter compensation C (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series) is not performed, irrespective of the setting of this parameter.

- QCR The travel distance of circular interpolation in cutter compensation C (M series) or tool nose radius compensation (T series) is judged:
 - 0: In the FS0(FS16) format.
 - 1: In the FS15 format.

FS0(FS16) and FS15 determine the travel distance in different ways if the radius of arc at the start point of circular interpolation is different from that at the end point (if the end point is not on the arc). By this parameter, the method of determining the travel distance of circular interpolation can be selected.



- GCS If G49 (G code for canceling tool length compensation) and G40 (G code for canceling cutter compensation) are specified in a single block, the tool length compensation is cancelled:
 - 0: In the next block.
 - 1 : In the specified block.

·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
5009	NTT			TSD	QSA			GSG		
5009										
	NC	DTE When t be turn	-				-	ower mi d.	ust	
[Data type]	Bit									
GSG		mode of	tool coi	npensati	on direc	t input B	, the of	fset write	input	
		l is input:		1		1			1	
		From the								
		From the				and 1, G	134 bits	s 0 and 1>	>	
QSA		ngular ax					. •			
		Not suppo	•							
TSD		Supported tool con								
150		on is:	ipensati		t input L	runetio	n, the el		cintion	
		Disabled.								
	1: 1	Enabled.								
NTT	When a shift type tool offset is applied during simplified synchronization control, and the master spindle and slave spindle are not related to the tool offset:									
		An alarm			larm 214	·)				
	1: 1	No alarm	is issued	1.						
	Limit	/alue that ig	anores the	e vector w	hen a too	I moves o	n the out	side of a		
		•	•			ompensat				

corner during tool nose radius compensation Limit value that ignores the vector when a tool moves on the outside of a corner during cutter compensation C

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Word

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

0 to 16383

This parameter sets the limit value that ignores a slight movement occurring when a tool moves on the outside of the corner during tool nose radius compensation (T series) or cutter compensation C (M series).



[Valid data range]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	
Millimeter input	0 to 99999	0 to 999999	0 to 9999999	
Inch input	0 to 99999	0 to 999999	0 to 9999999	

Set the maximum allowable value for the tool wear compensation value, input as an incremental value. If the incremental input value (absolute value) exceeds the set value, the following alarm or warning message is output:

Input from MDI

Warning: Setting value out of range.

Input using G10

P/S alarm No.032: Offset value is out of range by G10.

5015	Distance (XP) between reference position and X axis + contact surface Distance (X1P) between reference position and X axis + contact surface of touch sensor 1
5016	Distance (XM) between reference position and X axis - contact surface Distance (X1M) between reference position and X axis - contact surface of touch sensor 1
5017	Distance (ZP) between reference position and Z axis + contact surface Distance (Z1P) between reference position and Z axis + contact surface of touch sensor 1

[Data type] [Unit of data]

2-word

Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

-999999999 to 99999999

These parameters are related to the function of input of tool offset value measured B.

They set the distance (with sign) between the measurement reference position and sensor contact surface. For an axis under diameter programming, set it by a diameter value.



Fig.4.21 Distance along X and Z Axes from the Reference Position to +/- Contact Surfaces



[Data type] Byte
[Valid data range] 1 to the maximum number of tool compensation sets
Set a tool offset number to be used for setting the amount by which the workpiece coordinate system is shifted by the tool compensation direct input B function. This parameter is valid when the tool offset number is not selected automatically (QNI, #5 of parameter 5005, is zero).



[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Interpolation cycle

0 to 8

Bvte

When the error prevention function in the tool compensation direct input B function is used, or when a touch sensor with single-contact signal input is used, this parameter sets the number of interpolation cycles of pulses stored immediately before the tool is brought into contact with the touch sensor by manual operation.

If 0 is set for this parameter, the specification of 8 (maximum allowable value) is assumed.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the TS1 parameter (bit 3 of parameter No.5004) is set to 1.

5030

Minimum grinding wheel diameter in minimum grinding wheel diameter check

[Data type] [Unit of data] 2-word

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

Input increment	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter input	-999999 to 999999	-9999999 to 9999999
Inch input	-999999 to 999999	-9999999 to 9999999

If the compensation value corresponding to an offset number specified by an H code is smaller than the minimum grinding wheel diameter specified in this parameter during compensation with G43 or G44, the signal F0065#3 GWLF is output to the PMC.

NOTE This is a parameter for cylindrical grinding machines.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
									OWD
5040									
	L							l	

NOTE

Bit

Bit

When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type] OWD

- In radius programming (bit 1 (ORC) of parameter No. 5004 is set to 1),
 - 0: Tool offset values of both geometry compensation and wear compensation are specified by radius.
 - 1: Tool offset value of geometry compensation is specified by radius and tool offset value of wear compensation is specified by diameter, for an axis of diameter programming.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
					CRS			
5041	NM2					UMD		

[Data type] UMD

- If a program contains no D command in cutter compensation C:
 - 0: Compensation data is not updated.
 - 1: If G41 or G42 command is present, the value of modal D is used as a compensation number to update compensation data.

- CRS If a startup with a travel distance of 0 is performed after a reference position return operation when a T code specifying a virtual tool tip number other than 0 and 9 is specified, the startup block operation is as follows:
 - 0: The block does not make any movement.
 - 1: The block makes a movement so that the tool tip center is placed at the current coordinates.

If the virtual tool tip number is 0 or 9, a movement is made so that the tool tip center is placed at the current coordinates, regardless of the setting of this parameter.

- NM2 When two or more blocks that specify no movement are specified successively, or when an M code not buffered is specified in one block:
 - 0: No alarm is issued.
 - 1: An alarm is issued. (P/S 041 alarm)

4.22 PARAMETERS OF CANNED CYCLES

4.22.1 Parameter of canned Cycle for Drilling

Bit

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		M5T			ILV	RTR		FXY
5101	M5B	M5T	RD2	RD1			EXC	FXY

[Data type]

- FXY The drilling axis in the drilling canned cycle is:
 - 0: Always the Z-axis
 - 1: The axis selected by the program

NOTE

In the case of the T series, this parameter is valid only for the drilling canned cycle in the FS10/11 format.

EXC G81

- 0: Specifies a drilling canned cycle
- 1: Specifies an external operation command
- RTR G83 and G87
 - 0: Specify a high-speed peck drilling cycle
 - 1 : Specify a peck drilling cycle
- ILV Initial point position in drilling canned cycle
 - 0: Not updated by reset
 - 1: Updated by reset
- RD2, RD1 Set the axis and direction in which the tool in drilling canned cycle G76 or G87 is got free. RD2 and RD1 are set as shown below by plane selection.

RD2	RD1	G17	G18	G19
0	0	+X	+Z	+Y
0	1	-X	-Z	-Y
1	0	+Y	+X	+Z
1	1	-Y	-X	-Z

- M5T When a spindle rotates from the forward to the reverse direction and vice versa in tapping cycles G84 and G74 for M series (G84 and G88 for T series), before M04 or M03 is output:
 - For T series
 - 0: Not output M05
 - 1: Outputs M05
 - For M series
 - 0: Outputs M05
 - 1: Not output M05
- M5B In drilling canned cycles G76 and G87:
 - 0: Outputs M05 before an oriented spindle stops
 - 1: Not output M05 before an oriented spindle stops

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	RDI	RAB	K0E	RFC	F16	QSR	MRC	
5102								

[Data type]

Bit

- MRC When a target figure other than a monotonically increasing or monotonically decreasing figure is specified in a multiple repetitive turning canned cycle (G71, G72):
 - 0: No alarm occurs.
 - 1 : P/S alarm No.064 is occurs.

NOTE

This parameter is valid for multiple repetitive turning canned cycle type I.

- QSR Before a multiple repetitive canned cycle (G70 to G73) is started, a check to see if the program contains a block that has the sequence number specified in address Q is:
 - 0: Not made.
 - 1: Made. (If the sequence number specified in address Q cannot be found, an alarm occurs and the canned cycle is not executed.)
- F16 When the FS10/11 format is used (with bit 1 (FCV) of parameter No.0001 set to 1), a canned drilling cycle is specified using :
 - 0: FS10/11 format
 - 1: FS0 format. (However, the number of repetitions is specified using address L.)
- RFC For the semifinish figure of G71 or G72 and for a cutting pattern of G73, tool-nose radius compensation is:
 - 0: Not performed.
 - 1 : Performed.
- K0E When K0 is specified in a hole machining canned cycle (G80 to G89):
 - 0: Hole machining is performed once.
 - 1: Hole machining is not performed. Instead, the hole machining data is merely memorized.
- RAB The R command for the drilling canned cycle in the Series 15 format is:
 - 0: Regarded as an incremental command
 - 1 : Regarded as:

An absolute command in the case of G code system A

An absolute command in the case of G code system B or C when the G90 mode is specified.

An incremental command in the case of G code system B or C when the G91 mode is specified.

- RDI The R command for the drilling canned cycle in the FS10/11 format:
 - 0: Is regarded as the specification of a radius
 - 1: Follows the specification of a diameter/radius for the drilling axis

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		тсг	CID	COD	PNA	P15	TFD	
5103		TCZ				DCP	QZA	SIJ

- [Data type] Bit
 - SIJ When the FS10/11 command format is used, a tool shift value for the drilling canned cycle G76 or G87 is specified by:
 - 0: Address Q
 - 1: Address I, J, or K
 - TFD During a threading cycle, feed forward is:
 - 0: Enabled.
 - 1: Disabled.
 - QZA When the specification of the depth of cut (Q) for each time is omitted, or if Q0 is specified in a high-speed peck drilling canned cycle (G73) or peck drilling canned cycle (G83):
 - 0: No alarm is issued.
 - 1: An alarm (No.045) is issued.
 - P15 When the FS10/11 command format is used, the machining sequence for pocketing using multiple repetitive canned cycle G71 or G72 follows:
 - 0: FS0(FS16) specification
 - 1: FS10/11 specification
 - DCP When an axis perpendicular to or an axis parallel to a specified plane is specified in a canned cycle for drilling:
 - 0: The specified axis is regarded as the drilling axis.
 - 1: The specified axis is regarded as the positioning axis.
 - PNA If the FS10/11 tape format is used and if a plane without an axis is specified in the canned cycle mode of drilling, an alarm is:
 - $\hat{0}$: Raised. (P/S 028)
 - 1 : Not raised.
 - COD In pocketing, the sequence of axis movements made to return the tool to the start point at the end of machining is as follows:
 - 0: X-axis to Z-axis
 - 1: Z-axis to X-axis

If this parameter is set to 1, specifying G71 causes the tool to return to the start point in the sequence from Z-axis to X-axis. Therefore, when the tool returns to the start point after end facing, interference between the tool and workpiece surface can be prevented.

- CID When the FS10/11 command format is used, application of the setting of bit 7 (IPR) of parameter No. 1004 to the depth of cut in a multiple repetitive turning canned cycle is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.
- TCZ In a tapping cycle (excluding rigid tapping), an accumulated zero check in the tapping step (forward, backward) is:
 - 0: Not performed.
 - 1: Performed.

Execute a tapping cycle (excluding rigid tapping) with the servo feed forward (bit 1 of parameter No. 2005). If an impact is detected, set this parameter to 1.

-	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
		РСТ	мсс	SPE		FCK	BCR	
5104								RDC

[Data type] Bit

- RDC A canned cycle for high-speed positioning and drilling is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- BCR In a boring cycle, retraction is made:
 - 0: At a cutting feedrate.
 - 1 : At a rapid traverse rate.
- FCK In a multiple repetitive canned cycle (G71/G72), the machining profile is:
 - 0: Not checked.
 - 1: Checked.

If this parameter is specified, the machining profile specified in the multiple repetitive canned cycle for lathe (G71/G72) and the machining start point are checked. If the relationship is incorrect, the P/S 062 alarm is raised.

An incorrect relationship between the machining profile and machining start point indicates either of the following cases.

- Although the finishing allowance is specified with a positive sign, the start point of the canned cycle is smaller than the maximum value of the machining profile.
- Although the finishing allowance is specified with a negative sign, the start point of the canned cycle is larger than the minimum value of the machining profile.

NOTE

- 1 The machining profile is checked before the operation of the canned cycle (not during machining).
- 2 The machining profile to be checked is a programmed profile. The path of retraction or return is not checked.
- 3 This parameter is not valid for G71 or G72 of the canned cycle for grinder.
- SPE In a multiple repetitive threading cycle in the FS10/11 tape format, single-edge thread cutting and both-edge zigzag thread cutting with the depth of cut kept constant:
 - 0: Cannot be specified.
 - 1: Can be specified.
- MCC In a multiple repetitive turning canned cycle (G71 or G72), whether an illegal arc is specified or not is:
 - 0: Not checked immediately before the start of a movement.
 - 1: Checked immediately before the start of a movement.

- This parameter is valid when bit 1 (MRC) of 1 parameter No. 5102 is set to 1.
- 2 Regardless of the setting of this parameter, the shape is checked during a movement made by an arc command.
- PCT A Q command in a tapping cycle (G84 or G88) is:
 - 0: Invalid.
 - 1: Valid. (A peck tapping cycle is performed.)

When this parameter is set, and the depth of cut for each time is specified with address Q in G84 or G88, a peck tapping cycle is performed.

As a peck tapping cycle operation, high-speed peck tapping or peck tapping can be selected by bit 5 (PCP) of parameter No. 5200. This function can be used for both tapping and rigid tapping. Even when this parameter is set, ordinary tapping or rigid tapping is performed if O is not specified or if O0 is specified.

5110	C-axis clamp M code in drilling canned cycle	
[Data type] id data range]	2-word 0 to 99	

[Valid data range]

This parameter sets the C-axis clamp M code in a drilling canned cycle.

Dwell time when C-axis unclamping is specified in drilling canned cycle 5111

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

ms

0 to 32767

Word

This parameter sets the dwell time when C-axis unclamping is specified in a drilling canned cycle.
5112	Spindle forward-rotation M	code in dril	ling canned c	ycle			
[Data type] [Valid data range]	2-word 0 to 255 This parameter sets the spindle forward-rotation M code in a drilling canned cycle.						
	NOTE M03 is output when '	'0" is set					
5113	Spindle reverse-rotation M code in drilling canned cycle						
[Data type] [Valid data range]	2-word 0 to 255 This parameter sets the spindle reverse-rotation M code in a drilling canned cycle.						
	NOTE M04 is output when '	'0" is set					
5114	Return or clearance value of drilling canned cycle G83 Return value of high-speed peck drilling cycle G73						
[Data type] [Unit of data]	Word						
	Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit		
	Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.001	mm		
	Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.0001	inch		
[Valid data range]	0 to 32767 For M series this parameter se drilling cycle G73 (G83 for T s		urn value i	n high-spe	ed peck		



Fig.4.22.1 (a) High-speed Peck Drilling Cycle G73



For T series this parameter sets the return or clearance value in drilling canned cycle G83.

Fig.4.22.1 (b) Drilling Canned Cycle G83



[Data type] [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.0001	inch

[Valid data range]

```
0 to 32767
```

Word

This parameter sets the clearance of peck drilling cycle G83.



Fig.4.22.1 (c) Peck drilling cycle G83

5121	Override value for retraction in boring cycle (G85, G89)

0.1 to 20

Set the override value of retraction in a boring cycle.

If 20 or a greater value is specified in this parameter, the override is set to 2000%. If 0 is specified, this parameter becomes invalid, and the retraction speed becomes two times the cutting speed.

4.22.2 **Parameter of Thread Cutting Cycle**

5130	Chamfering distance in the thread cutting cycles G76 and G92
[Data type [Unit of data [Valid data range	0.1 pitch
5131	Chamfering angle in threading cycle
[Data type] [Unit of data [Valid data range]] 1 deg

Set a chamfering angle in a threading cycle.

4.22.3 Parameter of Multiple Repetitive Canned Cycle

5132	Depth of cut in multiple repetitive canned cycles G71 and G72							
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word							
	Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit				
	Millimeter input	0.001	0.001	mm				
	Inch input	0.0001	0.0001	inch				
[Valid data range]	0 to 99999999 This parameter sets the depth cycles G71 and G72.	of cut in	multiple r	epetitive cann				

	Escape in multiple repeti	itive canned cycl	es G71 and C	372.
5133				
[Data type]	2-word			
[Unit of data]	Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
	Millimeter input	0.001	0.001	mm
	Inch input	0.0001	0.0001	inch
Valid data range]	0 to 99999999 This parameter sets the esca and G72.	pe in multiple	repetitive	canned cyc
5135	Escape in multiple repetitive	canned cycle G7	′3 in X-axis d	irection
5136	Escape in multiple repetitive	canned cycle G7	′3 in Z-axis d	irection
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word			
	Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
	Millimeter input	0.001	0.001	mm
	Inch input	0.0001	0.0001	inch
Valid data range]	-99999999 to 99999999 This parameter sets the esca of an X, then Z axis.			
5137				
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	2-word Cycle 1 to 99999999 This parameter sets the div cycle G73.			repetitive
[Unit of data]	Cycle 1 to 99999999 This parameter sets the div	vision count ir	n multiple	repetitive
[Unit of data] Valid data range]	Cycle 1 to 99999999 This parameter sets the div cycle G73.	vision count ir	n multiple	repetitive
[Unit of data] Valid data range] 5139 [Data type]	Cycle 1 to 99999999 This parameter sets the div cycle G73. Return in multiple of	vision count ir	n multiple	repetitive
[Unit of data] Valid data range] 5139 [Data type]	Cycle 1 to 99999999 This parameter sets the div cycle G73. Return in multiple of 2-word	vision count ir	n multiple	

This parameter sets the return in multiple repetitive canned cycles G74 and G75.

5140	Minimum depth of cut in the mult	tiple repetitiv	e canned cyo	cle G76			
5140							
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word						
	Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit			
	Millimeter input	0.001	0.0001	mm			
	Inch input	0.0001	0.00001	inch			
[Valid data range]	0 to 99999999 This parameter sets the mini- repetitive canned cycle G76.	imum dept	th of cut	in the multip			
5141	Finishing allowance in the multi	ple repetitive	e canned cyc	le G76			
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word						
L J	Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit			
	Millimeter input	0.001	0.0001	mm			
	Inch input	0.0001	0.00001	inch			
[Valid data range]	1 to 999999999 This parameter sets the finishing allowance in multiple repetitive canned cycle G76.						
5142	Repetition count of final finishing in	multiple repe	titive cannec	l cycle G76			
_							
[Data type]	2-word						
[Unit of data]	Cycle 1 to 99999999						
[Valid data range]	This parameter sets the repetition count in multiple repetitive canne cycle G76.						
	Tool nose angle in multiple	ronotitivo oor	anad avala G	76			
5143				70			
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word Degree When FS10/11 format is used: () to 120					
[Valid data range]	When FS10/11 format is used: 0 to 120 When FS10/11 format is not used: 0, 29, 30, 55, 60, 80 This parameter sets the tool nose angle in multiple repetitive canne cycle G76.						

	The amount of retraction from the crest of a pocket of type II in roughing
5144	cycle (G71, G72)
5144	

[Data type] 2-word

Input increment	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Linear axis (input in mm)	0.001	0.0001	mm
Linear axis (input in inches)	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range] 0 to 99999999

[Unit of data]

This parameter sets the amount of retraction from a crest to be crossed to move to the next pocket to be roughed after roughing of a pocket of type II in roughing cycle (G71 or G72) ends.

If this parameter is set to 0, 2000 (IS-B) or 20000 (IS-C) is assumed by default. When 0 is set for IS-B metric input, for example, the amount of retraction is assumed to be 1.0 mm if a radius is specified (bit 3 (DIA) of parameter No. 1006 = 0) or 2.0 mm if a diameter is specified (bit 3 (DIA) of parameter No. 1006 = 1).



[Data type] [Unit of data]

2-word

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

0 to 99999999

This parameter sets the distance of inertial running in a canned cycle for high-speed positioning and drilling.

5151

Rapid traverse deceleration ratio for overlap between rapid traverse blocks in a canned cycle for high-speed positioning and drilling

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Bvte %

0 to 100

This parameter sets the rapid traverse deceleration ratio for an overlap between rapid traverse blocks in a canned cycle for high-speed positioning and drilling. In the cycle, the setting of this parameter is valid for all axes.

NOTE

In a canned cycle for high-speed positioning and drilling, a rapid traverse overlap is applied even when bit 4 (RTO) of parameter No. 1601 is set to 0. To disable the rapid traverse overlap, set this parameter to 0.

4.22.4 Parameters of Peck Drilling Cycle of a Small Diameter

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
- 100					СҮМ			
5160					СҮМ	NOL	OLS	
Data type] OLS	a smal 0 : N	l diamet lot chang	er, the fe ged.			ived in a peed are	peck dr	illing cy
NOL	When torque the fee 0 : N	 1: Changed. When the depth of cut per action is satisfied although no over torque signal is received in a peck drilling cycle of a small diane the feed and spindle speed are: 0: Not changed. 						
СҮМ	When specifi 0: N	ied in the lo alarm	orogram	lock in a 1.	canned	d anothe cycle mo 29)		comman
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
5161							RLV	PKG
Data type] PKG	drillin, 0 : C d 1 : A h C o	g cycle 383 or (rilling cy specifi igh-spee 387.5 and r G87.6. TE When 1	G87 is a ycle is section is cation is d peck of d that a p	used, and elected by added t drilling beck dril	d a higl y bit 2 (I to the G cycle ca ling cycl	eck drill n-speed RTR) of 83 or G8 n be spe le can be	peck dri paramete 37 comm cified u specifie	illing or er No. 5 nand so sing G8 d using d using
		parame	of para eter is i		No. 000	1 is set	t to 1),	this
RLV	For G							

- 0: A return to the initial level.
- 1: A return to the level of the R point.

NOTE For G code systems B and C, a selection is made using G codes. G98: Return to the initial level G99: Return to the level of the R point

5163	M code that specifies the peck drilling cycle mode of a small diameter
[Data type] [Valid data range]	2-word 1 to 99999999 This parameter sets an M code that specifies the peck drilling cycle mode of a small diameter.
5164	Percentage of the spindle speed to be changed when the tool is retracted after an overload torque signal is received
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte % 1 to 255 This parameter sets the percentage of the spindle speed to be changed when the tool is retracted because the overload torque signal is received in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter. $S2 = S1 \times d1 \div 100$ S1: Spindle speed to be changed S2: Spindle speed changed d1 is set as a percentage.
5165	Percentage of the spindle speed to be changed when the tool is retracted without an overload torque signal received
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Byte % 1 to 255

This parameter sets the percentage of the spindle speed to be changed when the tool is retracted without the overload torque signal received in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter.

 $S2 = S1 \times d2 \div 100$

- S1: Spindle speed to be changed
- S2: Spindle speed changed

d2 is set as a percentage.

	5166	Percentage of cutting feedrate to be changed when the tool is retracted after an overload torque signal is received
[U	[Data type] Init of data] data range]	Byte % 1 to 255 This parameter sets the percentage of the cutting feedrate to be changed when the tool is retracted because the overload torque signal is received in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter. F2 = F1 × b1 ÷ 100 F1: Cutting feedrate to be changed F2: Changed cutting feedrate b1 is set as a percentage.
	5167	Percentage of the cutting feedrate to be changed when the tool is retracted without an overload torque signal received
[U	[Data type] Init of data] data range]	Byte % 1 to 255 This parameter sets the percentage of the cutting feedrate to be changed when the tool is retracted without the overload torque signal received in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter. $F2 = F1 \times b2 \div 100$ F1: Cutting feedrate to be changed F2: Changed cutting feedrate b2 is set as a percentage.
[U	5168 [Data type] Unit of data] data range]	Lower limit of the percentage of the cutting feedrate in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter % 0 to 255 This parameter sets the lower limit of the percentage of the cutting feedrate changed repeatedly in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter to the specified cutting feedrate. FL = F × b3 ÷ 100 F: Specified cutting feedrate FL: Changed cutting feedrate Set b3 as a percentage.

5170	Number of the macro variable to which the total number of retractions during
	cutting is output
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 100 to 149 This parameter sets the number of the macro variable to which the total number of times the tool is retracted during cutting in a peck drilling cycle mode of a small diameter is output.
	NOTE The total number cannot be output to common variables 500 to 531.
5171	Number of the macro variable to which the total umber of retractions because of an overload signal is output
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 100 to 149 This parameter sets the common variable number of the custom macro to which the number of times the tool is retracted after the overload signal is received during cutting in a peck drilling cycle mode of a small diameter is output.
	NOTE The total number cannot be output to common variables 500 to 531.
5172	Speed of retraction to point R when no address I is issued
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word mm/min 0 to 400 This parameter sets the speed of retraction to point R when no address I is issued in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter.
5173	Speed of advancing to the position just before the bottom of a hole when no address I is issued
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word mm/min 0 to 400 This parameter sets the speed of advancing to the position just before the bottom of a previously machined hole when no address I is issued in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter.

5174

Clearance in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter

[Data type] Word [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Linear axis (input in mm)	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Linear axis (input in inches)	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

0 to 32767

This parameter sets the clearance in a peck drilling cycle of a small diameter.

4.23 PARAMETERS OF RIGID TAPPING

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	SRS	FHD		DOV	SIG	CRG	VGR	G84
5200		FHD	PCP	DOV	SIG	CRG	VGR	G84

[Data type] Bit

G84 Method for specifying rigid tapping

- 0: An M code specifying the rigid tapping mode is specified prior to the issue of the G84 (or G74) command. (See parameter No.5210).
- 1 : An M code specifying the rigid tapping mode is not used. (G84 cannot be used as a G code for the tapping cycle; G74 cannot be used for the reverse tapping cycle.)
- VGR Any gear ratio between spindle and position coder in rigid tapping
 - 0: Not used (The gear ratio is set in parameter No.3706.)
 - 1: Used (The gear ratio is set by parameters Nos. 5221 through 5224 and 5231 through 5234.)

NOTE

For serial spindles, set this parameter to 0 when using the DMR function for position coder signals on the spindle side.

- CRG Rigid mode when a rigid mode cancel command is specified (G80, G01 group G code, reset, etc.)
 - 0: Canceled after rigid tapping signal RGTAP <G061#0> is set to "0".
 - 1 : Canceled before rigid tapping signal RGTAP <G061#0> is set to "0".
- SIG When gears are changed for rigid tapping, the use of SIND <G032 and G033> is
 - 0: Not permitted.
 - 1 : Permitted.
- DOV Override during extraction in rigid tapping
 - 0: Invalidated
 - 1: Validated (The override value is set in parameter No.5211 (M/T) or No.5381(M).)
- PCP Tapping or rigid tapping
 - 0: Used as a high-speed peck tapping cycle
 - 1: Not used as a high-speed peck tapping cycle

For the T series, this parameter is valid when bit 6 (PCT) of parameter No. 5104 is set to 1.

According to the setting of this parameter, also set parameter No. 5213.

- FHD Feed hold and single block in rigid tapping
 - 0: Invalidated
 - 1 : Validated
- SRS To select a spindle used for rigid tapping in multi-spindle control:

- 0: The spindle selection signals SWS1 and SWS2 (bits 0 and 1 of G027) are used. (These signals are used also for multi-spindle control.)
- 1: The rigid tapping spindle selection signals RGTSP1 and RGTSP2 (bits 4 and 5 of G061) are used. (These signals are provided expressly for rigid tapping.)

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	5201				OV3	ονυ	TDR		
					OV3	ονυ	TDR		NIZ

[Data type] Bit

NIZ Smoothing in rigid tapping is:

0: Not performed.

1: Performed.

- TDR Cutting time constant in rigid tapping
 - 0: Uses a same parameter during cutting and extraction (Parameter Nos. 5261 through 5264)
 - 1: Not use a same parameter during cutting and extraction
 Parameter Nos. 5261 to 5264: Time constant during cutting
 Parameter Nos. 5271 to 5274: Time constant during extraction
- OVU The increment unit of the override parameter (No.5211 (M/T) or No.5381 (M)) for tool rigid tapping extraction is:
 - 0: 1%
 - 1: 10%
- OV3 The spindle speed for tool extraction is specified by program. The tool extraction function based on this spindle speed is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
								ORI
5202							RG3	ORI

NOTE

When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type]

type] Bit ORI When rigid tapping is started:

- 0: Spindle orientation is not performed.
- 1: Spindle orientation is performed.

NOTE

This parameter can be used only for a serial spindle.

- RG3 A rigid tapping return operation is specified:
 - 0: With input signal RTNT <G062#6>.
 - 1: With one-shot G code G30.

	_	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
					ovs	RGS			
5203				RBL	ovs		RFF		

[Data type] Bit

- REF Feed forward during movement from the initial point to point R in rigid tapping is:
 - 0: Disabled.

1: Enabled.

When this parameter is set, the following function is also enabled:

- When rigid tapping is specified in advanced preview control mode, the system automatically exits from advanced preview control mode and executes rigid tapping. After termination of rigid tapping, the system automatically returns to look-ahead control mode.
- RGS When bit 0 (MIF) of parameter No. 1403 is set to 1 and rigid tapping is specified in feed-per-minute mode, the spindle speed becomes:
 - 0: 1/1000 of the specified speed.
 - 1 : 1/1 of the specified speed.
- OVS In rigid tapping, override by the feedrate override signal and invalidation of override by the override cancel signal is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.

Setting this parameter enables override by the feedrate override signal $\langle G012 \rangle$ to be applied for rigid tapping operation (cutting and extraction) in rigid tapping.

The spindle speed override is fixed to 100%, but override is also applied to the spindle speed in synchronization with the feedrate along the tapping axis by feedrate override.

The override cancel signal OVC <bit 4 of G006> also becomes available.

NOTE

- 1 When this parameter is set to override the feedrate, override by parameters (see parameters Nos. 5211 (T/M) and 5381 (M)) is disabled.
- 2 Regardless of whether this parameter is set, when feedrate override is disabled by the override cancel signal OVC <bit 4 of G006>, override by parameters (see parameters Nos. 5211 (T/M) and 5381 (M)) is enabled.
- RBL As acceleration/deceleration for rigid tapping cutting feed:
 - 0: Linear acceleration/deceleration is used.
 - 1: Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration is used.

NOTE

The bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration option for rigid tapping is required.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
500.4							SPR	DGN
5204								DGN
							•	·
	NO		hia nar	omoto	io oot	the new	wormu	uat ha
		When t turned						ISI DE
[Data type] DGN	0: A	-			ization e	rror is d	isplayed	. (Nos. 455 to
	1: A	57) An error lisplayed				spindle	e and ta	pping axis is
SPR		d tapping						
		Not chang						
	1: C	Changed	on a spir	ndle-by-	spindle b	asis.		
		When sparame tapping parame suppor	eters or using eter to	n a spir the sec 1. The	ndle-by- cond se followir	-spindle rial spi	e basis ndle, se	in rigid et this
			First spi			cond spi	ndle (2-s	tage gear)
		No.5214				5215		
		-	to No.52	224		5225, No	.5226	
		No.5231	to No.52	234	No.	5235, No	.5236	
		No.5241	to No.52	244	No.	5245, No	.5246	
		No.5261	to No.52	264		5265, No		
		No.5271	to No.52	274	No.	5335, No	.5336	
		No.5280)		No.	5341		
		No.5281	to No.52	284	No.	5342, No	.5343	
		No.5300), No.530	1	No.	5302, No	.5303	
		No.5310) to No.53	314	No.	5350 to N	lo.5353	
			to No.53			5325, No		
	2	For rigi	d tappi	ng usir	ng the s	econd	serial s	pindle,
		the mu						

		_	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	5205		REF	PKD						RCK
			REF					NRV		RCK

[Data type]

Bit

- RCK In rigid tapping, an excessive error during movement/at stop is:
 - 0: Checked regardless of whether mode is cutting (tapping) or rapid traverse.
 - 1: Checked only in cutting (tapping) mode.
- NRV For the rigid tapping function, the spindle returns back from the bottom of a hole with:
 - 0: Rotating opposite to the drilling direction
 - 1: Rotating in the drilling direction (special purpose)

CAUTION

This parameter is intended for special uses only. When rigid tapping is performed, therefore, this parameter must not be set. If rigid tapping is performed with this parameter set, a tapping tool, workpiece, or machine may be damaged.

- PKD For rigid peck tapping, diagnostic number 457 (maximum rigid tapping synchronization error) indicates:
 - 0: A value per tap operation.
 - 1 : A total value until the hole bottom is reached.
- REF Fine acceleration/deceleration during rigid tapping is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.

To use the spindle fine acceleration/deceleration (FAD) function, set 1.

NOTE

When fine acceleration/deceleration is used, fine acceleration/deceleration settings for the spindle and servo system must be made in addition to the setting of this parameter.

5210

Rigid tapping mode specification M code

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Byte 0 to 255

This parameter sets an M code that specifies the rigid tapping mode.

- 1 A setting value of 0 is assumed to be 29 (M29).
- 2 To use an M code whose number is greater than 256, Specify the code number with parameter No.5212.

52	211	Override value during	rigid tanning	avtraction				
	a type] f data]	Byte 1 % or 10 % 0 to 200 The parameter sets the override value during rigid tapping extraction.						
		NOTE The override value is valid when DOV in parameter No.5200 #4 is "1". When OVU (bit 3 of parameter No.5201) is 1, the unit of set data is 10%. An override of up to 200% can be applied to extraction.						
52	212	M code that specifies	a rigid tanr	ving mode				
[Data [Unit o [Valid data	-	2-word Integer 0 to 65535 This parameter sets the M code that specifies the rigid tapping mode. The M code that specifies the rigid tapping mode is usually set by parameter 5210. To use an M code whose number is greater than 256, specify the code number with parameter 5212.						
		NOTE If the setting of this parameter is 0, the M code specifying the rigid tapping mode is determined by the setting of parameter 5210. Otherwise, it is determined by the setting of parameter 5212. The setting of parameter 5212 must always be within the above valid range.						
52	213	Return or clearance	in peck tapp	ing cycle]		
[Data [Unit o	a type] f data]	Word						
	-	Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit		
		Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.001	mm		
		Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.0001	inch		

[Valid data range]

0 to 32767

This parameter sets the return or clearance in the peck tapping cycle.



Fig.4.23 (a) High-speed Peck Drilling and Peck Drilling Cycles



[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word

Detection unit (1/4096rev)

0 to 32767

Each of these parameters is used to set an allowable synchronization error range between a spindle used for rigid tapping and the tapping axis.

If the value set with each parameter is exceeded, rigid tapping alarm No.741 (excessive error during movement) is issued. When 0 is set, a synchronization error check is not made.

NOTE

When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle

- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5214 is applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameter No.5215 is applied to the second spindle.

5221	Number of spindle gear teeth (first-stage gear)
5222	Number of spindle gear teeth (second-stage gear)
5223	Number of spindle gear teeth (third-stage gear)
5224	Number of spindle gear teeth (fourth-stage gear)
5225	Number of second spindle gear teeth (first-stage gear)
5226	Number of second spindle gear teeth (second-stage gear)

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Word

1 to 32767

When an arbitrary gear ratio is used in rigid tapping, each of these parameters sets the number of teeth of each spindle gear.

- 1 These parameters are enabled when the VGR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5200) is set to 1.
- 2 When a position coder is attached to the spindle, set the same value for all of parameters No.5221 through No.5224.
- 3 When the DMR function of the position coder signal is used with a serial spindle, set the VGR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5200) to 0, and set these parameters to 0.
- 4 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameters No.5221 and No.5222 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5225 and No.5226 are applied to the second spindle.

5231	Number of position coder gear teeth (first-stage gear)
5232	Number of position coder gear teeth (second-stage gear)
5233	Number of position coder gear teeth (third-stage gear)
5234	Number of position coder gear teeth (fourth-stage gear)
5235	Number of position coder gear teeth for the second spindle (first-stage gear)
5236	Number of position coder gear teeth for the second spindle (second-stage gear)

[Data type]

[Valid data range]

Word 1 to 32767

When an arbitrary gear ratio is used in rigid tapping, each of these parameters sets the number of teeth of each position coder gear.

1	These parameters are enabled when the VGR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5200) is set to 1. When a position coder is attached to the spindle, set the same value for all of parameters No.5231 through No.5234.
	When a spindle motor with a built-in position coder
	is used, a position coder with a resolution of 2048
	pulses/rev may be used. In such a case, set the actual number of teeth, multiplied by 2 (for
	conversion to 4096 pulses/rev).
2	When the DMR function of the position coder signal
_	is used with a serial spindle, set the VGR
	parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5200) to 0, and
	set these parameters to 0.
3	When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
	• When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter
	No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameters
	No.5231 and No.5232 are applied to the second
	spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
	• When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter
	No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters
	No.5235 and No.5236 are applied to the second spindle.

5241	Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping (first-stage gear)
5242	Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping (second-stage gear)
5243	Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping (third-stage gear)
5244	Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping (fourth-stage gear)
5245	Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping using the second spindle (first-stage gear)
5246	Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping using the second spindle (second-stage gear)

2-word

min⁻¹

The setting range is determined according to the spindle to position coder gear ratio as follows:

Spindle : Position coder	Setting range
1:1	0 to 7400
1:2	0 to 9999
1:4	0 to 9999
1:8	0 to 9999

Each of these parameters is used to set a maximum spindle speed for each gear in rigid tapping.

- 1 For the M series, set the same value for both parameter No.5241 and parameter No.5243 for a one-stage gear system. For a two-stage gear system, set the value specified for parameter No. 5241 or 5242, whichever is greater, for parameter No. 5243. Otherwise, P/S alarm No.200 will be issued.
- 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameters No.5241 and No.5242 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5245 and No.5246 are applied to the second spindle.

5261	Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle and tapping axis (first-stage gear)
5262	Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle and tapping axis (second-stage gear)
5263	Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle and tapping axis (third-stage gear)
5264	Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle and tapping axis (fourth-stage gear)
5265	Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the second spindle and tapping axis (first-stage gear)
5266	Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the second spindle and tapping axis (second-stage gear)

] Word

] ms

0 to 4000

Each of these parameters is used to set a linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle of each gear and the tapping axis in rigid tapping.

Set the period required to reach each maximum spindle speed (parameters No.5241 through No.5248). The set time constant, multiplied by the ratio of a specified S value to a maximum spindle speed, is actually used as a time constant.

NOTE

When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle

- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameters No.5261 and No.5262 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5265 and No.5266 are applied to the second spindle.

5271	Time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in extraction operation (first-stage gear)
5272	Time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in extraction operation (second-stage gear)
5273	Time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in extraction operation (third-stage gear)
5274	Time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in extraction operation (fourth-stage gear)



ms 0 to 4000

Each of these parameters is used to set a linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle of each gear and tapping axis in extraction operation during rigid tapping.

- 1 These parameters are enabled when the TDR parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.5201) is set to 1.
- 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameters No.5271 and No.5272 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5335 and No.5336 are applied to the second spindle.

5280	Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping (common to all gears)
5281	Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping (first-stage gear)
	Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping
5282	(second-stage gear)
5282 5283	(second-stage gear) Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping (third-stage gear)

Once these parameters have been set, the power must be turned off then back on for the settings to become effective.

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word

 0.01 s^{-1}

1 to 9999

Each of these parameters is used to set a position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping. These parameters significantly affect the precision of threading. Conduct cutting tests, and make adjustments to obtain an optimum value.

When performing threading with an analog spindle, also adjust the loop gain multipliers (parameter Nos. 5291 to 5294).

To use a varied loop gain on a gear-by-gear basis,
set parameter No.5280 to 0, and set a loop gain for
each gear in parameters No.5281 through
No.5284. The specification of a loop gain on a
gear-by-gear basis is disabled if parameter
No.5280 is set to a value other than 0. In such a
case, the value set in parameter No.5280 is used
as a loop gain that is common to all the gears.

- 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5280 or the settings of parameters No.5281 and No.5282 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5341 through No.5343 are applied to the second spindle.

5291	Spindle loop gain multiplier in the rigid tapping mode (for gear 1)
5292	Spindle loop gain multiplier in the rigid tapping mode (for gear 2)
5293	Spindle loop gain multiplier in the rigid tapping mode (for gear 3)
5294	Spindle loop gain multioplier in the rigid tapping mode (for gear4)

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Word type

optimum value.

0 to 32767 Set the spindle loop gain multipliers for gears 1 to 4 in the rigid tapping mode. The thread precision depends on the multipliers. Conduct cutting tests, and make fine adjustments to obtain an

NOTE These parameters are used for analog spindles.

Loop gain multiplier = $2048 \times E/L \times \alpha \times 1000$

where;

- E: Voltage in the velocity command at 1000 min^{-1}
- L: Rotation angle of the spindle per one rotation of the spindle motor
- α : Unit used for the detection

Examples



Fig.4.23 (b) Connection among the spindle motor, spindle, and position coder

5300	Tapping axis in-position width in rigid tapping
5301	Spindle in-position width in rigid tapping
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word Detection unit 0 to 32767 These parameters are used to set tapping axis and spindle in-position widths in rigid tapping.
	 NOTE 1 If an excessively large value is specified, the threading precision will deteriorate. 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameter No.5300 and No.5301 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle. When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5302 and No.5303 are applied to the second spindle.
5302	Tapping axis in-position width in rigid tapping using the second spindle
5303	Spindle in-position width in rigid tapping using the second spindle
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word Detection unit 0 to 32767 These parameters are used to set spindle and tapping axis in-position widths in rigid tapping using the second spindle.
	NOTE These parameters are enabled when the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1.
5308	In-position width at point R in rigid tapping (tapping axis)
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word Detection unit 0 to 32767 This parameter is used to set the tapping axis in-position width at point R in rigid tapping.

5310	Positional deviation limit imposed during tapping axis movement in rigid tapping
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word Detection unit 1 to 32767 This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit during tapping axis movement in rigid tapping. A value that falls outside the valid data range, described above, can be specified in parameter No.5314.
	 NOTE 1 When a high-resolution detector is used, the unit must be multiplied by 10. 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5310 (or No.5314) is applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle. When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the setting of parameter No.5350 is applied to the second spindle, respectively.
5311	Limit value of spindle positioning deviation during movement in rigid tapping.
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word Detection unit 1 to 32767 This parameter sets the limit value of a spindle positioning deviation during movement in rigid tapping. Limit value = $\frac{S \times 360 \times 100 \times 1.5}{60 \times G \times \alpha}$ where S : Maximum spindle speed in rigid tapping (Setting value of parameter Nos. 5241 and greater) G : Loop gain of rigid tapping axis (Setting value of parameter Nos. 5280 and greater) α : Detection unit

Calculation example



Fig.4.23 (c) Connection Among Spindle Motor, Spindle and Position Coder

NOTE

- 1 The detection unit is a = La/2048 when the position coder built-in spindle motor uses a position coder of 512 pulses per revolution.
- 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5311 is applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the setting of parameter No.5351 is applied to the second spindle, respectively.



Positional deviation limit imposed while the tapping axis is stopped in rigid tapping

[Data type] Word

[Unit of data] Detection unit

[Valid data range] 1 to 32767

This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit imposed while the tapping axis is stopped in rigid tapping.

When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle

- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5312 is applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the setting of parameter No.5352 is applied to the second spindle. respectively.

5313

Positional deviation limit imposed while the spindle is stopped in rigid tapping

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word Detection unit 1 to 32767

This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit imposed while the spindle is stopped in rigid tapping.

NOTE

- When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5313 is applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the setting of parameter No.5353 is applied to the second spindle, respectively.

5314

Positional deviation limit imposed during tapping axis movement in rigid tapping

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] 2-word

Detection unit 0 to 99999999

Usually, parameter No.5310 is used to set a positional deviation limit imposed during tapping axis movement in rigid tapping. However, parameter No.5314 can be used to set a value greater than the valid data range of parameter No.5310 because of the resolution of the detector being used.

- 1 When parameter No.5314 is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5310 is used. When parameter No.5314 is set to a value other than 0, parameter No.5310 is disabled; in this case, the setting of parameter No.5314 is used.
- 2 When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the setting of parameter No.5314 (or No.5310) is applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.
 - When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the setting of parameter No.5350 is applied to the second spindle, respectively.



[Valid data range]

Each of these parameters is used to set a spindle backlash.

When rigid tapping is performed using the second spindle

- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1, the settings of parameters No.5325 and No.5326 are applied to the second spindle.
- When the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 0, the settings of parameters No.5321 and No.5322 are applied to the second spindle, as well as to the first spindle.

Time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in second spindle extraction operation (first-stage gear)

5335

Time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in second spindle extraction operation (second-stage gear)

5336

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word

ms

0 to 4000

Each of these parameters is used to set a linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for the spindle and tapping axis in extraction operation during rigid tapping on a gear-by-gear basis.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when both the TDR parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.5201) and the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) are set to 1.

		Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping
	5341	using the second spindle (common to all the gears)
	5342	Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping using the second spindle (first-stage gear)
	5343	Position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping using the second spindle (second-stage gear)
		NOTE After these parameters have been set, the power must be turned off then back on for the settings to become effective.
[U	[Data type] [nit of data] data range]	Word 0.01 s ⁻¹ 1 to 9999 Each of these parameters is used to set a position control loop gain for the spindle and tapping axis in rigid tapping using the second spindle.
		 NOTE 1 To use a varied loop gain on a gear-by-gear basis, set parameter No.5341 to 0, and set a loop gain for each gear in parameters No.5342 and No.5343. 2 This parameter is enabled when the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1.
	5350	Positional deviation limit imposed during tapping axis movement in rigid tapping using the second spindle
	[Data type] [nit of data]	2-word Detection unit

[Unit of data] [Valid data range]

1 to 99999999

This parameter sets a positional deviation limit imposed during tapping axis movement in rigid tapping using the second spindle.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1.

5351

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word Detection unit

1 to 32767

This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit imposed during spindle movement in rigid tapping using the second spindle.

Positional deviation limit imposed during spindle movement in rigid tapping using the second spindle

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1.

5352

Positional deviation limit imposed while the tapping axis is stopped in rigid tapping using the second spindle

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word Detection unit

1 to 32767

This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit imposed while the tapping axis is stopped in rigid tapping using the second spindle.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1.

5353

Positional deviation limit imposed while the spindle is stopped in rigid tapping using the second spindle

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Detection unit

Word

1 to 32767

This parameter is used to set a positional deviation limit imposed while the spindle is stopped in rigid tapping using the second spindle.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the SPR parameter (bit 1 of parameter No.5204) is set to 1.

53	65	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant for the first spindle in
		rigid tapping (first-stage gear)
53	66	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant for the first spindle in rigid tapping (second-stage gear)
53	67	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant for the first spindle in rigid tapping (third-stage gear)
[Data [Unit of [Valid data 1	-	Word msec 0 to 512 These parameters are used to set bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constants for the first spindle in rigid tapping.
53	69	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant for the second spindle in rigid tapping (first-stage gear)
53	70	Bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant for the second spindle in rigid tapping (second-stage gear)
[Data [Unit of [Valid data 1	-	Word msec 0 to 512 These parameters are used to set bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constants for the second spindle in rigid tapping.
53	81	Override value during rigid tapping return
[Data [Unit of [Valid data 1	-	Byte 1% or 10% 0 to 200 This parameter is used to set the override value during rigid tapping return. If the setting is 0, no override is applied.
		NOTE This parameter is valid when bit 4 (DOV) of parameter No. 5200 is set to 1. If bit 3 (OVU) of parameter No.5201 is set to 1, 10% is set as the units of data. Thus, an override of up to 2000% can be applied during extraction.

5382	Amount of return for rigid tapping return

2-word Input increments

ge] 0 to 99999999

During rigid tapping return, the tool can be pulled out, along the tapping axis, going beyond the stored rigid tapping start position by the amount specified with this parameter.

If the tool has already been retracted from rigid tapping, it will be retracted further only by the distance specified in this parameter.

4.24 PARAMETERS OF SCALING/COORDINATE ROTATION

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
5400	SCR	XSC		RCW				RIN		
[Data type] RIN	Bit Coordinate rotation angle command (R) 0 : Specified by an absolute method 1 : Specified by G90 or G91									
	NOTE For the G code system A (T series), this parameter is invalid.									
RCW	 When a workpiece or local coordinate system command is issued in coordinate system rotation mode: 0: No alarm is issued. 1: An alarm (P/S alarm No. 5302) is issued. 									
XSC	 Scaling mirror image for each axis in scaling is: 0: Disabled. (The scaling magnification common to all axes is specified with P.) 1: Enabled. (The scaling magnification for each axis is specified 									
SCR	with I, J, and K.) Scaling magnification unit 0: 0.00001 times (1/100,000) 1: 0.001 times									
5401	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0 SCLx		
[Data type] SCLx	Bit axis Scaling 0: Invalidated 1: Validated									
·1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
5402								S8D		
[Data type] S8D	Bit axis The unit of scaling magnification is: 0: Dependent on the setting of bit 7 (SCR) of parameter No. 5400.									

1: 0.0000001 (1/10,000,000).
5410	Angular displacement used when no angular displacement is specified for coordinate system rotation
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word 0.001 degrees -360000 to 360000 This parameter sets the angular displacement for coordinate system rotation. When the angular displacement for coordinate system rotation is not specified with address R in the block where G68 is specified, the setting of this parameter is used as the angular displacement for coordinate system rotation.
5411	Magnification used when scaling magnification is not specified
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word 0.001, 0.00001, or 0.0000001 times (selected by bit 7 (SCR) of parameter No. 5400) or bit 0 (S8D) of parameter No. 5402 (M series)) 1 to 9999999 (when 0.001 or 0.00001 times is selected) 1 to 99999999 (when 0.0000001 times is selected) (M series) This parameter sets the scaling magnification. This setting value is used when a scaling magnification (P) is not specified in the program.
	NOTE Parameter No.5421 becomes valid when scaling for every axis is valid. (XSC, #6 of parameter No.5400 is "1".)
5421	Scaling magnification for every axis
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word axis 0.001, 0.00001, or 0.0000001 times (selected by bit 7 (SCR) of parameter No. 5400) or bit 0 (S8D) of parameter No. 5402 (M series)) -999999 to -1, 1 to 9999999 (when 0.001 or 0.00001 times is selected) -99999999 to -1, 1 to 99999999 (when 0.0000001 times is selected) (M series) This parameter sets the scaling magnification for every axis.

4.25 PARAMETERS OF UNI-DIRECTIONAL POSITIONING

i	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	-			
5431							PDI	MDL				
Data tanal	D:4											
Data type] MDL	Bit	fing with of	h an tha t	Cardaf		dinantia			7(0)			
MDL	-	fies whet			0			U V				
		led in one One-shot		· ·	• •) of mod			group			
		Modal G		· · ·	1 /							
PDI		the tool	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U 1/		o spacit	fied and	noint u	rith tl			
I DI		rectional				a speen		point w	iui u			
		No in-pos										
		An in-pos										
		in in pot		•	Overrun							
					distance							
			_		$ \longrightarrow $							
		(1						
		Sta	rt point	ľ	<	1						
				ľ	< ────────────────────────────────────							
	End point Stop after overrun											
							-					
1	[
5440												
5440	Position	ning directi	on and ov			ni-directio	nal positi	oning for				
				each	axis							
Doto type]	Word	ovia										
Data type] nit of data]	word	axis										
in or uata]		Innut i	ncremen	t	IS-A	IS-	B	IS-C	Unit			
			er machir		0.01	0.001		0001	mm			
			machine		0.001	0.000		00001	inch			
			tion axis		0.01	0.001		0001	deg			
	L						1		9			

[Valid data range] -16

-16383 to +16383

This parameter sets the positioning direction and overrun distance in uni-directional positioning (G60) for each axis. The positioning direction is specified using a setting data sign, and the overrun distance using a value set here.

Overrun distance > 0: The positioning direction is positive (+).

Overrun distance < 0: The positioning direction is negative (-).

Overrun distance = 0: Uni-directional positioning is not performed.



Fig.4.25 Positioning Direction and Overrun distance

4.26 PARAMETERS OF POLAR COORDINATE INTERPOLATION

_		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	5450							AFC	
	5450								
П	Data type]	Bit							
[1	Data type] AFC		ar coord	inate in	terpolatio	on mode	e, automa	atic ove	rride operation
		and au	tomatic	feedrate	clamp of				1
			lot perfo						
		1: P	eriormed	u.					
		NO	TE						
				r coord	linate in	terpola	ation mo	ode, th	e feedrate
			•				axis inci		
							nter of a		
						•	ece, the No.546		
			0				arm No	,	
				•	0				unction
							np func		
							edrate te		ent the
							otation a		
			exceed	ling a s	specified	d maxi	mum cu	itting fo	eedrate.
г									
	5460	Ax	is (linear a	axis) spec	cification for	or polar o	oordinate	interpola	tion
	5461	Ax	is (rotary a	axis) spec	cification for	or polar o	oordinate	interpola	tion
L									
П	Data type]	Byte							
-	ata range]	•	, contr	ol axes	count				
			-			is numl	pers of lin	near and	l rotary axes to
		execut	e polar i	nterpola	tion.				
Г		Ma	aximum cu	utting feed	drate durin	a polar c	oordinate	internola	tion
	5462			in ing root		g polar o		interpola	
E									
_	Data type]	2-wore	d						
Unit of data, valid d	ata range]						\/-	lid data	rango
		Incre	ement sys	stem	Units of o	lata	IS-A, IS	lid data -B	IS-C
		Millim	eter mach	nine	1 mm/m	in	0, 6 to 240		0, 6 to 100000
		Inch n	nachine		0.1 inch/i	nin	0, 6 to 96	000	0, 6 to 48000
		Potati	on axis	1	1 deg/m	in	0, 6 to 240	0000	0, 6 to 100000

This parameter sets the upper limit of the cutting feedrate that is effective during polar coordinate interpolation. If a feedrate greater than the maximum feedrate is specified during polar coordinate interpolation, it is clamped to the feedrate specified by the parameter. When the setting is 0, the feedrate during polar coordinate interpolation is clamped to the maximum cutting feedrate usually specified with parameter 1422.

5463

Allowable automatic override percentage in polar coordinate interpolation

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

% 0 to 100

Bvte

This parameter sets an allowable percentage to find an allowable feedrate on a rotation axis in polar coordinate interpolation mode. A maximum cutting feedrate (parameter No.5462), multiplied by the allowable percentage set with this parameter represents an allowable feedrate.

Allowable feedrate on rotation axis = maximum cutting feedrate × allowable percentage

In polar coordinate interpolation mode, the feedrate component on a rotation axis increases as the tool moves closer to the center of a workpiece. Near the center of a workpiece, the maximum allowable feedrate (parameter No.5462) may be exceeded. To prevent the feedrate component on a rotation axis from exceeding the maximum allowable feedrate in polar coordinate interpolation mode, the following override is automatically applied to the feedrate (automatic override):

Override = Allowable feedrate on rotation axis Feedrate component on rotation axis × 100 (%)

If the overridden feedrate component for a rotation axis still exceeds the allowable feedrate, the feedrate is clamped to prevent the feedrate component on a rotation axis from exceeding a maximum cutting feedrate (automatic feedrate clamp).

NOTE

When 0 is set in this parameter, a specification of 90% is assumed. When a value of 100 or greater is set with this parameter, a specification of 100% is assumed. Before the automatic override function and automatic feedrate clamp function can be used, bit 1 (AFC) of parameter No.5450 must be set to

4.27 PARAMETERS OF NORMAL DIRECTION CONTROL

						_
	5480	Number of the axis for co	ontrolling the	normal direct	ion	
	[Data type] data range]	Byte 1 to the maximum control axi This parameter sets the contro the normal direction.		ber of the a	xis for cor	ıtrolling
	5481	Rotation feedrate of n	ormal directio	n control axis	6	
[U	[Data type] Init of data] data range]	Word deg/min 1 to 15000 This parameter sets the feedra is inserted at the start point of				
	5482	Limit value that ignores the rotation	on insertion o axis	f normal direc	ction control	
	[Data type] Init of data]	2-word				
L	ŗ	Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
		Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg
[Valid	data range]	1 to 99999999 The rotation block of a norr when the rotation insertion a control does not exceed this is added to the next rotation then judged.	angle calcul setting valu	lated during e. The igno	g normal d	lirection on angle
		 NOTE 1 No rotation block is degrees are set. 2 If 180 or more degrinserted only when 	ees are s	et, a rotat	ion block	

or more degrees.

5483

Limit value of movement that is executed at the normal direction angle of a preceding block

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

1 to 99999999

2-word

This parameter sets the limit value of movement at the normal direction angle of a preceding block.



Fig.4.27 (a) When the Block Moves Along a Straight Line



Fig.4.27 (b) When the Block Moves Along on Arc

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
5484						ANM	СТІ	SDC

[Data type]

Bit

- SDC In normal direction control:
 - 0: A C-axis movement is automatically inserted between blocks so that the C-axis is directed at right angles to the direction of motion at the start point of each block. (After movement on the C-axis, movement (along the X-axis and Y-axis) specified by the block is performed.)
 - 1: If the amount of C-axis movement is smaller than the value set in parameter

No.5485, a C-axis movement is not inserted before a block. Instead, it is performed together with movement along the X-axis and Y-axis.

- CTI If such an arc that the vector from the center of the arc to a start point rotates in the reverse direction after cutter compensation is specified during normal direction control in the cutter compensation C mode:
 - 0: P/S 041 alarm is issued.
 - 1: The command is executed.

If this parameter is set to 1, and such an arc that the vector from the center of the arc to a start point rotates in the reverse direction after cutter compensation is specified during normal direction control in the cutter compensation C mode (see the tool path from (4) to (5) in the figure below), the tool is controlled so that the tool faces in the direction at right angles to the move direction (programmed path) before cutter compensation (see the tool path from (2) to (3) in the figure below).

Thus, as shown by the programmed path from (4) to (5) in the figure below, the inside of an arc where the radius of the workpiece is smaller than the compensation value of the tool can be cut.



NOTE

When this parameter is set to 1, no interference check is made in cutter compensation C.

In AI contour control mode, the normal direction control function is: ANM

- 0: Disabled.
- 1: Enabled.

5485	Limit imposed on the insertion of a single block for rotation about the
	normal direction control axis

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

1 to 99999999

When normal direction control is applied, the amount of movement (rotation angle) on the normal direction control axis (C-axis), calculated so that the C-axis is directed at right angles to the direction of motion at the start point of a block, may be smaller than the value specified in this parameter. In such a case, the C-axis movement is not inserted before the movement (along the X-axis and Y-axis) specified by the block. Instead, the C-axis movement is performed together with the movement specified by the block. If the amount of movement (rotation angle) on the C-axis is greater than or equal to the value specified with this parameter, the C-axis movement is inserted, and the movement specified by the block is made after the completion of the C-axis movement.

NOTE

This parameter is enabled when the SDC parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.5484) is set to 1. If a value equal to or greater than 180 degrees is specified, a C-axis movement is inserted only when circular interpolation involving a C-axis rotation of 180 degrees or more is performed.

4.28 PARAMETERS OF INDEXING INDEX TABLE

1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0				
5500	IDX	SIM		G90	INC	ABS	REL	DDP				
	D'/											
ata type] DDP	Bit	ion of do	aimal n	int inn	t matha	lafinda	v tabla i	ndavina				
DDP	Selection of decimal-point input method of index table indexing axis 0 : Conventional method (Example IS-B: B1: = 0.001 deg)											
	 0: Conventional method (Example IS-B: B1; = 0.001 deg) 1: Pocket calculator method (Example IS-B: B1; = 1.000 deg) 											
REL								,00 405)				
	Relative position display of index table indexing axis 0: Not rounded by 360 degrees											
		Rounded	•	•								
ABS	Displa	aying abs	solute co	ordinate	value of	index ta	ble inde	xing axi				
		Not round										
		The index										
		when G9		-			-	· ·				
		otates in			-	-						
		30.; is sp	ecified.	The abs	olute co	ordinate	value th	ien becc				
		legree.	1 2(0)	1								
		Rounded			ovia ia 1	acition	d in 10	dograa				
		The index table indexing axis is positioned in 40 degrees when										
		G90 B400.0; is specified from the 0-degree position. The index table indexing axis does not rotate by two or more turns when										
	this parameter is set to 1. It also does not move when G90 B720.0; is specified from the 0-degree position.											
INC		on in the	-					tion con				
		le (param			-							
		Not set to				he circu	mference	e				
		Set to the										
	0	of parame	eter No.5	500, to	1.)							
G90		table ind										
	0: Judged to be an absolute/increment command according to the											
		G90/G91 mode										
	1 : Judged to be an absolute command When the same block includes a command for an index table indexing											
SIM								table in				
		nd a com				led axis:						
		A P/S ala	· ·									
		The com			(a block						
IDV		ind G30,			narm (IN	0.130) Is	(issued.)					
IDX		table ind	iexing se	quence								
		Гуре А Гуре В										
	1. 1	ype B										

,	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
5501							ISP	ті			
[Data type] ITI ISP	0: E 1: D For the clampion unclam 0: P	nabled. Disabled. Disabled. De index Ding is c	table a ompleted completed d.	axis, an d and a	is: automa n automa		o-off c	peration			
5511		Ne	gative-dire	ection rota	ation comr	nand M co	ode		_		
[Data type] [Valid data range]	[Data type] 2-word										
5512	Unit of index table indexing angle										
[Data type] [Unit of data]	2-word	ł									
L 3			ncremen	t	IS-A	IS-		IS-C	Unit		
		Rota	tion axis		0.01	0.001	0	.0001	deg		
[Valid data range]	(No.13 setting	arameter 35) gene value is TE	rated wh specifie	ified as	ndex tab ementoth	er than than than the than the	integer alue, a	multipl	e of the		

of angle.

4.29 PARAMETERS OF CUSTOM MACROS

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
	SBV		SBM	HGO		нмс		G67	
6000	SBV		SBM	HGO	V15	нмс		G67	
Data type]	Bit		<i>.</i> .		11	1	1.000	- \ .	
G67							· ·	7) is spe	
		when the macro continuous-state call mode (G66) is not set: 0: P/S alarm No.122 is issued.							
						4			
HMC		he speci om maci			s ignored	u.			
ПИС		t a norm							
			-						
	1 : At a high speed.								
		custom parame functior • Scre	macro eter is s ns may een disp ro exec	first. F set, per be deo blay of cutor (e	or this forman graded: CNC xcludin	the CN reason ce of th ng exect	, when le follo	this wing	
V15	0 : T 1 : T 15 are	'he same used.	ard syste system	em varia variable	ble numl number	bers for t rs as tho	se used	s 16 are t for the S	
					·			n be read	
						arenthese			
		<u> </u>	2		-	vetom na		numbor	

		System parar	neter number
		V15 = 0	V15 = 1
	Geometry offset value	#11001 to #11999	#10001 to #10999
H-Code		(#2201 to #2400)	(#2001 to #2200)
n-Coue	Wear offset value	#10001 to #10999	#11001 to #11999
	vvear onset value	(#2001 to #2200)	(#2201 to #2400)
D Codo	Geometry offset value	#13001 to #13999	#12001 to #12999
D-Code	Wear offset value	#12001 to #12999	#13001 to #13999

HGO When a GOTO statement for specifying custom macro control is executed:

- 0: A high-speed branch is not caused to 30 sequence numbers, immediately following the point of execution.
- 1: A high-speed branch is caused to 30 sequence numbers, immediately before the point of execution.

- SBM Custom macro statement
 - 0: Not stop the single block
 - 1: Stops the single block

If you want to disable the single blocks in custom macro statements using system variable #3003, set this parameter to 0. If this parameter is set to 1, the single blocks in custom macro statements cannot be disabled using system variable #3003. To control single blocks in custom macro statements using system variable #3003, use bit 7 (SBV) of parameter No. 6000.

NOTE

- 1 This bit is invalid when bit 0 (NOP) of parameter No. 3404 is set to 1. (M series)
- 2 When the block look-ahead operation is enabled, a block look-ahead operation is performed also in single block operation, so macro statements are executed when they are read by the look-ahead operation.
- 3 In cutter offset C mode, an intersection on the path resulting from offsetting is calculated. So, a block look-ahead operation is performed also in single block operation. To stop a macro statement in single block mode, cancel cutter offset C mode in advance.

SBV Custom macro statement

- 0: Not stop the single block
- 1 : Stops the single block

To control single blocks in custom macro statements using system variable #3003, use this parameter to enable or disable single blocks in custom macro statements.

This bit is valid when bit 5 (SBM) of parameter No. 6000 is set to 0.



[Data type] Bit

- MIF The system variable numbers of custom macro interface signals are: 0 : Not expanded.
 - 1 : Expanded.
- PRT Reading zero when data is output using a DPRINT command
 - 0: Outputs a space
 - 1: Outputs no data
- PV5 Custom macro common variables:
 - 0: Nos. 500 to 599 are output.
 - 1: Nos. 100 to 199 and Nos. 500 to 599 are output.
- CRO ISO code in BPRWT or DPRNT command
 - 0: Outputs only LF after data is output
 - 1: Outputs LF and CR after data is output
- TCS Subprogram
 - 0: Not called using a T code

CCV CLV	Custor 0: C 1: N Custor 0: C	m macro leared to ot cleare m macro leared to	ing a T c 's commo 'vacant d by reso 's local v 'vacant d by reso	on varial " by rese et ariables " by rese	t Nos. 1 t		199			
I	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1	
6003	MUS	MUS MCY MSB MPR TSE MIN MSK								
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.									
[Data type]	Bit									
MSK							macro in mac		latar)	
					· •		es #5061			
MIN	Custor	n macro	interrup	t					,	
		erforme		errupting	an in-ex	xecution	block (Custom	macro	
	1: P	erforme	• •		ecution	block i	s compl	leted (C	ustom	
TSE	Custor	n macro	interrup	t signal 1			>			
			ger meth gger met		ng edge)					
MPR			interrup		nvalid M	code				
	0: N	/196/M97	7							
MCD			et using j	paramete	ers (Nos.	6033 ar	nd 6034)			
MSB		ipt progr Ises a de		ocal var	iable (1	Macro-ty	pe inter	runt)		
							the n		ogram	
			ram- typ		pt)					
MCY			interrup rmed du		le onerat	ion				
			d during			1011				
MUS	Interru	ipt-type	custom r							
		Jot used Jsed								
	I. U	JSEU								

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
						VHD	MFZ	NAT
6004			D15				MFZ	NAT

[Data type] Bit

- NAT Specification of the results of custom macro functions ATAN 0: The result of ATAN is 0 to 360.0.
 - 1: The result of ATAN is -180 to 0 to 180.0.
- MFZ If the angle of a custom macro operation command SIN, COS, or TAN is 1.0×10^{-8} or below or if the result of operation is not accurately 0, the operation result is:
 - 0: Handled as underflow.
 - 1: Normalized to 0.
- VHD With system variables #5121 through #5128
 - 0: Tool position offset values (geometry offset values) are read.
 - 1: The amount of interrupt shift caused by a manual handle interrupt is read.
- D15 When tool compensation memory C is used, for reading or writing tool offset values (for up to offset number 200) for D code (tool radius), the same system variables, #2401 through #2800, as Series 15 are:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.

	D code							
Offset number	Geometry offset value	Tool wear compensation value						
1	#2401	#2601						
2	#2402	#2602						
:	:	:						
200	#2600	#2800						

NOTE

When the D15 parameter is set to 1, system variables #2500 through #2806, for workpiece reference point offset values, cannot be used. Instead, use system variables #5201 through #5324.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
6005								SQC	
6005							ADR	SQC	
	NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.								
[Data type] SQC									
ADR	Calling using a 0 : D 1 : E	Calling a subprogram with address E by the subprogram call function using a custom macro and macro executor special code is: 0: Disabled.							
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
								MLG	
6006							MMG	MLG	
[Data type] MLG	Bit In conditional decision statements in custom macros, logical operations:								
MMG	1 : C With inform	nation:	ed. variabl	,		,		ading moda	

- $0: \ \mbox{Modal}$ information specified in the previous blocks up to the immediately preceding one can be read.1 : Modal information of the currently executed block can be read.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
6010	*7	*6	*5	*4	*3	*2	*1	*0		
·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
6011	=7	=6	=5	=4	=3	=2	=1	=0		
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
6012	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
	# 7	#6	45		#0	#0		#0		
0010	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
6013	[7	[6	[5	[4	[3	[2	[1	[0		
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
6014]7]6]5]4]3]2]1]0		
	The nu *0 to * =0 to = #0 to # [0 to] 0 : C	1 8								
6030		М	code that	calls the p	orogram e	ntered in	file			
[Data type] [Valid data range]	0, and 1 to 255 This parameter sets an M code that calls the program entered in a file.									
		NOTE The M code is judged to be M198 when zero is								

specified as the setting value.



These parameters set the G codes that call the custom macros of program numbers 9010 through 9019.

NOTE

Setting value 0 is invalid. No custom macro can be called by G00.

of

6071	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9001
6072	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9002
6073	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9003
6074	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9004
6075	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9005
6076	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9006
6077	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9007
6078	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9008
6079	M code that calls the subprogram of program number 9009
[Data type] [Valid data range]	2-word 1 to 99999999 These parameters set the M codes that call the subprograms program numbers 9001 through 9009.
	NOTE Setting value 0 is invalid. No subprogram can be called by M00.



4.30 PARAMETERS OF PATTERN DATA INPUT



[Data type] Word

[Valid data range]

0, 100 to 199, 500 to 999

These parameters specify the first variable number displayed on the pattern data screen selected from the pattern menu screen. When 0 is set, 500 is assumed.

4.31 PARAMETERS OF SKIP FUNCTION

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
c200	SKF	SRE	SLS	HSS	міт		SK0	GSK			
6200	SKF	SRE	SLS	HSS			SK0				
	D'/										
Data type] GSK		Bit In skip cutting (G31), the skip signal SKIPP <g006#6> is:</g006#6>									
USK		Not used			signal Sr		000#0~	IS.			
		Jsed as a									
SK0					er the s	kip signa	al is mad	le valid			
0110						04#7> ai					
		s <x004< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td></x004<>						0			
	•					nals are	1.				
	1: S	kip signa	al is vali	d when t	hese sig	nals are (0.				
MIT						ation me					
					+MIT2,	and -M	T2 < X0	04#2-5>			
		lot used									
		Jsed as s									
HSS						h-speed		als.			
CT C				•	.	skip sigr		1.1.			
SLS			.	•		not use h	lign-spee	ed skip s			
		hile skip				high-sp	and skin	signals			
		kip signa			ion uses	ingii-sp	ccu skip	signais			
SRE		a high-s		▲	is used.						
SILL						it at the r	ising edg	ge (0#1)			
						t at the f					
SKF						eleration					
	•	ommand	-								
	0: D	Disabled									
	1: E	nabled									
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
6201	SPE			IGX	TSA	TSE	SEB	SEA			
[Data type]	Bit	1 · 1	1 1 .	· 1		11 0	1. 0	<i>.</i>			
SEA						while the	e skip fu	nction is			
	accelei	ration/de	celeratio	on and se	ervo dela	iy are:					

0: Ignored.

1: Considered and compensated (type A).

- SEB When a high speed skip signal goes on while the skip function is used, acceleration/deceleration and servo delay are:
 - 0: Ignored.
 - 1: Considered and compensated (type B).

NOTE

There are two types of compensation: Types A and B. With the skip function, the current position is stored in the CNC according to the skip signal. However, the current position stored in the CNC contains servo delay. The machine position is therefore deviated by the servo delay. The deviation can be obtained from the position deviation of the servo and the error generated due to feedrate acceleration/deceleration performed by the CNC. If the deviation can be compensated, it is not necessary to include the servo delav in measurement errors. The deviation can be compensated with the following two types by the parameter as follows: (1) Type A: The deviation is the value calculated from the cutting time constant and servo time constant (loop gain).

- (2) Type B: The deviation is the error due to acceleration/deceleration and the position deviation when the skip signal goes on.
- TSE When the torque limit skip function (G31 P99/98) is used, the skip position held in a system variable is:
 - 0: Position that is offset considering the delay (positional deviation) incurred by the servo system.
 - 1: Position that does not reflect the delay incurred by the servo system.

NOTE

The torque limit skip function stores the current position in the CNC when the torque limit arrival signal is turned on. However, the current position in the CNC includes a servo system delay, so that the position is shifted from the machine position by an amount corresponding to the servo system delay. The value of this shift can be determined from the servo system positional deviation. When TSE is set to 0, a skip position is determined by subtracting the positional deviation from the current position. When TSE is set to 1, the current position (including the servo system delay) is used as the skip position, without considering any shift or position deviation.

- TSA When the torque limit skip function (G31 P99/98) is used, torque limit arrival monitoring is performed for:
 - 0: All axes.
 - 1: Only those axes that are specified in the block containing the G31 command.
- IGX When the high-speed skip function is used, SKIP <X004#7>, SKIPP <G006#6>, and +MIT1 to -MIT2 <X004#2-5> are:
 - 0: Enabled as skip signals.
 - 1 : Disabled as skip signals.

NOTE

- 1 SKIPP <G006#6> and +MIT1 to -MIT2 <X004#2-5> are enabled only when bit 0 (GSK) of parameter No.6200 is set to 1 and bit 3 (MIT) of parameter No.6200 is set to 1. Note also that these signals are enabled only for the T series.
- 2 The skip signals for the multistage skip function (SKIP, SKIP2 to SKIP8) can also be disabled.
- SPE For the skip function (G31), the skip signal <X004#7> is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
1 S 8	1S7	1S6	1S5	1S4	1S3	1S2	1S1
#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
2S8	2 S 7	2S6	2S5	2S4	2S3	2S2	2S1
#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
3S8	3S7	3S6	3S5	3S4	3S3	3S2	3S1
#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
4S8	4S7	4S6	4S5	4S4	4S3	4S2	4S1
#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
DS8	DS7	DS6	DS5	DS4	DS3	DS2	DS1
	#7 2S8 #7 3S8 #7 4S8 #7	#7 #6 2S8 2S7 #7 #6 3S8 3S7 #7 #6 4S8 4S7 #7 #6	#7 #6 #5 2S8 2S7 2S6 #7 #6 #5 3S8 3S7 3S6 #7 #6 #5 4S8 4S7 4S6 #7 #6 #5	#7 #6 #5 #4 2S8 2S7 2S6 2S5 #7 #6 #5 #4 3S8 3S7 3S6 3S5 #7 #6 #5 #4 4S8 4S7 4S6 4S5 #7 #6 #5 #4	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 2S8 2S7 2S6 2S5 2S4 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 3S8 3S7 3S6 3S5 3S4 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 4S8 4S7 4S6 4S5 4S4 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 2S8 2S7 2S6 2S5 2S4 2S3 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 3S8 3S7 3S6 3S5 3S4 3S3 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 4S8 4S7 4S6 4S5 4S4 4S3 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 4S8 4S7 4S6 4S5 4S4 4S3 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2	#7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 2S8 2S7 2S6 2S5 2S4 2S3 2S2 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 3S8 3S7 3S6 3S5 3S4 3S3 3S2 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 4S8 4S7 4S6 4S5 4S4 4S3 4S2 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1 4S8 4S7 4S6 4S5 4S4 4S3 4S2 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #1

[[]Data type] Bit

1S1 to 1S8 Specify which high-speed skip signal is enabled when the G31 skip command is issued. The bits correspond to the following signals:

1S1	HDI0
1S2	HDI1
183	HDI2
1S4	HDI3

1S1 to 1S8, 2S1 to 2S8, 3S1 to 3S8, 4S1 to 4S8, DS1 to DS8

Specify which skip signal is enabled when the skip command (G31, or G31P1 to G31P4) and the dwell command (G04, G04Q1 to G04Q4) are issued with the multi-step skip function.

The following table shows the correspondence between the bits, input signals, and commands.

The setting of the bits have the following meaning :

- 0: The skip signal corresponding to the bit is disabled.
- 1: The skip signal corresponding to the bit is enabled.

High-speed skip function							
	Command	G31					
Input signal							
HDI0		1S1					
HDI1		1S2					
HDI2		1S3					
HDI3		1S4					

Μ	Multi-step skip function							
Command	G31	G31P2	G31P2	G31P4	G04			
	G31P1	G04Q2	G04Q2	G04Q4				
Input signal	G04Q1							
SKIP/HDI0	1S1	2S1	3S1	4S1	DS1			
SKIP2/HDI1	1S2	2S2	3S2	4S2	DS2			
SKIP3/HDI2	1S3	2S3	3S3	4S3	DS3			
SKIP4/HDI3	1S4	2S4	3S4	4S4	DS4			
SKIP5	1S5	2S5	3S5	4S5	DS5			
SKIP6	1S6	2S6	3S6	4S6	DS6			
SKIP7	1S7	2S7	3S7	4S7	DS7			
SKIP8	1S8	2S8	3S8	4S8	DS8			

NOTE HDI0 to HDI3 are high-speed skip signals.

_		 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	0010							ROS	
	6210				ASB	ASL		ROS	

[Data type]

Bit

- ROS When the skip position goes beyond the roll-over range, the values of system variables #5061 through #5068 indicating the skip signal position:
 - 0: Are not rolled over.
 - 1: Are rolled over similar to the absolute coordinates.
- ASB, ASL Set the type and time constant of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation for the skip function in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode as listed below.

ASB	ASL	Acceleration/ deceleration type	Parameter No. of time constant				
0	1	Linear	Parameter No. 6280				
1	-	Bell-shaped	(If 0 is set, the value in parameter No. 1769 (1768) is used.)				
0	0	This function is disabled. (See NOTE.)					

When bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration is specified, the following equations hold as with ordinary bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after cutting feed interpolation, where T denotes the time constant: T1=T/2, T2=T/2. Therefore, an acceleration/deceleration type containing no linear part is set.

NOTE

If ASB is set to 0, and ASL is set to 0, the acceleration/deceleration type is set by bit 3 (BS2) of parameter No.1602 and bit 6 (LS2) of parameter No. 1602, and the time constant set in parameter No. 1762, 768, or 1769 is used.

<u> </u>	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
6215								CSTx

[Data type] CSTx

For the Cs contour controlled axis, the torque limit skip function is:

0: Disabled.

Bit axis

1 : Enabled.

Torque limit skip operation is performed for the Cs counter controlled axis by using the serial spindle torque limit command signal TLMH<G070,G074> and the load detection signal LDT1<F045,F049>.

NOTE

When this parameter is set to perform torque limit skip operation for a Cs counter controlled axis, note the following:

- 1 For the Cs contour controlled axis (spindle) that uses the torque limit skip function, set bit 4 of serial spindle parameter No. 4009 to 1 so that load detection signals are output even during acceleration/deceleration.
- 2 If the load detection state (LDT1 = 1) is set when the torque limit command is specified (TLMH1 = 1) in the Cs mode, no excessive error check at stop is performed for the axis.
- 3 If the load detection state (LDT1 = 1) is set in the Cs mode, no in-position check is made for the axis.

6221		Time from the specification of a torque limit skip until the skip operation is enabled
[Data type]		Word

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

ms 0 to 65535

Set a time from the specification of a torque limit skip until the skip operation is enabled. Within the set time, the skip operation is not performed.

[Unit

4.32 PARAMETERS OF AUTOMATIC TOOL COMPENSATION (T SERIES) AND AUTOMATIC TOOL LENGTH COMPENSATION (M SERIES)

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
	6240								AE0	
[[Data type] AE0	compe automa	nsation	signals l lengtl	XAE an h measur	d ZAE	<x004#< td=""><td>#0,1></td><td>e automa (T series) YAE, an</td><td>or t</td></x004#<>	#0,1>	e automa (T series) YAE, an	or t
Ī		Fe	edrate du	urina me	asurement	of autom	atic tool c	ompen	sation	-
	6241			-	rement of a					
-	[Data type] d data range]	Word								
	61	Incre	ment sy	stom	Units of	data	V	alid da	ata range	
			-				IS-A, IS		IS-	
			eter mac	hine	1 mm/n		6 to 150		6 to 12	
		Inch m	nachine		0.1 inch/	min	6 to 60	00	6 to 4	800
	6251	compe series)	nsation · γ value	(T seri on X axi		utomati itomatic	c tool le	ength o		
l	J L	Ŷ	Talue uul	ing auto		ongui du		mpena		
	6252		γ value	on Z axi	s during au	Itomatic	tool compe	ensatio	on	
L		2-word	1							
	Data type] nit of data]									
			Input i	ncreme	nt	IS-A	IS-	-В	IS-C	Uni
			Millim	ncreme eter inpu h input		IS-A 0.01 0.001	IS 0.001 0.000	1	IS-C 0.0001 0.00001	Uni mm

These parameters set the γ value during automatic tool compensation (T series) or tool length automatic compensation (M series).

NOTE

Set a radius value irrespective of whether the diameter programming or the radius programming is specified.

6254	ϵ value on X axis during automatic tool compensation ϵ value during automatic tool length automatic compensation								
6255	ε value on Z axis during	automatic too	ol compensat	ion					
[Data type] Jnit of data]	2-word								
_	Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit				
	Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm				
	Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch				
data range]	1 to 999999999 These parameters set the ε τ (T series) or automatic tool 1	U		tool compe	ensation				
	NOTE Set a radius value diameter programmis specified.	•			ng				

[Valid

Time constant of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in the skip

function in advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control mode for each axis

6280

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word axis

msec 0 to 512

This parameter sets the time constant of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation in the skip function in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode for each axis. This parameter is valid when bit 3 (ASL) of parameter No. 6210 is set to 1. (See the description of bit 3 (ASL) of parameter No. 6210.) If this parameter is set to 0, the value set in parameter No. 1769 is used. If parameter No. 1769 is set also to 0, the value in parameter No. 1768 is used.

4.33 PARAMETERS OF EXTERNAL DATA INPUT/OUTPUT

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
6300	EEX			ESR	ESC				
[Data type] ESC	signal	ESTB	<g002#< td=""><td>7> and</td><td>executi</td><td></td><td></td><td>ata input , the ex</td></g002#<>	7> and	executi			ata input , the ex	
Fab	0: P 1: D	erforms oes not	a search perform	a search					
ESR	0: D	al progra isabled nabled	am numl	per searc	h				
EEX	PMC I 0 : C	EXIN fu convention		cificatior ations	IS				
	If you accord	want to ing to	handle of the con	lata unav	l speci	fications	, such	XIN com as an 8 , set this	
	 program number, in an external program number search, set this bill. To use this function for multipath control, the setting for the first p (main) is used. The EXIN specifications cannot be changed for e path. For details of EXIN and how to change ladder software, refer the PMC specifications and other manuals. 								
6310	Num	ber of add	ded messa	age numbe	ers of exte	ernal operation	ator mess	ages	
		When t		ameter ore ope				ist be	
[Data type] d data range]	messag	ternal oj ge num		h obtaiı				his parar the rel	
	NO	TF							

If 0 or a value beyond the valid data range is set in this parameter, this parameter becomes invalid.

4.34 PARAMETERS OF GRAPHIC DISPLAY

4.34.1 Parameters of Graphic Display/Dynamic Graphic Display

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
6500		NZM			DPA			
			DPO					
	· •	1			•		•	·1

[Data type] Bit

DPA Current position display on the graphic display screen

- 0: Displays the actual position to ensure tool nose radius compensation
- 1: Displays the programmed position
- DPO Current position on the solid drawing (machining profile drawing) or tool path drawing screen
 - 0: Not appear
 - 1: Appears
- NZM 0: The screen image is not enlarged by specifying the center of the screen and magnification. (Screen image enlargement by a conventional method is enabled.)
 - 1: The screen image is enlarged by specifying the center of the screen and magnification.

_	 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
0504			CSR					
6501			CSR	FIM	RID	3PL	TLC	ORG

[Data type] Bit

- ORG Movement when coordinate system is altered during drawing
 - 0: Draws in the same coordinate system
 - 1: Draws in the new coordinate system (only for the tool path drawing)
- TLC In solid drawing
 - 0: Not compensate the tool length
 - 1 : Compensates the tool length
 - 3PL Tri-plane drawing in solid drawing
 - 0: Drawn by the third angle projection
 - 1: Drawn by the first angle projection
- RID In solid drawing
 - 0: Draws a plane without edges.
 - 1: Draws a plane with edges.
- FIM Machining profile drawing in solid drawing
 - 0: Displayed in the coarse mode
 - 1: Displayed in the fine mode
- CSR While the screen image is enlarged, the shape of the graphic cursor is:
 - 0 : A square. (
 - 1: An X. (X)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
6503							MST	

[Data type] Bit

- MST In check drawing (animated simulation) using the dynamic graphic display function, the M, S, and T code commands in the program are: 0: Ignored.
 - 1: Output to the machine in the same way as in normal operation.

	Drawing coordinate system
6510	

[Data type] Byte [Valid data range]

0 to 7

This parameter specifies the drawing coordinate system for the graphic function.

The following show the relationship between the set values and the drawing coordinate systems.





Parameter	Margin	Standard set value				
No.	area	DPO = 0	DPO = 1			
6511	Right	0	200			
6512	Left	0	0			
6513	Upper	25	25			
6514	Lower	0	0			

These parameters set the machining profile drawing position in margins. The unit is a dot.

DPO is set in bit 5 (DPO) of parameter No. 6500.

6515	
	Change in cross-section position in tri-plane drawing

[Data type] Byte

[Unit of data] [Valid data range] Dot 0 to 10

This parameter sets the change in the cross-section position when a soft key is continuously pressed in tri-plane drawing. When zero is specified, it is set to 1.



[Data type] [Valid data range] Byte 0, 1 to number of controlled axes

This parameter sets a C-axis number for dynamic graphic display. When 0 or a value greater than the number of controlled axes is specified with this parameter, the third axis is assumed.

4.34.2 Parameters of Graphic Color



6570	Standard color data for graphic color number 10
6571	Standard color data for graphic color number 11
6572	Standard color data for graphic color number 12
6573	Standard color data for graphic color number 13
6574	Standard color data for graphic color number 14
6575	Standard color data for graphic color number 15
6581	Standard color data for character color number 1
6582	Standard color data for character color number 2
6583	Standard color data for character color number 3
6584	Standard color data for character color number 4
6585	Standard color data for character color number 5
6586	Standard color data for character color number 6
6587	Standard color data for character color number 7
6588	Standard color data for character color number 8
6589	Standard color data for character color number 9
6590	Standard color data for character color number 10
6591	Standard color data for character color number 11
6592	Standard color data for character color number 12
6593	Standard color data for character color number 13
6594	Standard color data for character color number 14
6595	Standard color data for character color number 15

[Data type]

e] 2-word

[Unit of data]

rr gg bb: 6-digit number (rr: Red gg: Green bb: Blue) When a number of less than six digits is set, the system assumes that 0 has been specified for the unspecified higher digit(s). [Valid data range] Data of each color: 00 to 15 (same value as the tone level data on the color setting screen) When a value of more than 16 is set, the system assumes that 15 has been specified.

Example:

Set 10203 in this parameter when the color tone levels are as follows:

Red: 1 Green: 2 Blue: 3

NOTE

To set the color of the VGA display, use the color setting screen. Note that the color changes when the settings of parameters No.6561 through No.6595 are modified.

4.35 PARAMETERS OF DISPLAYING OPERATION TIME AND NUMBER OF PARTS

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
6700							PRT	РСМ
[Data type] PCM PRT	Bit M code that counts the total number of machined parts and the num of machined parts 0 : M02, or M30, or an M code specified by parameter No.6710 1 : Only M code specified by parameter No.6710 Upon reset, signal PRTSF <f062#7>, which indicates that a requir number of parts has been reached, is: 0 : Turned off. 1 : Not turned off.</f062#7>							
6710	M code that counts the total number of machined parts and the number of machined parts							
[Data type] [Valid data range]	2-word 0 to 255 except 98 and 99 The total number of machined parts and the number of machine parts are counted (+1) when the M code set is executed.							
	NOTE Set value 0 is invalid (the number of parts is not counted for M00). Data 98 and 99 cannot be set							
6711	Number of machined parts							
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	2-wore One pr 0 to 99 The number	d iece 9999999 umber of er of mad		ed parts	is count n the M(ted (+1)	together	with the t code speci
	NOTE The number of parts is not counted for M02, M03, when bit 0 (PCM) of parameter No. 6700 is set to 1.							
6712	Total number of machined parts							
---	--							
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word One piece 0 to 99999999 This parameter sets the total number of machined parts. The total number of machined parts is counted (+1) when M02, M30, or an M code specified by parameter No.6710 is executed.							
	NOTE The number of parts is not counted for M02, M03, when bit 0 (PCM) of parameter No. 6700 is set to 1.							
6713	Number of required parts							
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". Word One piece 0 to 9999 This parameter sets the number of required machined parts. Required parts finish signal PRTSF <f062#7> is output to PMC when the number of machined parts reaches the number of required parts. The number of parts is regarded as infinity when the number of required parts is zero. The PRTSF <f062#7> signal is then not output.</f062#7></f062#7>							
6750	Integrated value of power-on period							
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word min 0 to 999999999 This parameter displays the integrated value of power-on period.							
6751	Operation time (integrated value of time during automatic operation) I							
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word msec 0 to 60000							

	6752	Operation time (integrated value of time during automatic operation) II
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word min 0 to 99999999 This parameter displays the integrated value of time during automatic operation (neither stop nor hold time included). The actual time accumulated during operation is the sum of this parameter No. 6751 and parameter No. 6752.
	6753	Integrated value of cutting time I
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word msec 1 to 60000
	6754	Integrated value of cutting time II
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word min 0 to 99999999 This parameter displays the integrated value of a cutting time that is performed in cutting feed such as linear interpolation (G01) and circular interpolation (G02 or G03). The actual time accumulated during cutting is the sum of this parameter No. 6753 and parameter No. 6754.
	6755	Integrated value of general-purpose integrating meter drive signal (TMRON) ON time I
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word msec 0 to 60000
	6756	Integrated value of general-purpose integrating meter drive signal (TMRON) ON time II
[U	[Data type] nit of data] data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word min 0 to 99999999 This parameter displays the integrated value of a time while input signal TMRON <g053#0> from PMC is on. The actual integrated time is the sum of this parameter No. 6755 and parameter No. 6756.</g053#0>
	6757	Operation time (integrated value of one automatic operation time) I
		212

	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen".
[Data type]	2-word
[Unit of data]	msec
[Valid data range]	0 to 60000

6758	Operation time (integrated value of one automatic operation time) II
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	The following parameter can be set at "Setting screen". 2-word min 0 to 99999999 This parameter displays the one automatic operation drive tim (neither stop nor hold state included). The actual time accumulate during operating is the sum of this parameter No. 6757 and parameter No. 6758. The operation time is automatically preset to 0 during th power-on sequence and the cycle start from the reset state.

4.36 PARAMETERS OF TOOL LIFE MANAGEMENT

. <u> </u>	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
			SNG	GRS	SIG	LTM	GS2	GS1
6800	M6T	IGI	SNG	GRS	SIG	LTM	GS2	GS1

[Data type] Bit

GS1, GS2 This parameter sets the combination of the number of tool life groups which can be entered, and the number of tools which can be entered per group as shown in the table below.

· · ·		M ser		T seri	es
GS2	GS1	Group count	Tool count	Group count	Tool count
0	0	1 to 16	1 to 16	1 to 16	1 to 16
0	1	1 to 32	1 to 8	1 to 32	1 to 8
1	0	1 to 64	1 to 4	1 to 64	1 to 4
1	1	1 to 128	1 to 2	1 to 16	1 to 16

- LTM Tool life
 - 0: Specified by the number of times
 - 1: Specified by time
- SIG Group number is
 - 0: Not input using the tool group signal during tool skip (The current group is specified.)
 - 1: Input using the tool group signal during tool skip
- GRS Tool exchange reset signal TLRST<G048#7>
 - 0: Clears only the execution data of a specified group
 - 1: Clears the execution data of all entered groups
- SNG Input of the tool skip signal TLSKP <G048#5> when a tool that is not considered tool life management is selected.
 - 0: Skips the tool of the group used last or of the specified group (using SIG, #3 of parameter No.6800).
 - 1: Ignores a tool skip signal
 - IGI Tool back number
 - 0: Not ignored
 - 1: Ignored
- M6T T code in the same block as M06
 - 0: Judged as a back number
 - 1: Judged as a next tool group command

_		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
ſ			EXG	E1S				TSM	
	6801	M6E	E1S	E1S		EMD	LFV		

[Data type] Bit

- TSM When a tool takes several tool numbers, life is counted in tool life management:
 - 0: For each of the same tool numbers.
 - 1: For each tool.

- LFV The life count override in the extended tool life management function is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- EMD An asterisk (*) indicating that a tool has been expired is displayed,
 - 0: When the next tool is selected
 - 1: When the tool life is expired
- E1S When the life of a tool is measured in time-based units:
 - 0: The life is counted every four seconds.
 - 1: The life is counted every second. (The maximum life is 1075 (minutes).)

NOTE

This parameter is valid when bit 2 (LTM) of parameter No.6800 is set to 1.

- EXT Specifies whether the extended tool life management function (M series) is used.
 - 0: Not used
 - 1: Used
- EXG Tool life management data registration by G10 (T series) is:
 - 0: Performed after the data for all tool groups has been cleared.
 - 1: Performed by adding/changing or deleting the data for a specified group.

NOTE

When EXG = 1, address P in the block including G10 can be used to specify whether data is to be added/changed or deleted (P1: add/change, P2: delete). When P is not specified, the data for all tool groups is cleared before the tool life management data is registered.

- M6E When a T code is specified in the same block as M06
 - 0: The T code is processed as a return number or as a group number selected next. Either is set by parameter M6T (No.6800#7).
 - 1: The tool group life is counted immediately.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
								Т99
6802	RMT	тѕк				E17	тсо	Т99

[Data type]

Bit

- T99 If a tool group whose life has expired is found to exist when M99 is executed in the main program:
 - 0: The tool change signal is not output.
 - 1 : The tool change signal is output.
- TCO When function code 171 or 172 (tool life management data write) of the PMC window function is specified, tool data of a tool in the currently selected group that is currently not in use:

- 0: Cannot be cleared.
- 1: Can be cleared.
- E17 When function code 171 or 172 (tool life management data write) of the PMC window function is specified to clear tool life management data of the tool currently in use in the currently selected group:
 - 0: The tool data is not cleared and operation terminates normally.
 - 1: The tool data is not cleared and completion code 13 is output.
- TSK When the life is specified by time and the last tool in a group is skipped in tool life management:
 - 0: The count for the last tool indicates the life value.
 - 1: The count for the last tool is not changed.
- RMT Specifies when to turn off the tool life arrival signal TLCHB, as follows:
 - 0: The actual remaining life is longer than that specified in a parameter ("less than" type).
 - 1: The actual remaining life is not equal to that specified in a parameter ("equal" type).

 	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
							LFE	LGR
6803							LFE	

NOTE

Bit

After this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off then on again for the setting to become effective.

[Data type]

LGR

When the tool life management function is used, a tool life type is:

- 0: Chosen based on the LTM parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.6800) for all groups.
- 1: Set to either count or duration on a group-by-group basis.

When LGR is set to 1, the specification of address Q is added to the G10 (tool life management data setting) command format. As shown in the example below, specify the tool life of each group as either a count (Q1) or a duration (Q2). If address Q is omitted for a group, the specification of the LTM parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.6800) applies to the group.

Example:

When the LTM parameter (bit 2 of parameter No.6800) is set to 0 G10 L3 ;

P1 L10 Q1 ; (Q1: The life of group 1 is specified as a count.)

P2 L20 Q2; (Q2: The life of group 2 is specified as a duration.)

P3 L20;

(Omission of Q: The life of group 3 is specified as a count.)

G11 ;

M30;

%

- LFE When a tool life is specified by count:
 - 0: A count value from 0 to 9999 can be specified.
 - 1: A count value from 0 to 65535 can be specified.

	_	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
								TC1	
6804							ETE	TC1	E10

[Data type] Bit

- E10 When the tool life is specified by time:
 - 0: The tool life is counted at intervals of 4 seconds.
 - 1: The tool life is counted at intervals of 10 seconds.

NOTE

This parameter is valid when bit 2 (LTM) of parameter No. 6800 is set to 1.

- TC1 During automatic operation, preset of the tool life counter is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- ETE In extended tool life management, as the mark indicating that the life of the last tool in a group has expired:
 - 0: "@" is also used.
 - 1 : "*" is used.

6810	Tool life management ignored number
[Data type] data range]	Word 0 to 9999 This parameter sets the tool life management ignored number. When the set value is subtracted from a T code, a remainder is used as the tool group number of tool life management when a value exceeding the set value is specified in the T code.

[V

[V

	Tool life count restart M code
6811	

[Data type] 2-word [Valid data range] 0 to 255 (not inclu

e] 0 to 255 (not including 01, 02, 30, 98, and 99) When zero is specified, it is ignored.

When the life is specified by the number of times, the tool exchange signal is output when a tool life count restart M code is specified if tool life of at least one tool group is expired. A tool in life is selected in the specified group when a T code command (tool group command) is specified after the tool life count restart M code is specified. A tool life counter is then incremented by one.

When the life is specified by time, a tool in life is selected in the specified group when a T code command (tool group command) is specified after the tool life count restart M code is specified.

ool life arrival notice signal TLCHB <f064#3> when the tool life i</f064#3>
to 9999 This parameter sets a remaining tool life (use count) used to output th ool life arrival notice signal TLCHB <f064#3> when the tool life i</f064#3>
This parameter sets a remaining tool life (use count) used to output the ool life arrival notice signal TLCHB <f064#3> when the tool life is</f064#3>
pecified as a use count.
 NOTE When the remaining life (use count) of a selected tool reaches the value specified with this parameter, tool life arrival notice signal TLCHB is output to the PMC. If a value greater than the life of a tool is specified with this parameter, the tool life arrival notice signal TLCHB is not output.
Remaining tool life (use duration)
-

This parameter sets the remaining tool life (use duration), used to output the tool life arrival notice signal TLCHB <F064#3> when the tool life is specified as a use duration.

NOTE

- 1 When the remaining life (use duration) of a selected tool reaches the value specified in this parameter, tool life arrival notice signal TLCHB is output to the PMC. The tool life management function allows the user to specify a tool life either as a use duration or use count for each tool group. For a group whose life is specified as a use count, parameter No.6844 is used. For a group whose life is specified as a used.
- 2 If a value greater than the life of a tool is specified with parameter No.6845, the tool life arrival notice signal TLCHB is not output.

6846		Number of remaining tools in a group
[Data type]	Byte	

[Valid data range]

0 to 127 This parameter sets the number of remaining tools in a group.

If the number of remaining tools in the currently used group is equal to or smaller than the number set in this parameter, signal TLAL <F154#0> is output. If this parameter is set to 0, the signal is not output.

4.37 PARAMETERS OF POSITION SWITCH FUNCTIONS

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
6004						РСМ	EPS	IGP
6901					PSF	РСМ	EPS	IGP
Data trinal	Bit							
Data type] IGP		g follow	-up for	the abso	lute nos	ition det	tector n	osition s
101	signal	•	up 101	uic u050	lute pos	uci uci	icetoi, p	05111011 5
	0: 0							
		Jot outpu	ıt					
EPS		umber of	position	n switche	s is:			
		Jp to 10.						
		Jp to 16.						
PCM		on switch				lagalamat	ion and i	امار میشد.
		Vith cons		•				servo dela
PSF			•					eview co
1.01		or AI co						
		Not used.			1			
	1: U	Jsed.						
	NO	TE						
		The po	sition s	witch s	ignals a	are out	put con	sidering
		acceler			•			-
		Servo u	ieiay. P	Ccelera	ation/de	ecelerat	tion afte	
			-					
			lation a	ind serv	/o dela	y are c	onsider	er ed ever
		interpo for posi	lation a ition sw	ind serv /itch sig	/o dela gnal ou	y are co tput in a	onsider a mode	er ed ever
		interpol for posi than ac preview	lation a ition sw lvanced v contro	ind servitch sig vitch sig d previe ol mode	vo dela gnal ou ew cont e, and <i>l</i>	y are co tput in a trol moo Al conto	onsider a mode de, Al a our con	er ed ever other advance trol
		interpol for posi than ac previev mode.	lation a ition sw lvanced v contro When t	ind serv vitch sig d previe ol mode his par	vo dela gnal ou ew cont e, and A ameter	y are control to the second se	onsider a mode de, Al a our con to 1, ho	er ed ever other advance trol wever,
		interpol for posi than ac preview	lation a ition sw lvanced v contro When t are ou	ind servitich sig d previe of mode his par tput fro	vo dela gnal ou ew cont e, and <i>f</i> ameter m the p	y are co tput in a trol mod Al conto is set to position	onsider a mode de, Al a our con to 1, hc n switch	er ed ever other advance trol wever,

6910	Axis corresponding to the first position switch
6911	Axis corresponding to the second position switch
6912	Axis corresponding to the third position switch
6913	Axis corresponding to the fourth position switch
6914	Axis corresponding to the fifth position switch
6915	Axis corresponding to the sixth position switch
6916	Axis corresponding to the seventh position switch
6917	Axis corresponding to the eighth position switch
6918	Axis corresponding to the ninth position switch
6919	Axis corresponding to the tenth position switch
6920	Axis corresponding to the eleventh position switch
6921	Axis corresponding to the twelveth position switch
6922	Axis corresponding to the thirteenth position switch
6923	Axis corresponding to the fourteenth position switch
6924	Axis corresponding to the fifteenth position switch
6925	Axis corresponding to the sixteenth position switch

Byte

[Data type] [Valid data range]

0 to Number of controlled axes

These parameters sequentially specify the numbers of the controlled axes corresponding to the 1st through 16th position switch functions. The corresponding position switch signal is output to the PMC when the machine coordinate of the corresponding axis is within the range set in parameters.

NOTE

Set 0 for the number corresponding to a position switch which is not to be used.

6930	Maximum operation range of the first position switch
6931	Maximum operation range of the second position switch
6932	Maximum operation range of the third position switch
6933	Maximum operation range of the fourth position switch
6934	Maximum operation range of the fifth position switch
6935	Maximum operation range of the sixth position switch
6936	Maximum operation range of the seventh position switch
6937	Maximum operation range of the eighth position switch
6938	Maximum operation range of the ninth position switch
6939	Maximum operation range of the tenth position switch
6940	Maximum operation range of the eleventh position switch
6941	Maximum operation range of the twelveth position switch
6942	Maximum operation range of the thirteenth position switch
6943	Maximum operation range of the fourteenth position switch
6944	Maximum operation range of the fifteenth position switch
6945	Maximum operation range of the sixteenth position switch

[Data type] 2-word

[Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Metric machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-999999999 to 99999999

These parameters sequentially set the maximum operation ranges of the 1st through 16th position switches.

6950	Minimum operation range of the first position switch
6951	Minimum operation range of the second position switch
6952	Minimum operation range of the third position switch
6953	Minimum operation range of the fourth position switch
6954	Minimum operation range of the fifth position switch
6955	Minimum operation range of the sixth position switch
6956	Minimum operation range of the seventh position switch
6957	Minimum operation range of the eighth position switch
6958	Minimum operation range of the ninth position switch
6959	Minimum operation range of the tenth position switch
6960	Minimum operation range of the eleventh position switch
6961	Minimum operation range of the twelveth position switch
6962	Minimum operation range of the thirteenth position switch
6963	Minimum operation range of the fourteenth position switch
6964	Minimum operation range of the fifteenth position switch
6965	Minimum operation range of the sixteenth position switch

[Data type] 2-word

[Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Metric machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch machine	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch
Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg

[Valid data range]

-999999999 to 99999999

These parameters sequentially set the minimum operation ranges of the 1st through 16th position switches.

4.38 PARAMETERS OF MANUAL OPERATION AND AUTOMATIC OPERATION

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
7001									MIN	
[Data ty] M	pe] IN	0: D	anual int Disabled. Inabled.		on and re	turn func	tion is:			
7015			Lea	st comma	and increm	nent setting	g for jog fe	ed		
[Data type] Word [Unit of data]										
			Input i	ncremen	t	IS-A	IS-E	3	IS-C	Unit
				machine		0.01	0.001		0001	mm
				machine		0.001	0.0001		00001	inch
			Rota	tion axis		0.01	0.001	0.	0001	deg
		PMC	signal JO	GUNIT	<g0023< th=""><th>command #0> is se ecognized #3</th><th>t to 1.</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></g0023<>	command #0> is se ecognized #3	t to 1.			
	71									7
7050			MI1	MIO						
					•	ameter,		the p	ower.	

	MI1	MIO
When the servo FAD function is not used in AI advanced	0	1
preview control or AI contour control		
When the servo FAD function is used in AI advanced preview	0	0
control or AI contour control		

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7051					ACR			

[Data type]

Bit

ACR When rigid tapping is specified in AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode, the mode is:

0: Not turned off.

1: Turned off.

When the serial spindle does not support advanced preview control of rigid tapping, AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode must be turned off in rigid tapping.

Setting this parameter and satisfying the following conditions can automatically turn AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode off only during execution of rigid tapping when rigid tapping is specified in AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode.

Conditions

• To specify rigid mode, use "the method for specifying M29 S**** prior to the tapping command."

If a method other than the above is used, P/S alarm No. 5110 is issued.

- The interval between M29 (rigid mode specification M code) and the completion signal (FIN) must be at least 32 msec.
- The rigid mode cancel command and cutting feed move command cannot be specified simultaneously. If they are specified simultaneously, P/S alarm No. 5110 is issued. (Additional information: The rigid mode cancel command and rapid traverse move command can be specified in the same block.)
- Set bit 2 (CRG) of parameter No. 5200 to 0. (This setting specifies that rigid tapping mode is canceled when the rigid tapping signal RGTAP is set to "0".)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	_	
7052								NMI		
	NOTE After this parameter has been set, the power m be turned off.									
[Data type]	Bit ax	is								
NMI	Set thi	is parame	eter as in	dicated	below.					
									NMI	
	 Axes used for the function below when the servo FAD function is not used: PMC axis Cs axis Index table indexing axis set for follow-up (fourth axis) 								1	
		the serve							0	

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	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	I		
7053											
							AIP				
	NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.										
[Data type] AIP		contour o	control, a	a stroke l	imit che	ck befor	e moven	nent is:			
	0 : Disabled. 1 : Enabled.										
		TE The str enable 1301 to	d (by se								
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0			
7054			AIL		AZR	FNS	AIR				
[Data type] AIR	Bit In AI										

- 0: Linear interpolation type positioning (acceleration/deceleration before interpolation is performed).
- 1: According to the setting of bit 1 (LRP) of parameter No. 1401.
- FNS When an S code is specified in AI advanced preview control or AI contour control mode, execution of a move command in the same block as the block specifying the S code is:
 - 0: Decelerated to stop once.
 - 1: Not decelerated to stop.
- AZR In AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode, the G27, G28, G30, G30.1, and G53 commands are executed:
 - 0: In normal mode. (advanced preview feed forward is valid.)
 - 1: In AI contour control mode.
- AIL When non-linear type positioning is specified in AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode and an axis-by-axis interlock signal is input:
 - 0: The tool stops along all axes.
 - 1: The setting of bit 4 (XIK) of parameter No. 1002 is used.

	 #7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7055			ODA	ADP	BCG	ALZ	AF1	ACO

[Data type] Bit

ACO In AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode:

- 0: Automatic corner override and changing both internal and external circular feedrates are disabled.
- 1: Automatic corner override and changing the internal circular feedrate are enabled, and whether to enable changing the external circular feedrate depends on the setting of bit 2 (COV) of parameter No. 1602.
- AF1 During one-digit F code feed in AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode, changing the feedrate by the manual handle is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- ALZ If no reference position has been established and G28 is specified in AI contour control mode:
 - 0: P/S alarm No. 090 is issued.
 - 1: AI advanced preview control mode or AI contour control mode is turned off and the command is executed.
- BCG The bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant change function in AI contour control mode is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.
 - See also the description of parameter No. 7066.
- ADP In AI advanced preview control or AI contour control mode, positioning in a single direction is:
 - 0: Performed in normal mode.
 - 1: Performed in AI contour control or AI nano contour control mode.
- ODA In advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control mode, the distance to a stored stroke limit is determined for:
 - 0: The axes specified by the current block and next block.
 - 1: The axes specified by the current block.

7066

Acceleration/deceleration reference speed for the bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration time constant change function in AI contour control mode

2 word

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Units of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter input	1 mm/min	0 - 600000	0 - 60000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0 - 600000	0 - 60000

Set the acceleration/deceleration reference speed for the function for changing the time constant of bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration before interpolation (bit 3 (BCG) of parameter No. 7055 = 1) in AI contour control.

Since this parameter is set in the input unit, when the input unit has been changed, the setting of the parameter must be changed.

4.39 PARAMETERS OF MANUAL HANDLE FEED, MANUAL HANDLE INTERRUPTION AND TOOL DIRECTION HANDLE FEED

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7100				HPF	HCL	IHD	THD	JHD
Data type] JHD	manua 0 : Ir	l handle l handle ivalid alid		in JOG f	feed mo	de or in	ncrement	al feed in the
				Whe	n JHD:=0		Whe	n JHD:=1
				JOG feed	Man handle	feed	JOG feed	Manual handle feed
	100 5			mode	mod	e	mode	mode
	JOG f	eeu al handle	food	O X	X		0 0	X O
	-	nental fee		X	X		<u> </u>	0
IHD HCL	0: O di 1: Ir en The cle operati 0: D	output un isabled. uput uni nabled. earing o	nit, and t, and	accelerat	tion/dec	eleration	n after in after in	nterpolation i nterpolation i oft key [CAN
HPF	When a 0: T pr of m 1: T pr th th	a manua he rate ulses con f the man nachine h he rate ulses con ne CNC. ne machine	is clar rrespon nual pu nas trav is clar rrespon (If the ine mo	nped at the nding to the ilse generative reled.) nped at the nding to the rotation of	ne rapid ae excess ator may ne rapid ne excess of the ma e distance	travers are ign not agr travers are no nual pul	e rate, a nored. (The ee with the e rate, a t ignored lse gener	e rate is issued nd the handle he graduation he distance the nd the handle l, but stored in ator is stopped g to the pulse

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7102								HNGx
Data type] HNGx	genera 0 : S	moveme	lirection		rotatio	n direct	ion of	manual
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7103			HIE	IBH	ніт	HNT	RHD	
Data type] RHD	0: N	eset, the Not cance Canceled.	eled.	of manua	al handle	e interrup	otion is:	
	NO	TE This pa parame					(IHD) o	f
HNT	0: N	anual ha Aultiplied Aultiplied	d by 1.	d/increm	ental fee	d magni	fication	is:
HIT	The m $0: M$	anual ha Aultiplie Aultiplie	ndle inte d by 1.	erruption	magnifi	cation is	:	
IBH	Manua pulse 0 :	al handle generator Disabled. Enabled.	e feed fo	or the β	servo u	init usin	g an I/O) link n
HIE	As the handle 0: T 1: T (e acceler interrup Those use Those use The acce nd bit 4	otion: ed in auto ed in man eleration/	omatic op nual feed decelera	peration are used	are used 1.	L.	

the value set in parameter No. 1625 is used.)

NOTE

This parameter is valid when bit 2 (IHD) of parameter No. 7100 is set to 1.

i	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7105							HDX	
[Data type]	Bit		1.1 11					
HDX		ink manu			4	1 0		
			automa	tically i	n the or	der of c	connectio	on to the I/C
		Link.	to the o	ddraaaaa	of the V		act in n	aromatar Nag
		2305 to		uuresses		signals	set in p	arameter Nos
	1	2505 10	12307.					
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7106				"4		"2		CLH
7100								CLH
[Data type]	Bit							
CLH		a high-s	sneed tv	ne manu	al refere	ence pos	ition ret	urn, reference
CLII								the reference
	-		-	-				is against the
	-		-			·	-	performed, the
		tion of th	-		-	-		,
		Not cleare			1			
	1: (Cleared.						
7110		N	umber of	manual p	ulse genei	rators use	d	
[Data type]	Byte							
[Valid data range]	1 or 2	(T series	s), 3 (M s	series)				
	This p	parameter	sets the	number	of manu	al pulse	generato	ors.
	-							
7113			Manual	handle fee	d magnifi	cation m		
_								
[Data type]	Word							
[Unit of data]	One ti							
[Valid data range]	1 to 1			1	·			1 11 0
		•		•				handle feed
	mover	ment sele	ction sig	gnals MP	'I and M	P2 are so	et to 0 ar	nd I.
7114			Manual	handle fee	ed magnifi	cation n		
[Data tama]	Ward							
[Data type]	Word							
[Unit of data]	One ti							
[Valid data range]	1 to 1 This		r coto t	ha maa	nificatio	n whan	manual	handle feed
		ment sele		•				manule leec
		vement s					lovement	•
		MP2		ignai IP1	-		al handle	
		0		0	Least in	nput incre		
		0		1	1	put incre		
		1	1	0		put incre		
		1		1		put incre		
	L							

7117

Allowable number of pulses that can be accumulated during manual handle feed

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

2-Word Pulses

0 to 99999999

If manual handle feed is specified such that the rapid traverse rate will be exceeded momentarily, those pulses received from the manual pulse generator that exceed the rapid traverse rate are accumulated rather than canceled.

This parameter sets the maximum number of pulses which can be accumulated in such a case.

NOTE

If the specification of manual handle feed is such that the rapid traverse rate will be exceeded, for example, when the manual pulse generator is rotated at high speed with a large magnification such as 100, the axial feedrate is clamped at the rapid traverse rate and those pulses received from the manual pulse generator that exceed the rapid traverse rate are ignored. In such a case, therefore, the scale on the manual pulse generator may differ from the actual amount of travel. If such a difference is not acceptable, this parameter can be set to temporarily accumulate the excess pulses in the CNC, rather than ignoring them, up to the specified maximum (pulses in excess of the set maximum are ignored). The accumulated pulses are output and converted to a move command once the feedrate falls below the rapid traverse rate by reducing the rotational speed of the manual pulse generator or stopping its rotation altogether. Note, however, that if the maximum number of pulses to be accumulated is too large, stopping the rotation of the manual pulse generator does not stop feeding until the tool moves by an amount corresponding to the pulses accumulated in the CNC.

4.40 PARAMETERS OF BUTT-TYPE REFERENCE POSITION SETTING

7181

First withdrawal distance in butt-type reference position setting

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range]

-999999999 to 99999999

When the butt-type reference position setting is used, this parameter sets a distance an axis, along which withdrawal is performed after the mechanical stopper is hit (distance from the mechanical stopper to the withdrawal point).

NOTE

2-word axis

2-word axis

Set the same direction as that set in bit 5 (ZMIx) of parameter No. 1006. Cycle operation cannot be started if the opposite direction is set.

7182

Second withdrawal distance in butt-type reference position setting

[Data type] [Unit of data]

Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
Millimeter input	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
Inch input	0.001	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range] -9

-999999999 to 99999999

When the butt-type reference position setting is used, this parameter sets a distance an axis, along which withdrawal is performed after the mechanical stopper is hit (distance from the mechanical stopper to the withdrawal point).

NOTE

Set the same direction as that set in bit 5 (ZMIx) of parameter No. 1006. Cycle operation cannot be started if the opposite direction is set.

7183

First butting feedrate in butt-type reference position setting

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

In aromant avatam	Unite of date	Valid da	ita range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 15000	30 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 6000	30 to 4800

When the butt-type reference position setting is used, this parameter sets the feedrate first used to hit the stopper on an axis.

7184

Second butting feedrate in butt-type reference position setting

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

Word axis

In aromant avatam	Units of data	Valid da	ata range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 15000	30 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 6000	30 to 4800

When the butt-type reference position setting is used, this parameter sets the feedrate used to hit the stopper on an axis for a second time.

7185

Withdrawal feedrate (common to the first and second butting operations) in butt-type reference position setting

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Increment evetem	Units of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Units of uata	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	30 to 15000	30 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	30 to 6000	30 to 4800

When the butt-type reference position setting is used, this parameter sets the feedrate used for withdrawal along an axis after the mechanical stopper has been hit.

7186	

Torque limit value in butt-type reference position setting

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Byte axes %

0 to 100

This parameter sets a torque limit value in butt-type reference position setting.

NOTE

When 0 is set in this parameter, 100% is assumed.

4.41 PARAMETERS OF SOFTWARE OPERATOR'S PANEL

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
7200		OP7	OP6	OP5	OP4	OP3	OP2	OP1		
[Data type]	Bit									
OP1	Mode selection on software operator's panel									
		Not perfo								
0.00		Performe		1 10	a · 1		1	0		
OP2				and JO	G rapid	traverse	e button	s on soft		
		tor's pane								
		Not perfo								
0.02		Performe			1 /	1				
OP3								se genera		
		ification		on softw	vare ope	rator's pa	anel			
		Not perfo								
0.0.4		Performe				• •	• 1	C		
OP4		•		id rapid	traverse	override	e switche	es on soft		
		tor's pane								
		Not perfo								
0.05		Performe		1 1 1		· 1 1	1 1	•		
OP5					ск, macr	ine lock	i, and dr	y run swit		
		ftware op		panel						
		Not perfo								
		Performe								
OP6		ct key on		e operato	or's panel	L				
		Not perfo								
0.07		Performe								
OP7		hold on s		operator	s panel					
		Not perfo								
	1: I	Performe	d							
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0		
7201								JPC		
/201	<u> </u>		ļ	I	ļ	I	I	JFG		
[Data type]	Bit									
	5		C					.1 .0		

For the name of a general-purpose switch function on the software JPC operator's panel, the use of full-size characters is:

- 0: Not allowed.
- 1: Allowed.

7210	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel "个"
7211	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel " \downarrow "
7212	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel " \rightarrow "
7213	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel " \leftarrow "
7214	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel "¥"
7215	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel "*
7216	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel "
7217	Job-movement axis and its direction on software operator's panel " $^{\nearrow}$ "

[Data type] [Valid data range] Byte

0 to 8

On software operator's panel, set a feed axis corresponding to an arrow key on the MDI panel when jog feed is performed.

Set value	Feed axis and direction	Arro
0	Not moved	
1	First axis, positive direction	/ .
2	First axis, negative direction	
3	Second axis, positive direction	
4	Second axis, negative direction	◀
5	Third axis, positive direction	
6	Third axis, negative direction	
7	Fourth axis, positive direction	▲
8	Fourth axis, negative direction	



[Example]

Under X, Y, and Z axis configuration, to set arrow keys to feed the axes in the direction specified as follows, set the parameters to the values given below. [8 \uparrow] to the positive direction of the Z axis, [2 \downarrow] to the negative direction of the Z axis, [6 \rightarrow] to the positive direction of the X axis [4 \leftarrow] to the negative direction of the X axis, [1 \checkmark] to the positive direction of the Y axis, Parameter No.7210 = 5 (Z axis, positive direction) Parameter No.7211 = 6 (Z axis, negative direction) Parameter No.7212 = 1 (X axis, positive direction) Parameter No.7213 = 2 (X axis, negative direction) Parameter No.7214 = 3 (Y axis, positive direction)

Parameter No.7215 = 4 (Y axis, negative direction)

Parameter No.7216 = 0 (Not used)

Parameter No.7217 = 0 (Not used)

7220 :	Name of general-purpose switch on software operator's panel
7283	Name of general-purpose switch on software operator's panel

[Data type] Byte

[Example] These parameters set the names of the general-purpose switches (SIGNAL 1 through SIGNAL 8) on the software operator's panel as described below.

OPERATOR'S P	ANEL	012	234 N56'	78
STGNAL1	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL2	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL3	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL4	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL5	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL6	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL7	:	OFF	ON	
SIGNAL8	:	OFF	ON	

These names are set using character codes that are displayed in parameter Nos. 7220 to 7283.

Parameter No.7220:

Sets the character code (083) corresponding to S of SIGNAL 1. Parameter No.7221:

Sets the character code (073) corresponding to I of SIGNAL 1. Parameter No.7222:

Sets the character code (071) corresponding to G of SIGNAL 1. Parameter No.7223:

Sets the character code (078) corresponding to N of SIGNAL 1. Parameter No.7224:

Sets the character code (065) corresponding to A of SIGNAL 1. Parameter No.7225:

Sets the character code (076) corresponding to L of SIGNAL 1. Parameter No.7226:

Sets the character code (032) corresponding to (space) of SIGNAL 1.

Parameter No.7227:

Sets the character code (049) corresponding to 1 of SIGNAL 1. Parameter Nos. 7228 to 7235:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 2 shown in the figure above. Parameter Nos. 7236 to 7243:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 3 shown in the figure above. Parameter Nos. 7244 to 7251:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 4 shown in the figure above. Parameter Nos. 7252 to 7259:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 5 shown in the figure above. Parameter Nos. 7260 to 7267:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 6 shown in the figure above. Parameter Nos. 7268 to 7275:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 7 shown in the figure above. Parameter Nos. 7276 to 7283:

Set the character codes of SIGNAL 8 shown in the figure above. The character codes are shown in Appendix A CHARACTER CODE LIST.

4.42 PARAMETERS OF PROGRAM RESTART

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7000	MOU	MOA						
7300	MOU	MOA			SJG			
[Data type] SJG	Bit Returr	n feedrate	e in prog	ram rest	art opera	tion		
	0: D	Dry run f	eedrate	,				
MOA		og feedra		ration h	oforo m	wamant	to a ma	ahinina
MOA		gram res after rest			efore mo	ovement	to a ma	chining
	0: T	The last N	И, S, T, а	and B co	des are o	-		
	1: A	All M coo	des and t	he last S	S, T, and	B codes	are outp	out.
		This pa			abled w	/hen th	e MOU	ļ
		parame	eter is s	set to 1	•			
MOU	In pro	gram res	start ope	ration, b	efore mo	ovement	to a ma	chining
MOU	In pro point a	gram res after rest	start ope art block	ration, b search:	efore mo		to a ma	chining
MOU	In pro point a 0 : T	gram res after rest The M, S	start ope art block , T, and	ration, b search: B codes	efore mo	output.	to a ma	chining
MOU 7310	In pro point a 0 : T	gram res after rest The M, S The last N	start ope art block , T, and A, S, T, a	ration, b s search: B codes and B co	efore mo are not c	output. output.		chining
·	In pro point a 0 : T 1 : T	gram res after rest The M, S The last N Move	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, a ement sec	ration, b c search: B codes and B co quence to	efore mo are not c odes are c program r	output. output. estart pos	ition	chining
7310	In proposed of the point at 0 : T 1 : T T The fo	gram res after rest The M, S The last Move	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, a ement sec	ration, b c search: B codes and B co quence to	efore mo are not c odes are c	output. output. estart pos	ition	chining
·	In proposed of the point at 0 : T 1 : T 1 : T T T T T T T T T T T T T	gram res after rest The M, S The last M Move Move sillowing axis o. of con	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, s ement sec paramet	ration, b search: B codes and B co <u>quence to</u> er can be uxes	efore mo are not c odes are c program r e set at "S	output. output. estart pos Setting s	ition creen".	
7310 [Data type]	In proposed of the point a 0 : T 1 : T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	gram rest after rest. The M, S The last M Move ollowing xis o. of con arameter	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, a ement sec paramet ntrolled a r sets the	ration, b search: B codes and B co quence to er can be exes e axis see	efore mo are not c odes are c program r e set at "S quence v	output. output. estart pos Setting so when the	ition creen". machine	
7310 [Data type]	In proposed of the point a 0 : T 1 : T 1 : T T T T T T T T T T T T T	gram res after rest. The M, S The last Move Move ollowing xis o. of com arameter point by	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, a ement sec paramet ntrolled a r sets the	ration, b search: B codes and B co quence to er can be exes e axis see	efore mo are not c odes are c program r e set at "S	output. output. estart pos Setting so when the	ition creen". machine	
7310 [Data type]	In proposition point a 0 : T 1 : T The fo Byte a 1 to N This p restart [Exam	gram res after rest. The M, S, The last N Move Illowing xis o. of con arameter point by pple]	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, a ement sec paramet ntrolled a r sets the dry run	ration, b search: B codes and B co <u>quence to</u> er can be exes axis see after a p	efore mo are not c odes are c program r e set at "S quence v	output. output. estart pos Setting so when the is restart	ition creen". machine ed.	e moves
7310 [Data type]	In proposed of the point a constraint of the formation of the formation of the present of the pr	gram rest after rest. The M, S, The last M Move ollowing xis o. of con arameter point by uple] The mach irst, seco	start ope art block , T, and M, S, T, a ement sec paramet ntrolled a r sets the v dry run nine move ond, and	ration, b s search: B codes and B co quence to er can be exes e axis see after a p res to the third ax	efore mo are not c odes are c program r e set at "S quence v program	estart pos Setting so when the is restart point in t	ition creen". machine ed. the order when th	e moves r of the f e first

4.43 PARAMETERS OF POLYGON TURNING

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7600	PLZ						PQE	
7600								
[Data type] PQE	Bit The sr	ecificati	on range	of the r	otation r	atio for r	alvaan	turning
TQL	0: P	=1 to 9,	Q=-9 to	-1, 1 to	9	_	orygon	turning
PLZ		=1 to 99 ronous a						
I LL	0: R	eturns t	o the re	ference	position	in the	same se	quence as t
		nanual re				n hv n	ositionir	ng at a rap
	tr	averse.			_			
		-					-	osition in t
								the power
	tı	urned on		-	Î			-
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
					PLR	SBR		
7603								
[Data type] SBR	0: D	indle syr Disabled. Enabled.	nchroniz	ation, sp	eed ratio	control	is:	
	For sp 0 :	Disabled.	nchroniz	ation, sp	eed ratio	o control	is:	
	For sp 0 : D 1 : E NO 1	Disabled. Enabled. TE This pa	iramete	er is use	ed to se	et the s	ave sp	
	For sp 0 : D 1 : E NO 1	Disabled. Inabled. TE This pa	iramete	er is use Iltiple o	ed to se f the m	et the s aster s	lave sp	speed
	For sp 0: D 1: E NO 1	Disabled. Inabled. TE This pa speed f when th	iramete to a mu ne spin	er is use Iltiple o dle syn	ed to se f the m chroniz	et the s aster s zation fi	lave sp pindle s	speed is used.
	For sp 0: D 1: E NO 1 2	Disabled. Inabled. TE This pa speed f when th	iramete to a mu ne spin iramete	er is use Iltiple o dle syn	ed to se f the m chroniz	et the s aster s zation fi	lave sp pindle s	speed
	For sp 0: D 1: E NO 1 2 3	Disabled. Inabled. This parts Speed to when the This parts function The spi	iramete to a mu ne spin iramete n. indle sy	er is use Iltiple o dle syn er is not	ed to se f the m chroniz t relate nization	et the s aster s zation fi d to the option	lave sp pindle s unction polygo is nee	speed is used. on turning ded.
[Data type] SBR	For sp 0 : D 1 : E NO 1 2 3 4	Disabled. Inabled. This pa Speed f when the This pa function The spi Parame	iramete to a mu ne spin iramete n. indle sy	er is use Iltiple o dle syn er is not	ed to se f the m chroniz t relate nization	et the s aster s zation fi d to the option	lave sp pindle s unction polygo is nee	speed is used. on turning
	For sp 0 : D 1 : E NO 1 2 3 4	Disabled. Inabled. This parts Speed to when the This parts function The spi	iramete to a mu ne spin iramete n. indle sy	er is use Iltiple o dle syn er is not	ed to se f the m chroniz t relate nization	et the s aster s zation fi d to the option	lave sp pindle s unction polygo is nee	speed is used. on turning ded.
	For sp 0: D 1: E NO 1 2 3 4 The m	Disabled. Inabled. This pa Speed f when the This pa function The spi Parame up.	iramete to a mu ne spin iramete n. indle sy eter No	er is use iltiple o dle syn er is not ynchror is. 7635 es of a to	ed to se f the m chroniz t related nization 5 and 7	et the s aster s zation fi d to the option 636 als	lave sp pindle s unction polygo is need	speed is used. on turning ded. I be set
SBR	For sp 0: D 1: E NO 1 2 3 4 The m 0: R	Disabled. Inabled. TE This pa speed f when th This pa function The spi Parame up. achine co counded	iramete to a mu ne spin iramete n. indle sy eter No oordinat by the se	er is use Iltiple o dle syn er is not ynchror vs. 7635 es of a to etting in	ed to se f the m chroniz t related hization 5 and 7 pol axis f	et the s aster s ation fi d to the option 636 als for polyg er 7620.	lave sp poindle s unction polygo is need o need	speed is used. on turning ded. I be set

	·					_			
	7610	Control axis number of tool ro	tation axis f	or polygon tı	urning				
	7010								
	[Data type] data range]	Byte 1, 2, 3, number of control axes This parameter sets the control axis number of a rotation tool axis used for polygon turning.							
		Movement of tool rotat	ion axis per	revolution		1			
	7620		ion and por						
	[Data type]	2-word							
	[Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit			
		Rotation axis	0.01	0.001	0.0001	deg			
				•		<u> </u>			
[Valid	data range]	1 to 99999999 This parameter sets the move revolution.	vement of	f a tool :	rotation ax	xis per			
		Maximum allowable speed for	the tool rota	ation axis (po	lygon				
	7621	synchroniz							
[U	[Data type] Init of data] data range]	Word min ⁻¹ 0 to 1.2×10^8 / Set value of the parameter No.7620 This parameter sets the maximum allowable speed of the tool rotation axis (polygon synchronization axis). If the speed of the tool rotation axis (polygon synchronization axis) exceeds the specified maximum allowable speed during polygon turning, the speed is clamped at the maximum allowable speed. When the speed is clamped at a maximum allowable speed, however							
	·	synchronization between the sp synchronization axis) is lost. alarm No.5018 is issued.							
	7635	Multiplier influencing t	he slave spi	ndle speed		_			
	1000								
[U	[Data type] Init of data] data range]	Byte Slave spindle (min ⁻¹)/master spi 1 to 9 Set up a multiplier that will a slave spindle is to move. In speed ratio control, the rel spindles is: Slave spindle speed = master	ct on the	distance the between t	-	of the			

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is used to set the slave spindle speed to a multiple of the master spindle speed when the spindle synchronization function is used.
- 2 This parameter is not related to the polygon turning function.
- 3 The spindle synchronization control is needed.
- 4 Bit 2 (SBR) of parameter No. 7603 and parameter No. 7636 must be set as well.

7636

Upper limit of the slave spindle speed

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word min⁻¹

1 to 19999

Specify a clamp speed for the slave spindle. If the slave spindle speed calculated from the master spindle speed exceeds the specified slave spindle clamp speed, the actual slave spindle speed is clamped at this clamp speed. At the same time, the master spindle speed is decreased to maintain a constant spindle rotation ratio.

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is used to set the slave spindle speed to a multiple of the master spindle speed when the spindle synchronization function is used.
- 2 This parameter is not related to the polygon turning function.
- 3 The spindle synchronization control is needed.
- 4 Bit 2 (SBR) of parameter No. 7603 and parameter No. 7635 must be set as well.

4.44 PARAMETERS OF GENERAL-PURPOSE RETRACTION

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7704								ACR
[Data type] ACR	contou 0 : N 1 : U	ir control lot used. Jsed.	l mode,	control, the gener	al-pur	pose retra		control, or
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
7730								RTRx
RTRx	0: D	tion fund Disabled for Chabled for	for each	n axis.				
7740			eedrate	during retra	action f	or each axis	6	
[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]	2-word	d axis						
	Incre	ment sys	stem	Units of d	ata		alid data	
	Millim	eter mach	ine	1 mm/mi	in	IS-B 30 to 240	000	IS-C 6 to 10000
	Millimeter machine1 mm/min30 to 240000Inch machine0.1 inch/min30 to 96000		000	6 to 100000 6 to 48000				

[Data type] 2-word axis

Increment evetem	Unit of data				
Increment system	IS-B	IS-C			
Millimeter input	0.001 mm	0.0001 mm			
Inch input	0.0001 inch	0.00001 inch			

[Valid range]

-999999999 to 99999999 This parameter sets the retracted distance for each axis. 7745

Time constant of linear acceleration/deceleration during retraction

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid range] Word axis msec

0 to 4000

This parameter is used to set the acceleration rate of linear acceleration/deceleration performed during retraction by the general-purpose retraction function. For each axis, set a time (time constant) required to achieve the feedrate set in parameter No. 7740.

NOTE

This parameter is valid when bit 0 (ACR) of parameter No. 7704 is set to 1.

4.45 PARAMETERS OF AXIS CONTROL BY PMC

·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8001	SKE	AUX	NCC		RDE	OVE		MLE	
[Data type] MLE	PMC-0 0: V	er all az controlle calid avalid		nine loc	k signal	MLK <	G044#1	> is valid for	
		Each-a <g108< th=""><th></th><th>7> are</th><th>-</th><th></th><th></th><th>MLK8 ess of the</th></g108<>		7> are	-			MLK8 ess of the	
OVE	0: Sa (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4)	ame sign) Feed 2) Over 3) Rapi <g0 4) Dry 5) Rapi ignals sp ignals sp () Feed #7> 2) Over 3) Rapi <g1 4) Dry</g1 </g0 	hals as the lrate over rride can id trave 14#0,#1 run sign oid trave becific to lrate over rride can id trave 50#0,#1 run sign	nose used rride sig cellation erse ov al DRN rse selec the PM erride si cellation rse ove al DRNI	a signal (erride <g046#' ction sign C gnals *H a signal (erride si E <g150< th=""><th>CNC 70 to *FV OVC <g signals 7> al RT < FV0E to OVCE < gnals R #7></g </th><th>V7 <g01 006#4> ROV1 G019#7: *FV7E G150#52 COV1E</g01 </th><th>12#0 to #7> and ROV2 > E <g151#0 to<br="">and ROV2E</g151#0></th></g150<></g046#' 	CNC 70 to *FV OVC <g signals 7> al RT < FV0E to OVCE < gnals R #7></g 	V7 <g01 006#4> ROV1 G019#7: *FV7E G150#52 COV1E</g01 	12#0 to #7> and ROV2 > E <g151#0 to<br="">and ROV2E</g151#0>	
RDE	Wheth 0: Ir	er dry ru valid			ion signa oid traver				
NCC	 Valid When a travel command is issued for a PMC-controlled axis (selected by a controlled-axis selection signal) according to the program: 0: P/S alarm 139 is issued while the PMC controls the axis with an axis control command. While the PMC does not control the axis, a CNC command is enabled. 1: P/S alarm 139 is issued unconditionally. 								
AUX	The nu comma $0:1$	umber o	of bytes e output 5)	for the		2	tiliary f	unction (12H)	
SKE	Skip si 0 : U	gnal dui ses the s	ring axis same sig	nal SKII	by the Pl P <x004 ol signal</x004 	#7> as C		6> used by the	

1 : Uses dedicated axis control signal ESKIP <X004#6> used by the PMC.

8002 FR2 FR1 PF2 PF1 F10 SUE DWE	FR1 PF2 PF1 F10 SUE DWE RPD	8002	8002

[Data type] Bit

RPD Rapid traverse rate for PMC-controlled axes

0: Feedrate specified with parameter No.1420

- 1: Feedrate specified with the feedrate data in an axis control command
- DWE Minimum time which can be specified in a dwell command in PMC axis control when the increment system is IS-C
 - 0 : 1 ms
 - 1: 0.1 ms
- SUE Whether acceleration/deceleration is performed for an axis that is synchronized with external pulses, for external pulse synchronization commands in PMC axis control
 - 0: Performed (exponential acceleration/deceleration)
 - 1: Not performed
- F10 Least increment for the feedrate for cutting feed (per minute) in PMC axis control

F10	Millimeter input	Inch input		
0	1 mm/min	0.01 inch/min		
1	10 mm/min	0.1 inch/min		

PF1, PF2 Set the feedrate unit of feed per minute in PMC axis control

PF2	PF1	Feedrate unit
0	0	1/1
0	1	1/10
1	0	1/100
1	1	1/1000

FR1, FR2 Set the feedrate unit for feed per rotation for an axis controlled by the PMC.

FR2	FR1	Millimeter input	Inch input		
0	0	0.0001 mm/rov	0.000001 in ch/rov		
1	1	0.0001 mm/rev	0.000001 inch/rev		
0	1	0.001 mm/rev	0.00001 inch/rev		
1	1	0.01 mm/rev	0.0001 inch/rev		

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8003							ΡΑΧ	PIM

NOTE

Bit

When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.

[Data type]

- PIM Specifies whether to cause an inch/metric input to affect the linear axis that is subjected only to PMC axis control (see the parameter No.1010), as follows:
 - 0: To affect.
 - 1: Not to affect.

- PAX When the number of CNC-controlled axes (parameter No. 1010) is set to 0:
 - 0: All axes are assumed to be CNC axes.
 - 1: All axes are assumed to be PMC axes.

		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	8004	NDI	NCI	DSL				NMT	CMV
		NDI	NCI	DSL	G8R	G8C		NMT	СМУ

[Data type] Bit

- CMV When a move command and auxiliary function are specified from the CNC, and the system is awaiting the auxiliary function completion signal after completion of the specified axis movement:
 - 0: An alarm (No.130) is issued when an axis control command is issued from the PMC for the same axis.
 - 1: An axis control command, when issued from the PMC for the same axis, is executed.
- NMT When a command is specified from the CNC for the axis on which the tool is moving according to axis control specification from the PMC:
 - 0: P/S alarm No.130 is issued.
 - 1: The command is executed without issuing an alarm, provided the command does not involve a movement on the axis.
- G8C Advanced preview control for the axes controlled by the PMC is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.

NOTE

This parameter is valid for an axis for which bit 7 (NAHx) of parameter No.1819 is set to 0.

- G8R Advanced preview control over axes controlled by the PMC is:
 - 0: Enabled for cutting feed (disabled for rapid traverse).
 - 1: Enabled for both cutting feed and rapid traverse.

NOTE

This parameter is valid for an axis for which bit 7 (NAHx) of parameter No.1819 is set to 0.

- DSL If the selection of an axis is changed when PMC axis selection is disabled:
 - 0: P/S alarm No.139 is issued.
 - 1: The change is valid, and no alarm is issued for an unspecified system.
- NCI In axis control by the PMC, a position check at the time of deceleration is:
 - 0: Performed.
 - 1: Not performed.
- NDI For PMC axis control, when diameter programming is specified for a PMC-controlled axis:
 - 0: The amount of travel and feedrate are each specified with a radius.
1: The amount of travel and feedrate are each specified with a diameter.

NOTE

NDI is valid for an axis for which diameter programming is specified (bit 3 (DIAx) of parameter No. 1006 is set to 1) when bit 1 (CDI) of parameter No. 8005 is set to 0.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8005	MFD		IFV	PVP	DRR	R10	CDI	EDC

[Data type] Bit

- EDC In PMC-based axis control, an external deceleration signal is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1: Enabled.
- CDI For PMC axis control, when diameter programming is specified for a PMC-controlled axis:
 - 0: The amount of travel and feedrate are each specified with a radius.
 - 1: The amount of travel is specified with a diameter while the feedrate is specified with a radius.

NOTE

- 1 This parameter is valid when bit 3 (DIA) of parameter No.1006 is set to 1.
- 2 When CDI is set to 1, bit 7 (NDI) of parameter No.8004 is disabled.
- R10 When the RPD parameter (bit 0 of parameter No.8002) is set to 1, the unit for specifying a rapid traverse rate for the PMC axis is:
 - 0 : 1 mm/min.
 - 1 : 10 mm/min.
- DRR For cutting feed per rotation in PMC axis control, the dry run function is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.
- PVP For velocity command in PMC axis control, position control is:
 - 0: Not performed.
 - 1 : Performed.
- IFV Override for each group in PMC axis control is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.
- MFD Output by each auxiliary function of the PMC axis control function is: 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8006	EAL	EZR	ESI			IPA	EML	

[Data type] Bit

- EML When bit 0 (MLE) of parameter No. 8001 is set to 1, for PMC axes:
 - 0: The all axis machine lock signal and axis-by-axis machine lock signals are disabled.
 - 1: The all axis machine lock signal is disabled and the axis-by-axis machine lock signals are enabled.
 - IPA For controlled axis at PMC axis control only (see the parameter No.1010) :
 - 0: The in-position check is performed when no move command is issued for the PMC axis.
 - 1: No in-position check is always performed.
- EZR For PMC axes, the setting of bit 0 (ZRN) of parameter No. 1005 is:
 - 0: Not followed. (Constant checking of the reference position return status is not made.)
 - 1: Followed. (The reference position return status is checked according to the setting of bit 0 (ZRN) of parameter No. 1005.)
- EAL In axis control by the PMC, the function that allows the alarm signal (EIALg) to be reset by a CNC reset operation is:
 - 0: Disabled.
 - 1 : Enabled.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8007								NIS

[Data type] Bit

NIS In the in-position check of PMC axes, in-position check disable signal NOINPS <G023#5> and in-position check disable signals for individual axes NOINP1 to NOINP8 <G359> are:

- 0: Invalid.
- 1 : Valid.

NOTE

Although in-position checks of ordinary blocks can be disabled by using in-position check disable signal NOINPS <G023#5> and in-position check disable signals for individual axes NOINP1 to NOINP8 <G359>, the in-position check at the reference position obtained by a reference position return operation (G28 or G30) is always performed. The in-position check at an intermediate point, however, can be disabled. To disable the in-position check at the reference position as well, set bit 0 (RF2) of parameter No. 3454 to 1, and specify a reference position return by using G28.2 or G30.2.



[Data type] Bit axis

MIRx When a PMC axis control command is issued in mirror image mode, the mirror image is:

- 0: Not considered.
- 1 : Considered.

This parameter is valid when PMC signals MI1 to MI4 <G106#0-3> are set to "1" or bit 0 (MIRx) of parameter No. 0012 is set to "1".

8010	Selection of the DI/DO group for each axis controlled by the PMC
------	--

[Data type] [Valid data range]

Byte axis 1 to 4

Specify the DI/DO group to be used to specify a command for each PMC-controlled axis.

Value	Description
1	DI/DO group A (G142 to G153) is used.
2	DI/DO group B (G154 to G165) is used.
3	DI/DO group C (G166 to G177) is used.
4	DI/DO group D (G178 to G189) is used.

8020

Low-speed feedrate at reference position return in axis control by PMC (FL)

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Word axis

In exement eveter	Unite of data	Valid da	ita range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-B IS-C	
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

This parameter specifies the low-speed feedrate at a reference position return on a PMC-controlled axis (FL).

NOTE
If 0 is specified, the value of parameter No. 1425 is
used.

8021

Minimum speed of rapid traverse override in axis control by PMC (Fo)

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] Word axis

In aromant avatam	Units of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

This parameter specifies the minimum speed of rapid traverse override on a PMC-controlled axis (Fo).

8022

Upper-limit rate of feed per revolution during PMC axis control

Word

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

In aromant avatam	Units of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

This parameter sets the upper limit rate of feed per revolution during PMC axis control.

NOTE

The upper limit specified for the first axis is valid for all axes. The specifications for the second and subsequent axes are ignored.

Linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for speed commands for PMC

8028

axis control

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word axis ms/1000 min⁻¹ 0 to 32767

This parameter sets the time required for the servo motor rotation speed to increase or decrease by 1000 min-1, for each axis, as a linear acceleration/deceleration time constant for speed commands for PMC axis control. (See also the description of bit 6 (JVB) of parameter No. 8003.)

NOTE

If this parameter is set to 0, acceleration/deceleration control is not applied.

8130			Total	number of	controlle	d axes			
	_		this par led off t				•	ower mu d.	st
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte 2 to 4 This p	arameter	r sets the	total nu	mber of	axes con	trolled b	y the CN	C.
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8131						EDC		HPG	
					AOV	EDC	F1D	HPG	
	-		this par led off b					ower mu d.	st
[Data type] HPG	0: N	al handle lot Used Jsed.	e feed is:						
F1D	One-d 0: N		de feed i	S:					
EDC	Extern 0: N		eration is	5:					
AOV	Auton 0: N		ner overi I.	ride is:					
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
						BCD	YOF	TLF	
8132			SCL	SPK	IXC	BCD		TLF	
			this par led off t					ower mu d.	st
[Data type] TFL	0: N	ife mana lot Used Jsed.	igement i I.	IS:					

NOTE

When TLF is changed, the data listed below is erased.

Therefore, before changing TLF, save the following data:

- Additional custom macro common variable data
- Tool offset data
- Tool life management data
- Additional workpiece coordinate system data (0*i*-MC / 0*i* Mate-MC only)
- YOF Y-axis offset is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- BCD Second auxiliary function is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- IXC Index table indexing is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- SPK Small diameter peck drinlling cycle is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- SCL Scaling is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.

	. 1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
				SSN	SYC	MSP	SCS	AXC	SSC
8133				SSN	SYC		SCS		SSC

NOTE

- 1 When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
- 2 A small diameter peck drilling cycle and scaling cannot be used at the same time.

[Data type]

- SSC Constant surface speed control is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.

Bit

- AXC Spindle positioning is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- SCS Cs cotour control is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- MSP Multi-spindle is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.

- SYC Spindle synchronization is:
 - 0: Not Used.
 - 1 : Used.
- SSN Serial spindle function is:
 - 0: Used. (The analog spindle function is not used.)
 - 1: Not Used. (The analog spindle function is used.)

NOTE Spindle positioning and Cs contour control by the serial spindle cannot be used at the same time. #1 #7 #6 #5 #4 #3 #2 #0 CCR BAR IAP 8134 IAP NOTE When this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued. [Data type] Bit IAP Conversational programming with graphic function is: Not Used. 0: 1: Used. Chuck and tail stock barrier function is: BAR 0: Not Used. 1: Used. CCR Chamfering / corner R is: 0: Not Used. 1 : Used.

NOTE

When the chuck and tail stock barrier function is selected, stored stroke limits 2 and 3 cannot be used.

4.47 PARAMETERS OF ANGULAR AXIS CONTROL

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8200					AZP	AZR		AAC
		When t			is set, tration i			st be
[Data type] AAC	Bit							
AZR	1: P	erforms	inclined	axis cor				
AZP	n a 1 : T n a When	nanual r ngular az 'he mach nanual r ngular az an angu	eference kis contr nine tool eference kis contr lar axis 1	position ol. is not n position ol. moves, t	n return moved a n return he refere	along the long the along t ence posi	he slant Cartesia he slant tion retu	n axis dur ed axis un an axis dur ed axis un rn complet F100>, is:
	0: N 1: C	lot cleare leared.	ed.					
	#7 ADG	#6 A53	#5 ACL	#4 ALN	#3	#2 AO3	#1 AO2	#0 AOT
8201	ADG	A53	ACL	ALN			AO2	AOT

[Data type] Bit

- AOT When angular axis control is enabled, the values indicating the area for stored stroke check 1 (parameters Nos. 1320, 1321, 1326, and 1327) are treated as:
 - 0: Coordinates in the angular coordinate system.
 - 1: Coordinates in the Cartesian coordinate system.
- AO2 When angular axis control is enabled, the values indicating the area for stored stroke check 2 (parameters Nos. 1322 and 1323) are treated as:
 - 0: Coordinates in the angular coordinate system.
 - 1: Coordinates in the Cartesian coordinate system.
- AO3 When angular axis control is enabled, the values indicating the area for stored stroke check 3 (parameters Nos. 1324 and 1325) are treated as:
 - 0: Coordinates in the angular coordinate system.
 - 1: Coordinates in the Cartesian coordinate system.

- ALN When manual rapid traverse or reference position return without dogs is performed for an angular axis during angular axis control:
 - 0: The acceleration/deceleration time for a Cartesian axis is not controlled.
 - 1: The acceleration/deceleration time for a Cartesian axis is controlled so that it matches the acceleration/deceleration time for the angular axis. (A linear path is formed by the angular axis and Cartesian axis.)
- ACL In linear interpolation type rapid traverse, the feedrate clamp function for angular axis control is:
 - 0: Enabled.
 - 1: Disabled.

NOTE

This parameter is valid when bit 1 (LRP) of parameter No. 1401 is set to 1.

- A53 During angular axis control, when a machine coordinate system command (G53) specifies an angular axis alone:
 - 0: A movement along a Cartesian axis is also made.
 - 1 : A movement is made along the angular axis only.
- ADG The contents of diagnostic data Nos. 306 and 307 are:
 - 0: Not swapped. The angular axis and Cartesian axis are displayed in this order.
 - 1: Swapped. The Cartesian axis and angular axis are displayed in this order.



8211	Axis number of a slanted axis subject to angular axis control
8212	Axis number of a Cartesian axis subject to slanted axis control

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Axis number

Byte

1 to number of controlled axes

When angular axis control is to be applied to an arbitrary axis, these parameters set the axis numbers of a slanted axis and Cartesian axis.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8301								
	SOF		SYE	SYA				

[Data type] Bit

SYA In the servo-off state in simple synchronous control, the limit of the difference between the positioning deviation of the master axis and that of the slave axis is:

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- 0: Checked.
- 1 : Not checked.
- SYE During execution of synchronization, the limit of the difference between positioning deviations (parameter No. 8313 or 8323) is:
 - 0: Checked.
 - 1: Not checked.
- SOF The synchronization function in simple synchronous control (one pair) is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	_
8302	SMA				SSE		ATS	ATE	
									-
	NO	TE							
		When t	his par	ameter	is set,	the pov	wer mu	st be	
	1	turned	off befo	ore ope	ration i	s contir	nued.		
	Received and the second se								
[Data type]	Bit								

[Data type]

- Automatic setting of grid positioning for simplified synchronous ATE control one pair is:
 - 0: Disabled
 - 1: Enabled
- ATS Automatic setting of grid positioning for simplified synchronous control one pair is:
 - 0: Not started
 - 1 · Started

NOTE

- 1 When the bits are set to 1, parameter No.8316 and bit 4 (APZx) of parameter No.1815 for the master and slave axes are set to 0.
- 2 These bits are automatically set to 0 once grid positioning has been completed.
- SSE In simple synchronization control, the external machine coordinate system shift function for the slave axis is:
 - 0: Not used.

1 : Used.

For axes under simple synchronization control, when the external machine coordinate system shift is performed for the master axis, it can also performed for the slave axis simultaneously.

NOTE	
The simple synchronous signal must be	
manipulated.	
Carefully turn the simple synchronous sign	al on
and off because the machine may move at	that
time.	

- SMA When bit 4x (APZx) of parameter No. 1815 is turned off for one axis under simple synchronous control, APZx for the other axis under simple synchronous control is:
 - 0: Not turned off.
 - 1: Turned off.

When an axis for which the simple synchronous axis parameter is set is under simple synchronous control, the simple synchronous signal is turned on for the axis.

_		_	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
	8303		SOFx						ATSx	ATEx

NOTE

After this parameter has been set, the power must be turned off then on again for the setting to become effective.

[Data type] Bit axis

ATEx In simple synchronous control, automatic setting for grid positioning is:

- 0: Disabled.
- 1: Enabled.
- ATSx In simple synchronous control, automatic setting for grid positioning is:
 - 0: Not started.
 - 1: Started.

NOTE

When starting automatic setting for grid positioning, set ATSx to 1. Upon the completion of setting, ATSx is automatically set to 0.

- SOFx In simple synchronous control, the synchronization function is:
 - 0: Not used.
 - 1 : Used.

		NO		s paran	neter or	n the m	aster a	xis side	9.	
		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8304									USD	
[Data type USI	- 1	Bit axis In simple synchronous control, the uni-directional synchronization function uses: 0: Axis of which machine coordinate is larger as the reference. 1: Axis of which machine coordinate is smaller as the reference.								
		NOTE Set this parameter (USD) to the same value for both the master and slave axes.								
		#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8305										

[Data type]

USC In simple synchronous control, the uni-directional synchronization function is:

USE

USC

0: Not used.

Bit

1 : Used.

NOTE

This parameter is valid only when bit 7 (SOF) of parameter No. 8301 or bit 7 (SOFx) of parameter No. 8303 is set to 1.

- USE In simple synchronous control, after emergency stop, the uni-directional synchronization function is:
 - 0 : Used.
 - 1 : Not used.

NOTE

This parameter is valid only when bit 7 (SOF) of parameter No. 8301 or bit 7 (SOFx) of parameter No. 8303 is set to 1.

8311	Axis number of master	r axis in synchronous co	ntrol
	NOTE When this paramet turned off before o		
[Data type]	Byte axis		
<for series="" t="" the=""></for>			
[Valid data range]	 0 to (Number of controlled at Select a master axis and slaw a master axis number with a axis through the fourth axis of Units digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Tens digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Units digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Units digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Tens digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Tens digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Tens digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Units digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Units digit of the parameter for Set the axis number of the slave axis. Units digit of the parameter for Always set to 0. Units digit of the parameter for Always set to 0. Tens digit of the parameter for Always set to 0. Tens digit of the parameter for Always set to 0. 	The value of the third axis → The third axis → The the third axis → The master axis when the master axis	arameters for the first , set the following: the first axis is used en the second axis is the third axis is used
	Number	Tens digit	Units digit
	No.8311 : First axis	Second axis	First axis
	No.8311 : Second axis	Fourth axis	Third axis

Note that the axis number settings are as follows:

 $0 \rightarrow$ First axis, $1 \rightarrow$ Second axis, $2 \rightarrow$ Third axis, $3 \rightarrow$ Fourth axis

Example:

To use the third axis as the master axis and the fourth axis as the slave axis, set the axis number (setting of 2) of the third axis (master axis) in the tens digit for the second axis in the fourth axis (slave axis) parameter, that is, parameter No. 8311. ÔÔ

No. 8311

<u>0</u> 0
20
00
00

NOTE

For an axis for which 0 is set, the first axis serves as the master axis. So, when the control signal for the axis is set to 1, the first axis serves as a master axis, and synchronous control is exercised.

<For the M series>

[Valid data range]

0, 1 to Number of controlled axes

Select a master axis and slave axis in simple synchronous control. Set a master axis number with the slave axis side. The axis number settings are: $1 \rightarrow$ First axis, $2 \rightarrow$ Second axis, $3 \rightarrow$ Third axis, $4 \rightarrow$ Fourth axis. Up to four pairs can be specified.

Example1:

Simple synchronous control is exercised with one pair.

When using the first axis (X-axis) as the master axis, and the third axis (Z-axis) as the slave axis, set parameter No.8311 as follows:

Parameter No. 8311	X (first axis)	= 0
	Y (second axis)	= 0
	Z (third axis)	= 1
	A (fourth axis)	= 0
1.0		

Example2:

Simple synchronous control is exercised with two pairs.

Assume that the following two pairs are to be used:

The master axis is the first axis, while a slave axis is the fourth axis.

The master axis is the second axis, while a slave axis is the third axis.

For this specification, set this parameter as follows: Parameter No.8311 X (First axis) = 0

 $\begin{array}{ll} X \ (First \ axis) &= 0 \\ Y \ (Second \ axis) &= 0 \\ Z \ (Third \ axis) &= 2 \\ (Fourth \ axis) &= 1 \end{array}$

NOTE

The axis number of a master axis must always be smaller than the corresponding slave axis number. Multiple slave axes cannot be assigned to a master axis.

8312

Enabling/disabling mirror image in synchronous control

[Data type] [Valid data range] Byte axis

-127 to +128

This parameter sets the mirror image function. When 100 or a greater value is set with this parameter, the mirror image function is applied to synchronous control. Set this parameter to the slave axis.

[Example]

	To establish reversed sy as the master axis and parameter No.8311 and parameter Parameter No.8311 Parameter No.8311 Parameter No.8311	h the fourth No.8312 as (first axis) (second ax	follows: = 0 xis) = 20	•	
	Parameter No.8311	l (fourth axi	is) = 0		
	Parameter No.8312	· · · · · ·			
	Parameter No.8312	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/		
	Parameter No.8312		·		
	Parameter No.8312	2 (fourth axi	(s) = 100		
8313	Limit of the difference between the master and slave axes (-		
[Data type] [Unit of data] Valid data range]	Word Detection unit 0 to 32767 Set the limit of the differe deviation of the master and s exceeds the limit assigned to activated.	lave axes. I	f the differ	ence betwee	en them
8314	Maximum error in sy	nchronizatior	n error check		
[Data type] [Unit of data]	Word axis				
	Input increment	IS-A	IS-B	IS-C	Unit
		0.04	0.001	0.0001	
	Millimeter machine	0.01	0.001	0.0001	mm
	Millimeter machine	0.01	0.0001	0.00001	inch

[Valid data range] 0 to 32767

The machine coordinates on a master axis and slave axis are monitored. If a difference (synchronization error) which is greater than the value specified in this parameter is detected, a servo alarm (No.407) is generated, and the machine is stopped.

Set this parameter with a master axis. When 0 is set in this parameter, no synchronization error check is made.

8315	Maximum compensation value for synchronization (Synchronous control
	one pair)
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis Unit used for the detection 0 to 32767 This parameter sets the maximum compensation value for synchronization. When a compensation value greater than the value set in this parameter is used, servo alarm No.410 of slave axis is issued.
8316	Difference between reference counters for master and slave axes (Synchronous control one pair)
	NOTE When this parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
[Data type] [Data unit] [Valid data range]	2-word Detection unit -999999999 to 999999999 This parameter indicates the difference between the values in the reference counter for the master axis and that for the slave axis.
	NOTE Once grid positioning has been completed, the difference between the reference counters is automatically set in this parameter. At this time, bit 1 (ATS) of parameter No.8302 is set to 0.
8317	Torque difference alarm detection time (Synchronous control one pair)
[Data type] [Data unit] [Valid data range]	Word ms 0 to 4000 (When 0 is set, 512 ms is assumed.) This parameter specifies the period between the servo preparation completion signal (SA <f000 6="" bit="">) being set to 1 and the check of the torque difference alarm being started, for the torque difference alarm detection function. The set value is rounded up to the nearest a multiple of 16 ms. [Example] When 100 is specified, 112 ms is assumed.</f000>

8318	Detection timer for the limit of the difference between the positioning deviation of the master axis and that of the slave axis
[Data typ [Unit of dat [Valid data rang	a] 8m
	NOTE If a value greater than 1000 is set, a value of 1000 is assumed.
8323	Maximum allowable difference between master axis and slave axis positional deviations
[Data typ [Unit of dat [Valid data rang	a] Detection unit
8325	
[Data typ [Unit of dat [Valid data rang	a] Detection unit

8326	
0320	Difference between master axis and slave axis reference counters
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	2-word axis Detection unit -99999999 to 99999999 The difference between the master axis reference counter and slave axis reference counter (master axis and slave axis grid shift) is automatically set when automatic setting for grid positioning is performed. Then, the difference is transferred together with an
	ordinary grid shift value to the servo system when the power is turned on. This parameter is set with a master axis.
8327	Torque difference alarm detection timer
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word axis ms 0 to 4000 This parameter sets a time from the servo preparation completion signal, SA (F000#6), being set to 1 until torque difference alarm detection is started in simple synchronous control. A fraction of less than 16 msec is rounded up. Example: Setting = 100: The specification of 112 msec is assumed. Set this parameter with a master axis. If 0 is set in this parameter,

the specification of 512 msec is assumed.

4.49 PARAMETERS OF SEQUENCE NUMBER COMPARISON AND STOP

8341	Program number subject to comparison and stop
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 0 to 9999 This parameter sets the program number, including a sequence number subject to sequence number comparison and stop. Parameter No.8342 is used to set a sequence number subject to check termination.
	NOTE A program number can also be set on the setting screen. If a program number is set on the setting screen, the value of the parameter is changed accordingly.
I	
8342	Sequence number subject to comparison and stop
[Data type] [Valid data range]	2-word0 to 9999This parameter sets the sequence number subject to sequence number comparison and stop.If the block containing the sequence number set with this parameter is executed while the program set with parameter No.8341 is bein executed, a single block stop occurs after the block is executed. At this time, the setting is automatically set to -1. Upon power-up, the setting is automatically set to 0.
	NOTE A sequence number can also be set by using the setting screen. If a sequence number is set on the setting screen, the value of the parameter is changed accordingly.

4.50 OTHER PARAMETERS

i	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
700					DMM			
type] DMM	is: 0 : 1	IC operat Not perfo Performe	rmed.	n the PM	C, OPEI	N CNC,	or C-EX	E, pre-r
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
01						WPR		
		Disabled. Enabled.						
		DTE If this p manua parame	l opera [:] eter rew	tion is o	disable	d (inter	lock sta	ate) wh
)TE If this p manua	l opera [:] eter rew	tion is o	disable	d (inter	lock sta	ate) wh
	NC #7	DTE If this p manua parame	l opera eter rew ed. #5	tion is o	disable	d (inter	lock sta	ate) wh
02	NC	DTE If this p manua parame execute	l opera eter rew ed.	tion is a vriting u	disable using th	d (inter ie PMC	lock sta ; windo	ate) wh w is be
702 ta type] SME LFM	#7 LFM Bit Durin execu 0 : I 1 : V At the the da 0 : "	DTE If this p manua parame execute	I operation eter rewed. #5 SME operation uxiliary in ng of pro- w library is not out	#4 writing u #4 or M19 macro) i ogram uj y: tput.	#3 #8 call, p s:	d (inter ne PMC #2	lock sta ; windo #1 r No. 87	ate) wh w is be #0 /90 (tim
a type] SME	#7 LFM Bit Durin execu 0 : I 1 : V At the the da 0 : "	DTE If this p manua parame execute #6 g DNC of ting an a nvalid. Valid. e beginni ta windo 'LF+%'' i	I operation eter rewed. #5 SME operation uxiliary in ng of pro- w library is not out	#4 writing u #4 or M19 macro) i ogram uj y: tput.	#3 #8 call, p s:	d (inter ne PMC #2	lock sta ; windo #1 r No. 87	ate) wh w is be #0 /90 (tim

WSP When serial spindle parameter Nos. 4000 to 4799 are rewritten with function code 18 (parameter write) of the PMC window function, the new data is:

- 0: Not transferred to the spindle amplifier immediately.
- 1: Transferred to the spindle amplifier immediately.

MOTE

- 1 When a parameter write operation with all axes specified (axis specification: -1) is performed with function code 18 of the PMC window function, this function cannot be used. (Even if the function is specified, data for all axes is not transferred to the spindle amplifier.)
- 2 When a spindle startup operation is being performed at the time of power-up and so on, or when serial spindle parameter data (parameter Nos. 4000 to 4799) is being rewritten through MDI keys, RS-232C, or programmable data input (G10), the serial spindle parameter data (parameter Nos. 4000 to 4799) must not be rewritten with the PMC window function at the same time.
- 3 When spindle orientation with the stop position set externally or incremental command type spindle orientation (both set by bit 2 (OR1) and bit 3 (OR2) of parameter No. 3702) is used, the same condition as described in NOTE 2 above applies if the status of the spindle orientation external stop position command signals (below) changes. When a change to the spindle orientation external stop position command signals and rewriting of spindle parameters (parameter Nos. 4000 to 4799) by the PMC window function are performed successively, insert a wait time of at least 50 ms between these operations.

Spindle orientation external stop position command signals

First spindle SHA00 to SHA11 <G078, G079> Second spindle SHB00 to SHB11 <G080, G081>

4 When a parameter has been changed using this function, it requires 1000 ms for the new parameter data to become valid on the spindle amplifier side. To use a parameter as soon as changing it, wait for at least 1000 ms after the PMC window completion code is returned.



Example: When 8000 is set

mpie. wne	en autor is set
8000:	Parameters of group 0 (I/O channel = 20)
8001:	Macro variables of group 0 (I/O channel = 20)
8002:	Diagnostic data of group 0 (I/O channel = 20)
8010:	Parameters of group 1 (I/O channel = 21)
8011:	Macro variables of group 1 (I/O channel = 21)
8012:	Diagnostic data of group 1 (I/O channel = 21)
8020:	Parameters of group 2 (I/O channel = 22)
8021:	Macro variables of group 2 (I/O channel = 22)
8022:	Diagnostic data of group 2 (I/O channel = 22)
:	:
8150:	Parameters of group 15 (I/O channel = 35)
8151:	Macro variables of group 15 (I/O channel = 35)
8152:	Diagnostic data of group 15 (I/O channel = 35)

NOTE

Word

- 1 When 0 is set, the input/output of parameters, macro variables, and diagnostic data cannot be performed, but program input/output processing is performed.
- 2 When data is input from or output to the Power Mate, setting data of I/O CHANNEL must also be set.

8790

Timing for executing an auxiliary macro

[Data type] [Unit of data]

> This parameter sets the timing for executing a macro executor auxiliary macro while NC programs, offset data, and so forth are being read or punched out.

> When as many characters as the number specified with this parameter are read or punched out, an auxiliary macro is executed once. When 0 is set in this parameter, no auxiliary macro is executed during read or punch processing.



[Data type] Bit

Bit parameter 1 for machine tool builder

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8802									
[Data type]	Bit Bit par	rameter 2	2 for ma	chine too	ol builde	r			
		These tool bui	lder. R		the rele	evant n	nanual	achine suppliec	Ł
8811		2-\	vord para	meter 1 fo	r machine	e tool buil	der		
8812		2-\	vord para	meter 2 fo	r machine	e tool buil	der		
8813		2-\	vord para	meter 3 fo	r machine	tool buil	der		
[Data type]	2-wore -99999	d 9999 to 9	9999999	9					
		These tool bui	lder. R		the rele	evant n	nanual	achine supplied	ł

4.51 PARAMETERS OF FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8850								MDG	
[Data type] MDG	0: E	ilure dia Inabled. Disabled.	gnosis fi	unction i	s:				
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1
8853	TS8	TS7	TS6	TS5	TS4	TS3	TS2	TS1	
[Data type] TS8 to TS1	0: F 1: F	ailure pr	ediction prediction	is not pe n is pe	erformed			ction lev	vel in
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	1
8854	TR8	TR7	TR6	TR5	TR4	TR3	TR2	TR1	
[Data type] TR8 to TR1	0: F 1: F	ailure pr	ediction prediction	is not pe n is pe	erformed			s: etion lev	vel in
8860		Failu	re predicti	on level o	f thermal	simulatior	n data		
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word % 0 to 10								
8861		Failur	e predicti	on level o	f disturba	nce load t	orque		
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	Word % 0 to 10								

4.52 PARAMETERS OF MAINTENANCE

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8901								FAN	
[Data type] FAN	0: E a	motor er Detected. larm occ Not detec	(When urs.)			ror is de	etected, a	an overhea	ating
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
8903								PRM	
[Data type] PRM	0: N	odic mai lot displa Displayed	ayed.	e expirat	ion mes	sage is:			
8911	Ratio of t	the items o	on the per	iodic mai	ntenance	screen to	the respe	ctive lives	
[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]	falls to	e periodi	e less th	nan the j	percenta	ge of th	e life sp	me of an ecified in arming.	
8940			1	Title chara	cter code	1			
8941	:		1	Title chara	cter code	2			
8949			Т	itle charad	ter code	10			
[Data type] [Valid data range]	param of the • T 0 • T c	the CN0 eters are CNC. The follow to 9, A to The chara ode list i	display wing cha to Z, - (r acter coo n Appen le other	ed on the aracters of ninus sig des to b adix A. than tho	e screen can be us gn), . (pe e specif se chara	showing sed. riod), an ied are	g the ser d space listed in	cified in t ies and ed the chara an be spec	lition acter

4.53 PARAMETERS OF SERVO SPEED CHECK

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	
12290							SSA	SSC	
[Data typa]	Bit								
[Data type] SSC		muo anoa	d abaak	ia.					
350		rvo spee Disabled		18.					
	v. 2								
0.0.4		nabled.			а а		6.1	c	
SSA			-			-	of the re	eference sp	peed
				of the se	rvo spee	d check:			
		lo alarm							
	1: A	n alarm	1s issued	d. (Servo	alarm 6	16)			
·i i								i	
12291			Reference	e speed fo	r servo sp	eed check	(
[Data type]	Word	axis							
[Unit of data]	min ⁻¹	unio							
[Valid data range]	0 to 80	000							
			· sets the	referen	e sneed	used for	the cerv	o speed ch	heck
								12290 is se	
	1.	is condu	icicu wi		(550)0		ici 110.	12270 15 50	<i>ci</i> 10
	1.								

4.54 PARAMETERS OF MANUAL HANDLE FUNCTION

	Address of the X signal for first manual handle								
12306		Address of the X signal for second manual handle Address of the X signal for third manual handle							
12307									
[Data type] Valid data range]	These handle These set to 1 If the a to the	e. parameto 1. address a I/O Lin	ers set th ers are v assigned	alid whe to a mar	en bit 1 (land) nual hand prrectly,	HDX) of lle of an	f parame I/O mod	ter No.7 lule com	105 nect
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0	7
12330	GR7	GR6	GR5	GR4	GR3	GR2	GR1	GR0]
12331	GRF	GRE	GRD	GRC	GRB	GRA	GR9	GR8	
[Data type]		GR7GR6GR5GR4GR3GR2GR1GR0GRFGREGRDGRCGRBGRAGR9GR8BitWhen group 0 (channel 1) of the PMC is a Power Mate or I/O Link pulses of a manual pulse generator connected via the I/O Link are: 0 : Transferred to the target group.1Not transferred to the target group.1 :Not transferred to the target group.When group 1 (channel 1) of the PMC is a Power Mate or I/O Link pulses of a manual pulse generator connected via the I/O Link are: 0 : Transferred to the target group.1 :Not transferred to the target group.When group 14 (channel 1) of the PMC is a Power Mate or I/O Link pulses of a manual pulse generator connected via the I/O Link are:							
GR0 GR1 to GRD GRE GRF	When pulses 0: T 1: N When pulses 0: T 1: N When g pulses 0: T 1: N When g pulses 0: T	of a man ransferre lot transf group 1 of a man ransferre lot transf group 14 of a man ransferre lot transf group 15 of a man ransferre	nual puls ed to the ferred to (channe nual puls ed to the ferred to (channe ferred to ferred to (channe ferred to (channe ferred to ferred to to the ferred to	target gi the target l 1) of the se general target gi the target el 1) of the se general target gi the target gi the target target gi the target the target target the target the target	ttor conn roup. et group. he PMC in ttor conn roup. et group. he PMC ttor conn roup. et group. he PMC ttor conn	ected via is a Pow ected via is a Pow ected via	a the I/O er Mate a the I/O rer Mate a the I/O rer Mate	or I/O L Link ar or I/O L Link ar or I/O L	e: ink e: ink e:

12350		Manual handle feed magnification m	
[Data type [Unit of data] Word axis] 1		

[Valid data range] 0 to 127

This parameter sets the magnification to be used for each axis when manual handle feed movement amount select signal MP1 <G019#4> is set to 0, and MP2 <G019#5> is set to 1.

If this parameter is set to 0 for a target axis for movement, the setting of parameter No. 7113 applies.

12351

Manual handle feed magnification n

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] Word axis

1 0 to 1000

This parameter sets the magnification to be used for each axis when manual handle feed movement amount select signal MP1 <G019#4> is set to 1, and MP2 <G019#5> is set to 1.

If this parameter is set to 0 for a target axis for movement, the setting of parameter No. 7114 applies.

Movement amou	unt select signal	Movement amount (manual handle
MP2	MP1	feed or manual handle interrupt)
0	0	Least input increment × 1
0	1	Least input increment × 10
1	0	Least input increment × m
1	1	Least input increment × n

4.55 PARAMETERS OF ACCELERATION CONTROL

12700

Feedrate when overtravel occurs during linear acceleration/deceleration before interpolation (for stored stroke check 2)

e] Word

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range]

Increment evetem	Units of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	6 to 6000	6 to 4800
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000

When overtravel alarm is issued during linear an acceleration/deceleration before interpolation. deceleration is performed in advance so that the feedrate set in this parameter can be attained at the time of issuance of the alarm (when the limit is reached). Use of this parameter reduces the amount of overrun that occurs when the overtravel alarm is issued.

If bit 2 (DS2) of parameter No. 1604 is set to 1, set in parameter No. 12700 the feedrate to be attained when the overtravel alarm for stored stroke check 2 is issued.

NOTE

When bit 2 (DS2) of parameter No. 1604 is set to 1, and parameter No. 12700 is set to 0, parameter No. 1784 is used.

12710

Maximum cutting feedrate for each axis in HRV3 mode

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] 2-word axis

In aromant avatam	Units of data	Valid da	ta range
Increment system	Units of data	IS-A, IS-B	IS-C
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	0 to 240000	0 to 100000
Inch machine	0.1 inch/min	0 to 96000	0 to 48000
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	0 to 240000	0 to 100000

This parameter sets the maximum cutting feedrate applied in HRV3 mode for each axis. For a specified axis, the cutting feedrate is clamped at a maximum feedrate that does not allow the result of interpolation to exceed the maximum cutting feedrate for that axis.

NOTE

- The maximum cutting feedrate for each axis is valid for linear interpolation and circular interpolation only. During polar coordinate interpolation or cylindrical interpolation, the value in parameter No. 1431, which is common to all axes, is used.
- 2 If the settings in this parameter are all 0, the maximum cutting feedrate set in parameter No. 1432 is used.

4.56 PARAMETERS OF OPERATION HISTORY

12801	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal
	(01)
12802	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (02)
12803	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (03)
12804	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (04)
12805	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (05)
12806	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (06)
12807	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (07)
12808	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (08)
12809	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (09)
12810	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (10)
12811	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (11)
12812	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signa (12)
12813	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (13)
12814	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (14)
12815	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (15)
12816	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (16)
12817	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (17)
12818	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (18)

12819	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (19)
12820	Number of a signal symbol table for selecting an operation history signal (20)
[Data type]	Byte
[Valid data range]	1 to 12
	Set the number of a symbol table including a signal of which
	operation history is to be recorded for operation history channel (01)
	to (20) as follows:
	1 : G0 to G511
	3 : F0 to F511
	5 : Y0 to Y127
	6 : X0 to X127
	10 : Y200 to Y327
	10 : X200 to X327
12841	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (01)
12842	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (02)
12843	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (03)
12844	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (04)
12845	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (05)
12846	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (06)
12847	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (07)
12848	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (08)
12849	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (09)
12850	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (10)
12851	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (11)
12852	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (12)
12853	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (13)
12854	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (14)
12855	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (15)
12856	Number of a signal selected as an operation history signal (16)
	291

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12857	N	umber of a	a signal se	elected as	an operat	ion histor	y signal ('	17)
12858	Nu	umber of a	a signal se	elected as	an operat	ion histor	y signal ('	18)
12859	N	umber of a	a signal se	elected as	an operat	ion histor	y signal (′	19)
12860	Nu	umber of a	a signal se	elected as	an operat	ion histor	y signal (2	20)
[Data type] [Valid data range]		e number	•				•	to be rec between
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
12881	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0
	Histor	y record	bit setti	ngs for a	n operati	on histor	ry signa	l (01)
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
12882	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0
								КВU
	Histor	y record	bit setti	ngs for a				
	Histor	y record #6	bit settii #5	ngs for an #4				
12883		-		-	n operati	on histo	ry signa	l (02)
12883	#7 RB7	#6 RB6	#5 RB5	#4	n operati #3 RB3	on histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1	l (02) #0 RB0
12883	#7 RB7	#6 RB6	#5 RB5	#4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3	on histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1	l (02) #0 RB0
12883	#7 RB7 Histor	#6 RB6 y record	#5 RB5 bit settin	#4 RB4 ngs for an	n operati #3 RB3 n operati	aon histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa	#0 #0 RB0 1 (03)
	#7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	#6 RB6 y record #6 RB6	#5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	#4 RB4 ngs for an #4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1	1 (02) #0 RB0 1 (03) #0 RB0
	#7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	#6 RB6 y record #6 RB6	#5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	#4 RB4 ngs for an #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1	1 (02) #0 RB0 1 (03) #0 RB0
	#7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor	#6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record	#5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin	#4 RB4 ngs for an #4 RB4 ngs for an	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati	on histor #2 RB2 on histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa	1 (02) #0 RB0 1 (03) #0 RB0 1 (04)
12884	#7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	#6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6	#5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	#4 RB4 ngs for an #4 RB4 ngs for an #4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	ion histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1	1 (02) #0 RB0 1 (03) #0 RB0 1 (04) #0 RB0
12884	#7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	#6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6	#5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	#4 RB4 ngs for an #4 RB4 ngs for an #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	ion histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1	1 (02) #0 RB0 1 (03) #0 RB0 1 (04) #0 RB0
12884	#7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor	#6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record	#5 RB5 bit settin #5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin	#4 RB4 ings for an #4 RB4 ings for an #4 RB4 ings for an	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	ion histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2 ion histor #2 RB2	ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa #1 RB1 ry signa	I (02) #0 RB0 I (03) #0 RB0 I (04) #0 RB0 I (05)

1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
2887	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB
	Histor	y record	bit settin	ngs for a	n operati	on histo	ry signal	l (07)
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB
	Histor	y record	bit settin	ngs for a	n operati	on histo	ry signal	l (08)
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#(
Э	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RE
	Histor	y record	bit settin	ngs for a	n operati	on histo	ry signal	l (09)
1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#(
90	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RE
	Histor	y record	bit settin	ngs for a	n operati	on histo	ry signal	l (10)
1	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#(
	RB7	RB6	RB5					
		КВU	KB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RE
	Histor	y record	bit settin	ngs for a	n operati	on histo	ry signal	l (11)
92	Histor	y record #6	bit settii #5	ngs for a #4	n operati #3	on histo #2	ry signal #1	l (11) #0
2892	Histor #7 RB7 Histor	y record #6 RB6 y record	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin	ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati	on histo #2 RB2 on histo	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal	(11) #(RE
	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7	y record #6 RB6 y record #6	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1	l (11) #0 RE l (12) #0
	Histor #7 RB7 Histor	y record #6 RB6 y record	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a	n operati #3 RB3 n operati	on histo #2 RB2 on histo	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal	l (11) #(RE l (12) #(
	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor	y record #6 RB6 y record #6	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal	#(RB (12) #(RB
93	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1	(11) ## RE (12) ## RE (13) ##
893	Histor #7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2	ry signal #1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1	(11) #(RE (12) #(RE (13) #(RE
93	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7	y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 RB6 RB6	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2	ry signal #1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1	(11) #(RE (12) #(RE (13) #(RE (14)
393 394	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor	y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal	(11) #0 RB (12) #0 RB (13) #0 RB
892 893 894 895	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor Histor #7 RB7	y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 bit settin #5 RB5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1	(11) ## RE (12) ## RE (13) # (13) # (14) # RE
393 394	Histor #7 RB7 Histor #7 RB7 Histor Histor #7 RB7	y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6 y record #6 RB6	bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 RB5 bit settin #5 bit settin #5 RB5	ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4 ngs for a #4 RB4	n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3 n operati #3 RB3	on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2 on histo #2 RB2	ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1 ry signal #1 RB1	(11) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (12) # (11) # (11) # (11) # (11) # (11) # (11) # (11) # (11) # (12) # (

History record bit settings for an operation history signal (16)
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
12897	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0
	Histor	y record	bit settir	ngs for a	n operati	on histo	ry signal	(17)
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
12898	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0
	Histor	y record #6	bit settir #5	ngs for a	n operati #3	on histo	ry signal #1	(18) #0
12899	#/ RB7	#6 RB6	#5 RB5	#4 RB4	#3 RB3	#2 RB2	#1 RB1	#0 RB0
	Histor	y record #6	bit settir #5	ngs for a	n operati #3	on histo #2	ry signal #1	#0
12900	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0
[Data type] RB7 to RB0	History record bit settings for an operation history signal (20) Bit In the signals set for channels (01) to (20) (parameter Nos. 12801 to 12860), of which operation history is to be recorded, the history of each bit is: 0: Not recorded. (The history of this bit is not recorded.) 1: Recorded. (The history of this bit is recorded.)							

4.57 PARAMETERS OF DISPLAY AND EDIT (2/2)

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
13101	ODC	NDC						
[Data type] NDC	a color 0: N 1: C	r LCD is Not chang Changed	: ged.	_			_	ble screens
ODC	The color a color 0 : N 1 : C	r LCD is lot chang	: ged.	Î	ŕ		-	ble screens
	2 3	After bi 1, turni to 0 au After bi 1, turni to 0 au If the si scheme	ng the tomatic t 7 (OE ng the tomatic tandarc e 1 (pa), the co	power (cally. DC) of p power (cally. d color (ramete olor sch	off then oarame off then data pa r Nos. 6 neme so	ter No. back o back o ramete 5561 to ettings	on rese 13101 on rese ers of co 6595) can be	
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
13110								JPN
		TE When t turned						st be
[Data type] JPN	diagno 0 : E F	osis: English h	as prece	dence.		-		nachine ala /IEM file

precedence.
1 : Japanese has precedence.
For machine alarm diagnosis, the GUIJ_USR.MEM file has precedence.

	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
13112						SPI	SVI	IDW
[Data type]	Bit							
IDW	Editin	ig on the	servo ir	nformatio	on screer	n or spin	dle info	rmation s
	is	C				1		
	0: I	Prohibite	d.					
	1: 1	Not prohi	bited.					
SVI	Servo	informa	tion scre	en is				
	0: I	Displayed	1.					
	1: 1	Not displ	ayed.					
SPI		le inform		reen is				
		Displayed						
	1: 1	Not displ	ayed.					
13150		Number of	f sets of o	ffset data	displayed	on the of	set scree	n
[Data type]	Word							
lid data range]			timum se	ets of too	ol offset o	lata		
	0, 1 to the maximum sets of tool offset data This parameter sets the number of sets of offset data to be display							
		e offset so						1
	_							
	NC)TE						
	1	When	this par	ametei	⁻ is set.	the pov	wer mu	ist be
		turned	•			•		
	2			•				et in this
							•	acomo

parameter, the setting of this parameter becomes invalid, and all offset data is displayed.

4.58 PARAMETERS OF MACHINING CONDITION SELECTION

·	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
13600								MCR
[Data type] MCR	condit or pree which 0 : C	tion selection le	ction fun vel selec red to fee	ction (n tion scre	ation is nachining een), para amping b	g parame ameter N	eter adju los. No.1	istment 1730 an
	#7	#6	#5	#4	#3	#2	#1	#0
13601								MPR
	NO 1 2	When t be turn Even w	this par ed off k /hen thi	oefore (s para	has be operation meter is n is disp	on is co s set to	ntinue	d.
13610			ew contro	I, Al adva	celeration nced previ precision	iew contro		
13611			ew contro	l, Al adva	celeration nced previ precision l	iew contro	-	
	2-wor	L						
[Data type] Unit of data]	% Increm	a nent syst eter mach		Unit 001mm/se	ec ²			

13612	Acceleration change time when AI contour control is used (bell-shaped) (precision level 1)
13613	Acceleration change time when AI contour control is used (bell-shaped) (precision level 10)

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Byte msec

1 to 100

These parameters set an acceleration change time (bell-shaped) with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 1) and an acceleration change time (bell-shaped) with emphasis placed on precision (precision level 10) in AI contour control.



[Data type]

2-word axis

[Unit of data]

Increment system	Unit
Millimeter machine	0.001mm/sec ²

[Valid data range] (

0 to 99999999

These parameters set a permissible acceleration with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 1) and a permissible acceleration with emphasis placed on precision (precision level 10) in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control.

13622	Time constant of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation (precision level 1)
13623	Time constant of acceleration/deceleration after interpolation (precision level 10)

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

Word axis

msec

See the description of parameter No. 1768.

These parameters set a time constant of linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 1) and a time constant of linear acceleration/deceleration after interpolation with emphasis placed on precision (precision level 10).

The linear or bell-shaped type is selected by bit 3 (BS2) and bit 6 (LS2) of parameter No. 1602.

Paramete	r No.1602	Acceleration/deceleration
LS2(#6)	BS2(#3)	Acceleration/deceleration
1	0	Selects linear acceleration/deceleration after cutting
		feed interpolation.
0	1	Selects bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after
		cutting feed interpolation.

NOTE

Word axis

- 1 For bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration, the function for bell-shaped acceleration/deceleration after cutting feed interpolation is required.
- 2 The same parameters are used in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, and Al contour control.

13624

Difference in corner speed when advanced preview control. Al advanced preview control, or AI contour control is used (precision level 1)

13625

Difference in corner speed when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or AI contour control is used (precision level 10)

[Data type]

[Unit of data, valid data range]

In examont evetem	Unite of data	Valid data range		
Increment system	Units of data	IS-B	IS-C	
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000	
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 15000	6 to 12000	

These parameters set a permissible speed difference with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 1) and a permissible speed difference with emphasis placed on precision (precision level 10) when the speed is determined by a corner speed difference in advanced preview control, AI advanced preview control, or AI contour control.

13626	Maximum machining speed (precision level 1)
13627	Maximum machining speed (precision level 10)

[Data type] [Unit of data, valid data range] 2-word axis

Increment eveters	Units of data	Valid data range		
Increment system	Units of data	IS-B	IS-C	
Millimeter machine	1 mm/min	6 to 24000	6 to 100000	
Rotation axis	1 deg/min	6 to 24000	6 to 100000	

These parameters set the maximum machining speed for each axis.

13628	Parameter number for arbitrary item 1 when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used
13629	Parameter number for arbitrary item 2 when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Word 1 to 65535 These parameters specify parameter numbers corresponding to arbitrary items 1 and 2.
	 NOTE 1 You cannot specify the numbers of the following parameters: Bit parameters Spindle parameters (Nos. 4000 to 4799) Parameters requiring power disconnection (P/S 0 alarm is issued for these parameters.) Nonexistent parameters 2 When such a parameter is set, the power must be turned off before operation is continued.
13630	Value of the parameter corresponding to arbitrary item 1 with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 1) when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used
13631	Value of the parameter corresponding to arbitrary item 2 with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 1) when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used
13632	Value of the parameter corresponding to arbitrary item 1 with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 10) when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used
13633	Value of the parameter corresponding to arbitrary item 2 with emphasis placed on speed (precision level 10) when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range]

2-word axis Depending on the type of the parameter for an item

Depending on the type of the parameter for an item

13634	Precision level currently selected when advanced preview control, Al advanced preview control, or Al contour control is used		
[Data type] [Valid data range]	Byte 1 to 10 The currently selected level is set.		

4.59 PARAMETERS OF SERVO (2)

14010

Maximum permissible movement amount at FL feedrate when the reference position is established with an encoder with the absolute address zero point (detection circuit C)

[Data type] [Unit of data] [Valid data range] 2-word axis Detection unit 0 to 99999999

This parameter sets the amount of a movement made at the FL feedrate when the reference position is established with an encoder with the absolute address zero point (linear scale or rotary encoder) (detection circuit C). If the reference position is not established even when a movement is made by the amount set in this parameter or more, P/S alarm 5326 (Scale with the zero point: Failure in reference position establishment) is issued. When this parameter is set to 0, the maximum permissible movement amount at the FL feedrate at the time of reference position establishment becomes invalid.

NOTE

- 1 When the reference position is established under simplified synchronization control of the M series, if this parameter is set for one of the master and slave axes, the setting automatically applies also to the other axis.
- 2 In angular axis control, the setting of this parameter is invalid for a Cartesian axis with which angular axis reference position is being established.

APPENDIX



CHARACTER CODE LIST

Character	Code	Comment	Character	Code	Comment
А	065		6	054	
В	066		7	055	
С	067		8	056	
D	068		9	057	
E	069			032	Space
F	070		!	033	Exclamation mark
G	071		25	034	Quotation marks
Н	072		#	035	Sharp
I	073		\$	036	Dollar mark
J	074		%	037	Percent
К	075		&	038	Ampersand
L	076		,	039	Apostrophe
М	077		(040	Left parenthesis
Ν	078)	041	Right parenthesis
0	079		*	042	Asterisk
Р	080		+	043	Positive sign
Q	081		,	044	Comma
R	082		-	045	Negative sign
S	083			046	Period
Т	084		/	047	Slash
U	085		:	058	Colon
V	086		;	059	Semicolon
W	087		<	060	Left angle bracket
Х	088		=	061	Equal sign
Y	089		>	062	Right angle bracket
Z	090		?	063	Question mark
0	048		0	064	Commercial at mark
1	049		[091	Left square bracket
2	050			094	
3	051		¥	092	Yen mark
4	052		1	093	Right square bracket
5	053			095	Underline

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FANUC Series 0*i*-MODEL C/0*i* Mate-MODEL C PARAMETER MANUAL (B-64120EN)

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